# UNGC COE REPORT 2022-2024



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Africa Asia Scholars Global Network (AASGON)

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## COE '22-'24

## Dear Secretary-General António Guterres,

Originally suggested by United States President Franklin Delano Roosevelt, the term United Nations, was in the midst of the Second World War, first used in the Declaration by United Nations, signed in Washington, D.C., on 1<sup>st</sup> of January 1942. To promote international cooperation and achieve peace and security, the predecessor of the UN was the League of Nations, established in 1919, after World War I, under the Treaty of Versailles.

As of 20 April 1946, the League of Nations ceased to exist, having handed over all of its assets to the UN, and granted the new UN Secretariat full control of its Library and archives.

This year 2024 marks the 79<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the United Nations and four years back, similar to past anniversaries, emphasis was on the building of 'trust and global cooperation in building the future we want'. The UN report then, was regarded a steppingstone towards a multilateralism system that better addresses current and future challenges.

Rather inexplicable, to date, the world is far from creating trust, harmony and global integration but rapidly disintegrating with millions excluded daily from the mainstream society. We seem to be building a World for the 'Influential Few rather than the Endangered Populace'.

In 2018 the World Energy Forum at its 46<sup>th</sup> conference in Davos proclaimed the World Fractured, and consequently not farfetched the UN attested to the fact that there is the dearth of 'Sustainable Structures' in the configuration of developmental policies of many nations.

Worrisome but not surprising was the pronouncement at last year's seventy-eighth session of the UN Third Committee (Social, Humanitarian and Cultural) where delegates emphasized that 'progress towards inclusive and sustained development has been stymied by a myriad of factors, including increasing inequalities, economic volatilities, global conflicts and climate change'.

With Only 15 Per Cent of Global Development Goals confirmed to be on Track, since it was flagged off in 2015, the UN officials seem to convince that 'with Fundamental Shift in Global Behaviour, it will still be possible to achieve a Just, Peaceful and Sustainable World.

As complex as it is, a shift in global behaviour and mindset as suggested is precisely the antidote for the rebuild of a just and egalitarian world, and thus largely depend on cooperation among all stakeholders mainly through the foundation of trust, truly and practically exemplified by in particular, the leaders of the G21.

Regrettably but thankfully to the Government of India (the 2023 G20 Host country), a huge continent such as Africa, was accepted into the membership of the aristocratic club which was formally established at the G7 Finance Ministers' meeting held on 26 September 1999.

Mr. Antonio Guterres, since your resumption of office in January 2017, as the 9<sup>th</sup> Secretary General of the United Nations, we duly, acknowledge your commitment, in line with the Sustainable Development Goals 2030 Agenda, to the mobilization of public and private organizations, and your increased exertions at advancing proactive reforms that will enhance the UN's efforts at securing human rights, peace and sustainable development.

Nonetheless, the lack of inclusivity and diverse policies as well as the dearth of true and transparent partnerships, distrust and insatiability has continued to inhibit the overall success of the UN Agenda 2030, which clamours for peace and prosperity of people and the planet - in the present and the future.

Furthermore, the UN Global Compact (UNGC) a call to corporate organizations and NGOs to align their strategies and operations with ten universal principles related to human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption, and take actions that advance societal goals and the implementation of the SDGs, was launched 24 years ago by former UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan.

Comprising four constituency groups — business, civil society, labour and the United Nations, the UNGC mission is to bring business and the United Nations together to give a human face to the global market.

However lately, Amina J. Mohammed, the UN Deputy Secretary General lately, described "Today's multilateral arrangements – global and regional organizations and major development banks – are "not up to the job" of helping countries achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

To date disappointingly, the world seems to be failing among others, in achieving the crucial Goal 3 which is to ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.

During the 2019 SDG Summit, it was highlighted that progress is being made in many places, but, overall, action to meet the Goals in 2030 is not yet advancing at the speed or scale required and the response to that, was the need for the 'mobilization of everyone, everywhere, grounded on a level of ambition and a sense of urgency that supercharges ideas into concrete, bold and implementable solutions', which resulted in the UN Secretary-General's call upon all sections of society to mobilize for a "Decade of Action" at three levels:

- Global action to secure greater leadership, more resources and smarter solutions for the Sustainable Development Goals
- Local action embedding the needed transitions in the policies, budgets, institutions and regulatory frameworks of governments, cities and local authorities
- People action, including youth, civil society, the media, the private sector, unions, academia and other stakeholders, to generate an unstoppable movement pushing for the required transformations.

While we commend your ingenuity and committed concern as the UN Secretary-General, we must emphasize, on the need to lay a concrete foundation for the SDGs.

Therefore, the UN must give credence to the 'Bali Declaration of the 2013 UN High Panel - the 'Promotion and Intensification of 'Renewed Global Partnership and People Centered Policies - as the key and ethical foundation for change in behavior and mind-set, primarily as the footprints for significant leadership and good governance.

In the process of building trust which is very fundamental to the Decade of Action set at three levels as highlighted, it is important to begin by showcasing to the world governments, institutions and businesses that through active and proactive partnerships, diverse and inclusive policies, have made tremendous successes in their businesses and impacting on the lives of the commoners.

Backed by slogans such as 'Strength in Diversity' Prosperity in Partnership' Peace in Co-habitation. This apart from serving as a practical impetus for elevating trust across board, will help instill the spirit of complacency, openness, the sharing of ideas and joint process of solving major concerns and human capital development for wealth creation.

Dear Mr. Secretary-General, today's leaders are too complacent and out of touch. For the sake of humanity, its time we get serious in confronting the dilemma endangering our fragmented and putrefying world.

Excessively rhetoric and extremely hypothetical than being sincere and practical, we TALK far more than we ACT. While millions are wallowing in abject poverty, and living in miserable and humiliating conditions, promises remain unfulfilled, billions of public funds get wasted, without any repercussion and accountability by the affluents trusted to hold power and give good leadership for the betterment of the downtrodden.

While we're still breathing on this forsaken earth, we all owe it to humanity and our existence, to bequeath a legacy to present and future generations. The world itself lacks nothing, by nature, all human needs are copiously available in great and large quantities to cater for All including the unborn child.

Within the last seven decades of the UN, Leaders have continued to fail to abide by the humanitarian norms, which is the provision of basic essentials, such as food, water, shelter, medical supplies and medical care for the citizenry. Inadvertently promoting mistrust, dishonesty and greed, and breeding monopoly for the well-to-do few, we discriminately disempower larger population of youths through the antiquated educational system of competition as against cooperation, academic as against skills, and affluence as against personality.

Visionless and by design, States rather spend billions building prisons for the monsters and vagabonds they unconsciously create through their unfair and ungodly system of governance, than provide the appropriate leadership to help develop the innate potentials and human capital of children and youths, for the creation of abundant wealth, peace and sustainable development the world severely deserve.

This is the 21<sup>st</sup> century and our leadership style MUST change its cause. Most unfortunate in today's world is the prejudiced class syndrome, evolving the growing mistrust between the elected and the electorate, the government and the citizenry, the rich and the poor.

With the right course of action and strategy in place, we at AASGON and GSEF remain optimistic that together we can all avert the willful destruction of our world by the proponents of mental servitude, exclusion and retrogressive policies as well as impractical approaches to solving problems in a real world.

The forthcoming United Nations Summit of the Future aims to build upon the SDG Summit and deliver an action-oriented Pact for the Future to within the next five years accelerate progress towards the 2030 SDGs Agenda.

Practically speaking we must avoid the mistakes of the past and to do so we should take into account the observation of the UN Open Working Group on Post MDGs, which over a decade ago, pointed out that 'current models for development are unsustainable and recommended that the SDGs must represent a new development agenda that respects the physical constraints of the planet and can also lift the poorest people out of poverty.

This equally brings to light, before the advent of the 17 SDGs, the Bali declaration of the UN High Level Panel (HLP) on MDGS which painstakingly recommended the apposite response to the problems bedeviling our thoughts and mind as well as actions on the pathway to righteousness.

The distinguished Panel led by UK Prime Minister, the President of Liberia and Indonesia had clearly in 2013 proposed the adoption of 'Renewed Global Partnership and People Centered Policies'. In our mind these two propositions could have formed the foundation and principles for the SDGs and unless these are brought to bear, can TRUST be built and transformed to peace and prosperity.

To achieve a Just, Peaceful, Sustainable World as envisaged by the organizers of the impending UN Future Summit which has been given enormous publicity, it is important that the two proclamation of the HLP be considered as the foundation for the simulations for processing sustainable development.

Recognizing one of your earlier statements, that of the lack of Sustainable Structures and Stronger Institutions, which customarily is very significant to why our world remains fractured, we have over the years sought answers to reasons behind the abnormality.

In a state where continuously, millions are unduly disempowered and concentration focused on the privileged few, poverty takes its cause. Today's system of education itself its archaic and cannot stand the test of time in meeting the growing demand of the 21<sup>st</sup> century. As you rightly stated recently "We can't build a future for our grandchildren with a system built for grandparents"

The Board of Trustees, Directors and Management of the Africa Asia Scholars Global Network (AASGON), however wish to commend your astute leadership and undisputable commitment as head of the United Nations, to evolving appropriate reforms within the UN operations, a body which you also once ascribed to having perpetrators of racial discrimination even within its workforce. Your assertion is quite tenable and understood, considering that the UN officials similar to that of Governments and the Fourth Estate of the Realm - the media - are all mere reflection of the society we live in.

We are now poised to begin to implement the intensively researched projects we've jointly developed with the Global South Economic Forum (GSEF) and for the development and review of inclusive and diverse policies, we have adopted a three tier structural formation – comprising of Policy Makers, Practitioners and the Academia – This is a researched and tested panacea to building Sustainable Structures for stronger institutions be it in Education, Agriculture, Human Rights, Technology, Trade and Commerce etc.

The Summit of the Future must also lay emphasis on the greater support to be accorded the Global South which consists of Africa, Asia, Oceania, Latin America, and the Caribbean

constitutes 85% of the World's population and yet the most disadvantaged and less influential in the world stage.

The Summit of the Future coming up at the United Nations Headquarters in New York aims to tackle some of the most pressing challenges facing humanity and our fractured world's increasing disintegration.

In the lead up to the Summit, you stressed on the need to identify innovative ways to address the challenges of tomorrow, and urging leaders to be courageous in their quest to find solution, you expressly stated that "We can't build a future for our grandchildren with a system built by our grandparents"

For the high-level Summit to identify and pursue new approaches to peace, to a better digital world, to reform of the global financial system, in order to secure international consensus on how leaders deliver a better present while also putting in place the necessary framework to safeguard the future, it is highly consequential that the following be addressed.

First the idea of the Summit of the Future is to bring all nations together to harmoniously and collectively work together for the betterment of mankind and the environment. These as been done numerous times, however we need to continue to dialogue to combat the peril – man's inhumanity to man- befalling our imbalanced and splintered society.

Though a rather complex and idealistic concept that faces numerous challenges in practice, the unification of leaders of the world is doable, if only for once, we are futuristic in our thoughts and deeds and most importantly 'Truthful to ourselves and humanity, and not as in the past and of recent the SDGs 2019 Summit, which invariably in futility, seems to turn the Summit of the Future to our continuity of a Talk show and mere academic exercise.

To make substantial inroad to accomplishing the SDGs by 2030, and avoid further setbacks, UNITY around our shared principles and common goals for the attainment of Peace and Prosperity is crucial and paramount.

We are fully in agreement with the following factors assumed as to why achieving global cooperation among all nations can be difficult and must be bold to address them logically from various angles:

**Diverse Interests**: Nations have diverse interests, priorities, and values. What benefits one nation might not necessarily benefit another. This can lead to conflicts of interest and competition rather than cooperation.

**Historical Conflicts**: Many nations have historical grievances or conflicts with each other, which can hinder trust and cooperation. Past events and disputes can create deep-seated animosities that are difficult to overcome.

**Power Imbalance**: There is often a significant power imbalance among nations, with some countries wielding more influence and resources than others. This power dynamic can make it challenging to create a level playing field for cooperation.

**National Sovereignty**: Nations are protective of their sovereignty and may be reluctant to cede authority to international bodies or agreements. This can make it difficult to enforce global cooperation on issues that require collective action.

**Political Differences**: The political systems and ideologies of nations can vary widely, leading to conflicting approaches to governance and policy. These differences can impede cooperation on global issues.

**Economic Disparities**: Economic disparities among nations can create tensions and barriers to cooperation. Developing countries may feel marginalized or disadvantaged in global decision-making processes.

**Lack of Trust**: Building trust among nations is essential for effective cooperation. However, trust can be difficult to establish and maintain, especially in a world where misinformation and propaganda can sow seeds of doubt and suspicion.

**Short-term vs. Long-term Interests**: Nations often prioritize short-term gains over long-term benefits, which can hinder cooperation on issues that require sustained effort and sacrifice.

**Complexity of Global Challenges**: Many of the challenges facing the world today, such as climate change, pandemics, and terrorism, are complex and interconnected. Addressing these issues requires coordinated action on a global scale, which can be difficult to achieve.

To achieve universal cooperation and steps towards a more cooperative and interconnected world among all nations, it is of necessity that we find common grounds on shared interests. We strongly believe that only through Trust can we build bridges and foster dialogue as well as attain the following:

- Effectively promote compassion as against hatred and animousity
- Advance diversity, cooperation as against competition and conflicts of interest
- Justice and fairness as against bias, monopoly and exclusion
- Uphold justified rule of law
- Promote good leadership and people centred policies
- Strengthen Public Private Partnership

It is important to also recognize the thematic subjects of discussion for the forthcoming 79th session of the UN General Assembly (UNGA 79) which we find quite in order and intense.

However, built on trust Goal 17 - Partnerships for the Goals, which is to strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development should be considered as the most endearing means towards achieving other SDGs.

There can be no Peace, Justice & Strong Institutions without collaboration built on trust and sustainable structures.

The Summit of the Future should be a platform to display the success achieved through partnerships among countries, organizations and businesses at regional and international levels for other concerned parties to contend with in their approach towards attaining peace and prosperity.

No one stands alone like an island that is surrounded only by the sea. We need one another to survive in life. Each individual person is like a part of the mainland or a piece of a bigger continent rather than an island that is self-sufficient and cut off from the rest. Same can be said of governments and institutions, unfortunately the adverse is the case in the world we are living.

The wealth of the world knows no bounds. There should be more emphasis on trust and interdependent.

For a peaceful and healthy society and realize sustainable growth, It has become a MUST for leaders to promote diversity and inclusion, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and democratic institutions.

In our last report we made it abundantly clear that without the establishment of enabling environment and existence of sustainable structures and institutions to espouse a more purposeful and all-encompassing and all-inclusive mind-set, the thoughts or clamour for securing a world where 'everyone can thrive in peace, dignity and equality on a healthy planet', will from past and current practices and as a figment of imagination, continue to evade present and future generations.

We shared our three-point solution with the UN, but conversely and contrariwise, the UN's readiness and willingness to collectively rebuild the bricks of our fractured world seems to be misunderstood and remain on the back burner.

We seize this medium to reiterate that the proposal we sent to your exalted office as the Secretary-General, for the hosting of the 1st World Summit of Heads of State for Peace and Sustainable Development (WSHS-4PSD), is yet to see the light of day, as we are yet to receive an acknowledgement.

In a world consumed by competition as against cooperation, mistrust and greed continues to exacerbate the impact of some popular policies and practices.

We once again seize the opportunity of this bi-annual report to you, Mr. Secretary-General to take a look at our proposal and give us the opportunity to provide details on our well thought out logistics for the successful implementation of our ideals on the rebuild of the bricks of our fractured world.

Mr Secretary-General, the future is not something to predict, but something to build. And to build you need a structure and for the structure to stand the test of time and be sustainable you need a strong foundation based on trust.

Through public private partnerships, strategic alliances and the pooling of our comparative advantages, we can increase our chances of bequeathing a legacy to present and future generations.

Thank you

Fruitfully

Abdul 'Dewale Mohammed Founder and Group Executive President

## AASGON and the emancipation of the Global South

The Africa Asia Scholars Global Network (AASGON) and its sister organization the Global South Economic Forum (GSEF) are committed to developing an alternative world order through shared values and in pursuance of common goals and effective collaboration, promote inclusive people centered policies and the strengthening of public private partnership for the built of stronger public institutions in Africa, Arab Asia, Oceania, Latin America, and the Caribbean.

The South is not limited to the southern hemisphere, but includes the "South in the North." This refers to places and parts of societies marginalized by exploitation, oppression, and poverty.

The idea of the Global South is by no means new in politics, media, and academia alike, the use of the concept has steadily increased since the 1990s. Regardless of how it is applied, the concept of the Global South has always served as a way of creating a new order in a complicated world.

Conceptually, this usage dates back to the Asian-African Conference in Bandung, Indonesia, in 1955. It was solidified by the nonaligned states, and today by the G77 plus China. In the meantime, the G77 the largest group within the UN structure, has expanded to 134 states.

In a world where the Global North is associated with modernity, development, capacity, and prosperity; the South, in turn, is inevitably understood as "other," as "less," and as subordinate.

The main strategic interest of the Global South, i.e. economic development and the right to socio-economic development, should not be defined by great power politics.

By some the term "Global South" is difficult to define, as it encompasses a diverse range of countries, each with its own unique foreign policy objectives as well as domestic and external challenges. However, one common feature across Global South nations is the presence of economic disparities and underdevelopment, which have had a profound influence on such states' foreign policy decision-making processes.

Advancing South-South cooperation we address common challenges and advance mutual interests among countries of the Global South as well as advocate for collective development interests and intensify their contribution in the global decision-making processes.

According to the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), the share of global trade among developing countries in the Global South has steadily increased. In 2020, it was estimated that around 55 percent of the total trade of the Global South was conducted within the region, highlighting the growing significance of South-South cooperation in international trade.

In navigating the new world order, the Global South naturally brings a unique perspective that prioritizes inclusive development, shared prosperity and multilateral cooperation, and for a fairer and just world, AASGON and GSEF consistently advocate and seek for the inclusion of the Global South in global decision making.

## **Key Events - Sustainable Structured Projects**

#### 1<sup>st</sup> GSUA Summit Awards and Expo



Plans are ahead to have the Government of Costa Rica host the inauguration of the Global South Universities Association (GSUA) Summit Awards and Expo and the birth of the GSUA.

A meeting was on the 8<sup>th</sup> of May held between AASGON and His Excellency Mr. Rafael Ortiz Fábrega, the Ambassador of Costa Rica in London, Ambassador

The debut of the Global South Universities Association (GSUA) Summit Awards and Expo is being planned for the 12th — 14th September 2024 at the Costa Rica Convention Centre (CRCC). The occasion will further revive the spirit of former Costa Rica President, Rodrigo Carazo, who with the UN General Assembly helped found 'The University for Peace' in Costa Rica.



THE EMBASSY OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE GAMBIA TO THE SWISS CONFEDERATION AND THE PERMANENT MISSION OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE GAMBIA TO THE UNITED NATIONS OFFICE. WTO AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS IN GENEVA.

Date: 7th May 2024

His Excellency, The Ambassador Embassy of the Democratic Republic of Costa Rica 23 Woodstock St, London WIC 2AS

His Excellency, Mr Rafael Ortiz Fábrega,

#### Letter of Recommendation

Thank you for granting the request of Members of the Board of the Africa Asia Scholars Global Network (AASGON) to pay you a working visit on Wednesday the 8th of May 2024.

I would have been much delighted to join the team in meeting with you but had to attend to some very urg

I'm indeed pleased to write this letter to highly recommend AASGON, the leading multilateral networking organisation for the Global South, signatory to the UN Global Compact and founder of the Global South Universities Association (GSUA)

In my capacity as member of the Governing Council of AASGON, it is my pleasure to solicit your support for our choice of the Republic of Costa Rica, as the potential 'Host Country' of the debut of the Global South Universities Association (GSUA) Summit Awards and Expo and foundation of the Global South Centre for Research, Innovation, Peace and Technology for Sustainable Development (G-SCRIPTS-D).

Proposed for the 12th to 14th September 2024, in commemoration of the UN Day of South-South Cooperation, the 22nd World Science Day for Peace and Development and the Diamond Jubilee of the Group of 77 and China, Your Excellency it will be a great honour to also have you acknowledge your appointment as a distinguished Patron of the G-SCRIPTS-D.

I look forward to meeting with shortly in London or San Jose for this historic event.

Please reach out should you have any questions. My sincere regards,

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Prof. Muhammadou M.O. Kah Ambassador of the Gambia to Switzerland and Permanent Representative of the Gambia to the UN in Switzerland

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Commemorating the tripartite celebration UN Day South-South the of Cooperation, the 22nd World Science Day for Peace and Development and the Diamond Jubilee of the Group of 77 and China, the forthcoming GSUA Summit will witness the inauguration of the GSUA and the foundation of the Global South Centre Research Innovation Peace and Technology for Sustaibale Development (G-SCRIPTS-D).

On record, the Prime Minister of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, in his capacity as an appointed Patron of the G-SCRIPTS-D had officially granted approval for the 'Kingdom of Jordan as the Host Nation of the GSUA'24 Summit Awards and Expo. This was followed with the of the GSUA'24 Committee on 30th August 2023 at the Headquarters of the Association of Arab

Universities (AARU) in Amman, Jordan.

However, with Jordan being the only Arab country to fully integrate the Palestinian refugees of 1948 and the country's committed priority to broker peace and avert the protracted Israeli-Palestinian conflict, the choice of the Democratic Republic of Costa Rica, the most stable, superlatively and democratically steered country in Central America, and further to its credit, the host country of the UN University of Peace, was unanimously chosen as alternate and solidly considered most appropriate as the GSUA '24 Host Nation, by the founding members of the GSUA, the Association of Arab Universities (AARU), the Association of Universities of Asia and the Pacific (AUAP), the Association of African Universities (AAU), the Association of Indian Principals (AIP), as well as the International Society for Data Sciences and Innovation - Global (ISDSI-G), the Federation of Global Engineers (FGE), Indian Society of Technical Education – Global and the Royal Academy of Science International Trust (RASIT).

To discuss in detail, the carefully drawn out logistics for the successful conduct of the Summit Awards and Expo, in Costa Rica, members of the organizing Committee are expected to pay a working visit to Her Excellency the First Lady of Costa Rica in San Jose, Costa Rica, tentatively by June 2024.

With vast and extensive knowledge of countries in Africa, East Asia and the Pacific regions, the First Lady was a former director of the "Programme for the Development of Poor Countries" of the World Bank.

#### The G-SCRIPTS-D



Serving as a Think Tank to the emerging Global South Universities Association (GSUA) plans are in place to establish the Global South Centre for Research Innovation Peace and Technology for Sustaibale Development (G-SCRIPTS-D) along with the inauguration of the debut of the 1<sup>st</sup> GSUA Summit Awards and Expo.

The G-SCRIPTS-D will play a crucial role in advancing scientific knowledge and fostering of collaboration mainly across borders of Africa Arab Asia Latin America and the Oceania.

The Centre for International and regional collaboration, knowledge exchange and cross disciplinary research, will ultimately contribute to the advancement of the Global South and the World at large.

Becoming acquainted with Higher Education Academic, Science and Technical Structures the objectives associated with the G-SCRIPTS-D are as follows:

To facilitate cross-cultural understanding by connecting researchers from different countries and institutions. This exposure helps participants learn about diverse academic systems, research practices, technical and scientific traditions that persist or recur in the diverse society regardless of intellectual and institutional changes.

Conducting Comparative Research by engaging in comparative studies across different nations or regions by analyzing similarities and differences, gaining insights into various contexts, policies, and practices, contributing to a broader understanding of global and regional issues.

As a think tank for the Global South, learning from and supporting the Global South Universities Association and its member educational and corporate institutions, partnerships within the Centre will allow researchers to share expertise, methodologies, and best practices.

This mutual learning process will enhance the quality of research and promotes innovation, the attainment of Peace, and Technology for Sustainable Development of the Global South.

Addressing the supply of labour, the G-SCRIPTS-D will consistently pool resources, expertise, and funding to tackle complex research demands. By distributing tasks among members of its Think Tank and with the support of Patrons of the Centre, we aim to achieve more comprehensive and rewarding results that will provide appropriate support to the GSUA as well as relevant stakeholders in the public and private sector.

Promoting both Multidisciplinarity and Interdisciplinarity, the Centre will involve researchers from diverse disciplines to foster creative thinking and facilitate the development of theoretical frameworks, as well as encourage innovative solutions to global and regional challenges.

Advancing knowledge, the G-SCRIPTS-D will contribute to the expansion of scientific and technical knowledge by conducting collaborative research that transcends national and regional boundaries.

#### **Pre-GSUA Consultative Forum**

In preparation for the launch of the Global South Universities Association (GSUA) AASGON, between 2022 - 23 conducted 26 virtual webinars which was well attended by about 245 technocrats drawn from across the world.

A considerable number of the participants have been identified has potential members of the G-SCRIPTS-D Think Tank when in operation.

Some top government officials such as the Prime Minister of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan has gracefully accepted to officially serve as one of the distinguished Patrons of the emerging G-SCRIPT-D



With India the world's largest democracy, hosting the G20 Presidency, the 1st Pre-Global South Universities Association (GSUA) Consultative Forum was successfully organized with a dinner at the Jamun Tree Hall of the Delhi Gymkhana Club, New Delhi on Wednesday the 15th of March 2023.

The GSUA comprises of over 5000 Universities under the umbrella of the Association of African Universities (AAU), the Association of Arab Universities (AArU), the Association of Universities of Asia and the Pacific (AUAP), the

Association of Indian Principals (AIP), the Indian Society for Technical Education (ISTE) and the International Society for Data Sciences and Innovation-Global (ISDSI-G)



The GSUA a body of University Chancellors, Presidents, Vice Chancellors and College Principals, and heads of Corporate Sectors, is to collectively address the reformation of the world's fragmented education, narrow the ever increasing Global North – South Divide' and rebuild the bricks of our 'Fractured World' as widely proclaimed in 2018 by WEF, in Davos Switzerland.

## Encomia showered on AASGON at the 15th March Pre-GSUA Launch/Dinner



History was made at the prestigious Gymkhana Club, in New Delhi on 15th March 2023 where AASGON treated ministers, policy makers, ambassadors, army generals, researchers, chancellors and vice chancellors, college principals, corporate chiefs, the media and professionals from all walks of life, to an opulent and sumptuous dinner.

Most captivating however was the motivational and enchanting speech delivered by the AASGON founder and group executive president, Abdul 'Dewale Mohammed, who enjoined all to join and support AASGON in its noble cause at decreasing the alarming Global North-South Divide and in the rebuilding of the bricks of our fractured world, as pronounced by the World Economic Forum (WEF) in Switzerland, in January 2018.

### **Poverty Alleviation:**

#### The Global South Natural Resources Forum - GSNRF

Rebuilding the Bricks of our Fractured World our forward-thinking interchange, rekindled our commitment not to let the Global South, in particular, be left behind by globalization, but to be an effective player among the world's vast and emerging economies and with its clear focus on sustainability, through the adoption of landmark initiatives AASGON and GSEF are taking the apposite lead in driving inclusive socio-economic development initiatives within the developing countries of the Global South.

Global South countries across the globe have markedly different endowments and dependencies on different natural resources. Coal, hydropower, natural gas, and oil-dependent nations, as well as megadiverse and forest-rich countries differ in their histories, development trajectories, and political structures.

On countries exploiting natural resources researchers state that 27% of excess material use has been driven primarily by the US and 25% from the wealthier countries of Europe, including the UK. These countries are therefore responsible for the majority of the global ecological damage in the past half-century.

Natural Resources is the driver of the Global South economy. Its apt and equitable management however remains the most critical challenges facing developing countries. The exploitation of non-renewable natural resources, including oil, gas, minerals and timber has often been cited as a key factor in triggering, escalating or sustaining violent conflicts in developing countries.

Rich countries drained \$152tn from the Global South since 1960. Imperialism according to pundits, never ended, it just changed form. Opulent countries of the Global North rely on a large net appropriation of resources from the Global South. The drain from the Southern Hemisphere, the Global South, is estimated to worth over \$10 trillion per year, and the South's losses outstrip their aid receipts by a factor of 30. Unequal exchange is a major driver of underdevelopment and global inequality.

People use an abundance of natural resources to survive in a continually developing world. The Global North (developed nations) has roughly 25% of the world's population, earning 80% of the world capital and politically and economically dominating the ecosphere. Ironically, the Global South (developing countries) represents 85% of the world's population, and nearly 39% of global GDP.

Though the Global South has an exceptional wealth of natural resources, considered the most powerful tools **of** trade, yet it is embedded with severe environmental, social and economic problems, with high level of poverty, poor health, ever surging youth unemployment, and the dearth of infrastructure and basic amenities.

The UN key target for the Sustainable Development Goals 2030 is to eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere and protect the planet. Not on track, with progress slow and fragile, at the halfway point, the UN Secretary-General, António Guterres, regrettably announced late last year that mid the 2030 SDGs Goals, only 15 per cent has so far been achieved.

In consideration of the submission of the UN High Level Panel on post-MDGs after its final consultative meeting in Bali, Indonesia, in March 2013, which emphasized on the need for 'Renewed Global Partnership for Development and People Centred Policies' as key to the success or failure of present and future sustainable developmental goals, our multilateral not-for-profit organization, the GSEF, after intensive research and wider consultation, conceptualized the Global South Natural Resources Forum (GSNRF) Awards and Expo and the establishment of Global South Natural Resources Promotion for Sustainable Development Centre (GSNR-PSDC). The GSNR-PSDC Headquarters is to be sited in the host country of the 1st GSNRF Awards and

International Expo.

As a pillar of leadership in the advocacy for the advancement of developing countries of the Global South, we at GSEF are presently considering partnership with a prominent host of the debut of the emerging Global South Natural Resources Forum (GSNRF '24) Awards and Expo, scheduled for the 26<sup>th</sup> to 28<sup>th</sup> of October 2024.

A tripartite celebration of the United Nations Day, Diamond Jubilee of the G77 and China, and the UN Day for South-South Cooperation, the GSNRF and the GSNR-PSDC as conceived, are well thought out unique strategies of ancillary promotion of unparalleled 'Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), and demonstration of exemplary leadership and good governance'. A key performance indicator, the emergence of the GSNRF and the GSNR-PSDC according to pundits, will help alleviate poverty and bring about substantial reduction to the ever increasing Global North-South divide.

The laudable collaboration between nations of Africa Asia and Latin America under the proposed GSNRF takes the apposite lead in driving social development initiatives that will stem the tide where the Global South to its detriment is perpetually the provider of raw material for developing countries but rather become the world's centre of development.

A forward-thinking interchange, to not to let the Global South be left behind by globalization, but to be an effective player among the world's vast and emerging economies.

True to the spirit of 'Public Private Partnership' (PPP) in addressing the Post-MDGs UN High Level Panel, 2013 Bali Declaration, the GSNRF and the establishment of the GSNR-PSDC - a "major turning point in world history" is much in line with the UN principles of economic, social and environmental development.

Our well researched innovative and far reaching PPP sustainable development framework, the GSNRF will through the proposed GSNR-PSDC strengthen in particular the Global South and enhance both the sustainable outcome of the SDGs by the year 2030, as well as the Africa Agenda 2063, and the Global South 'Transformation Agenda, Industrial Evolution and Human Peaceful Co-Habitation'.

#### Formation of GOSACA & GOSCCIMA

#### **GOSSTMEA 1st Summit Awards and Expo**

Unequal exchange of goods and services is a major driver of underdevelopment and global inequality. The Global North (developed nations) has roughly 25% of the world's population, earning 80% of the world capital, and politically and economically dominating the ecosphere. Ironically, the Global South represents 85% of the world's population, and nearly 39% of global GDP.

Though the Global South has an exceptional wealth of natural resources, considered the most powerful tools of trade, yet it is embedded with severe inequity, environmental, social and economic problems, with high level of poverty, poor health, youth unemployment and the dearth of infrastructure and basic amenities. This is overwhelmingly disturbing.

The UN key target for the Sustainable Development Goals 2030 is to eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere and protect the planet.

Not on track, with progress slow and fragile, at the halfway point, the UN Secretary-General, António Guterres, regrettably announced late last year that mid the 2030 SDGs Goals, only 15 per cent has so far been achieved.

Since the World Economic Forum (WEF) and its cohorts are incapable of proffering practical and effective solutions at addressing our 'Fractured World' as proclaimed through the theme of its January 2018 mega Conference in Davos, Switzerland, our organization, on the premises that the 46<sup>th</sup> WEF summit was co-chaired by women, on the 19<sup>th</sup> of July 2018, followed up with meeting with the Under Secretary-General and Executive Director of the UN Women and her team, at the United Nations in New York, and tabled our fact finding solution for the 'rebuilding of the cracked walls in our endemic fragmented world'

In consideration of the earlier submission of the UN High Level Panel on post-MDGs after its final consultative meeting in Bali, Indonesia, in March 2013, which emphasized the need for 'Renewed Global Partnership for Development and People

Centered Policies' as key to the success or failure of present and future sustainable developmental goals, our multilateral not-forprofit organizations, AASGON and the GSEF, after intensive and wider consultations, among others, conceptualized the foundation of the Global South Summit of Trade Ministers, Entrepreneurs and the Academia (GOSSTMEA), the establishment of the Global South Chamber of Commerce. Industry, Mines and Agriculture (GOSCCIMA) and the Global South Anti-Corruption Academy (GOSACA).



The Global South requires a robust publicprivate sector partnership to grow the diverse economy. As a pillar of leadership in the

advocacy for the advancement of developing countries of the Global South, we at AASGON and GSEF along with our partner organisations have recently proposed that among series of actions being taken by the National Economic Council of the Government of Nigeria, the government should collaborate with us as the proposed Official Host of the debut of the emerging GOSSTMEA '24 scheduled for the 20<sup>th</sup> to 23<sup>rd</sup> of November 2024 at the Abuja International Conference Centre in Nigeria.

As conceived the GOSSTMEA '24 Awards and Expo, GOSCCIMA and the GOSACA, a tripartite celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of the G77 and China, the Diamond Jubilee of the African Development Bank Group (AfDB), the Golden Jubilee of the UN Office of the South-South Cooperation on the special occasion the 35<sup>th</sup> anniversary of Africa Industrialization Day, are well thought out platforms uniquely strategic to advance, demonstrate and promote exemplary leadership and good governance'- a key performance indicator for the realisation of Peace, Prosperity and Sustainable Development in the Global South.

The most sought out, laudable collaboration principally between Ministers of Trade, President of Chambers of Commerce and Heads of Business and Management Schools from across the nations of Africa Asia and Latin America – the Global South, GOSCCIMA, stems corruption and bring about substantial reduction to the ever increasing Global North-South divide.

GOSSTMEA Awards and Expo is much in line with the UN enduring 'transformations for renewed hope'. Aside from boosting the country's GDP and Nigeria's Ecotourism expansively fortified, the founding of GOSCCIMA and the GOSACA will be a "major turning point in world history" primarily in the Global South.

A diverse sustainable development framework, GOSSTMEA is an intensively researched innovative and far reaching inclusive Public Private Partnership (PPP) concept aimed at strengthening leadership role within the Global South, and through the proposed GOSCCIMA and GOSACA enhances the outcome of the SDGs by the year 2030, as well as the Africa Agenda 2063, and UNs 'Transformation Agenda, Industrial Evolution and Human Peaceful Co-Habitation'.

#### The GSD-SAE

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Global South Diaspora Summit Awards and Expo



Holding the GSD-SAE proposal as presented, is H.E. the Indian High Commissioner to UK in handshake with the Founder and Group Executive President of AASGON, Abdul 'Dewale Mohammed

## H.E. THE INDIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER TO UK ENDORSE GSD-SAE

His Excellency Mr. Vikram Doraiswami, the High Commissioner of India to the UK cordially receive Members of the Board and Advisory Council of the Africa Asia Scholars Global Network (AASGON), when they paid him a courtesy visit at the High Commission, India House in Aldwych, London, United Kingdom.

The High Commissioner expressed his appreciation for the official visit and gave the AASGON team his assurance and that of the Government of India to fully support the realization of the emerging Global South Diaspora Summit Awards and Expo (GSD-SAE)

AASGON and GSEF stand together as a pillar of leadership reform and advocacy for the developing countries of the Global South.

For the first time in history, the Global South became a major discourse at the 78th UN General Assembly session held recently at the UN Headquarters in New York.

Affirmed as a nation through which the Global South could coalesce, in January 2023, with leaders of 125 developing countries in attendance, the Indian Prime Minister under the theme – 'Unity of Voice, Unity of Purpose' hosted a "Voice of the Global South" virtual Summit. According to pundits, India's successful hosting of the G20 Summit which became a turning point for the Global South.

We also acknowledge the significant contributions made at the G77 Summit in Havana, Cuba, as well as in June the South Centre, event on International Taxation held in Nagpur, Maharashtra, which further fortified member states commitment to the sustainable growth of the Global South.

As the world continues to fail developing nations, as exclaimed by the UN Secretary General, and keeping in view our vision for the Global South, on 14th February, 2023 our organization paid the Indian High Commissioner to the United Kingdom, H.E. Vikram K. Doraiswami, a courtesy visit and passionately appeal for India to lead the foundation and debut of our well thought out proposal, christened - The Global South Diaspora Summit Awards and Expo (GSD-SAE).

Reinforcing India's philosophy of Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam, in consonant with the Indian Prime Minister's principled apparition of 'Sabka Saath Sabka Vikas Sabka Vishwas aur Sabka Prayas', the GSD-SAE as conceptualized, not only validate and concretize India's incisive leadership of the Global South, but genuinely, with effective mobilization and active collaboration of Diasporas, the agents of development in foreign lands, migrant professionals, edupreneurs, technocrats, researchers, captains of industries and investors, united through the proposed GSD-SAE, under the leadership of India, stands to effect the realization of our vision and clarion call for the emancipation of the Global South and the substantial reduction of the ever growing 'Global North–South Divide, notably the scientific and technological imbalance between rich and poor nations.

The GSD-SAE vehemently capitulates the Indian External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar's profound acclamation of 'walking the talk' with apposite actions on the key Global South concerns, which can only be substantially realizable and impactful, if backed with the support and engagement of millions of Global South Scholars' and Entrepreneurs in the Diaspora spread across developed countries.

The concept of GSD-SAE ensures the cultural integration, intellectual capacities and resources of the people of the South in Diaspora are brought to bear and thus accelerate and concretize the Global South leaders futuristic vision.

With the detailed proposal already in the office of the Prime Minister of India as well as the Minister of External Affairs in New Delhi, the conduct of GSD-SAE is tentatively slated for 12<sup>th</sup> - 14<sup>th</sup> September 2024 at the Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi, India.

## **Human Rights to Housing**

#### **AASGON - SECSE Homlessness Scheme**

In June 2023 the Prince of Wales and the Royal Foundation launched Homewards, a five-year locally led programme which will demonstrate that together it is possible to end homelessness: making it rare, brief, and unrepeated.

Homewards will take a transformative approach to the issue of homelessness and put collaboration at its heart, giving six flagship locations new space, tools, and relationships to showcase what can be achieved through a collective effort focused on preventing homelessness in their areas.

Concern with the increasing homelessness and mental health concern particularly in the UK with over 4million youths been prescribed anti-depressant, as member of the UK Stakeholders for Sustainable Development (UKKSSD) and member of the UN Global Compact (UNGC) we established a Community Interest not-for-profit company - the South East Community Skills Enterprise (SECSE), to holistically address the rights of people to Housing and Healthy Living and further reduce homelessness to the barest minimum.

Quite a complex social concern, to prevent homelessness, according to pundits 'we need more and better collaboration and input from across the whole of society'. This factual declaration led to our bold decision to seek alliance with Prince Williams and the Royal Foundation to end the scourge of homelessness in the UK and address the root causes.

With the breadth and complexities of homelessness, the South East Community Skills Enterprise (SECSE) mission is to nip homelessness in the bud by eliminating its multi-diverse roots.

As a vital contribution to the Royal Foundation's landmark achievements and in commendation of its astute leadership, we recently sought official endorsement of the King's Foundation to approve of the SECSE proposed joint partnership in the conduct of the 1st South East Community Skills Enterprise Awards and Expo, and the foundation of the South East Multi-Purpose Community Enterprise (SEM-PCE) Hub.

Designed for launch on occasion of the 15th Anniversary of the Royal Foundation, inform of a tripartite celebration of the 63<sup>rd</sup> Heavenly Birthday Anniversary of Princess Diana; the 76<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the World Human Rights Day and the Homelessness Awareness Week, we have tentatively designated Tuesday the 10<sup>th</sup> of December 2024, for the successful conduct of this august event, to be held at the Kensington Palace, in London.

Been a 'Cornerstone of Compassion, Dignity and Leadership' a posthumous award, on this august occasion, is to be conferred on Her Majesty the Queen Elizabeth II, the longest-reigning monarch in British history, who passed away on Thursday 8 September, 2022 as well as Diana Princess of Wales, an international icon and mother of Princes William and Harry.

Concurrently His Royal Highness Prince Williams is expected to graciously present a number of renowned and revered philanthropists, and exceptional role models (Local and International) with the proposed 1<sup>st</sup> 'Royal Foundation Lifetime Community Victors (RFLCV) Award' (or a corresponding award likely to be proposed by the Foundation).

To be replicated in other countries of the world the SEM-PCE is considered to complement and fortify the Royal Foundation's lofty programs in the UK. Respecting the past and building the future, SECSE is stimulated by the Royal Foundation's commitment to the full realization of creating communities for a more sustainable world.

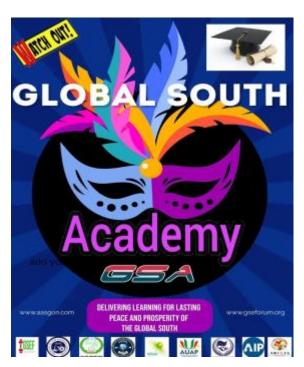
Transforming lives, fortifying and revitalizing neighborhoods' towards ending homelessness and segregation, the historic occasion, will unveil the proposed South East Multi-Purpose Community Enterprise (SEM-PCE) Hub, a 'Holistic and All-Inclusive Public Private Partnership Housing and Social Protection Program.

Prior to the establishment of AASGON, its Founder in 2004 created a model of the SEM-PCE Hub in Lambeth, Westminster. Affirming the success of the project Rt. Hon. Steve Reed Labour (Co-op) MP for Croydon North, then as leader of the Lambeth Council confirmed on the Council Leader's Diary of Event of Wednesday 24th January 2027 that we have... " taken over three previously empty shop units adjacent to his training project in Lambeth Walk and employed trainees to help turn them into new businesses serving the local community"

"By funding organizations like this, Lambeth is helping communities to help themselves" the Council chief, who is most willing to testify to our success story, further stated. Under the project 49% of the over 500 vulnerable people who successfully gained access into full-time and part-time employment, and further education, while clients that increased their confidence with greater determination to tackle personality issues and social exclusion were well over 65%.

By its partnership with the Royal Foundation both parties will not only be fulfilling one of the key functions and ambitious landmark projects of the Royal Foundation, but be bequeathing an indelible legacy to both Prince Williams and Princess Kate, for empowering the most vulnerable communities in our 'fractured' world', as pronounced by the World Economic Forum in January 2018 at its 46th Conference in Davos, Switzerland, and upon which we instigated a meeting held with the UN Women at their headquarters in New York on 19<sup>th</sup> of July 2018

### The Global South Academy



The objective of Global South Academy (GSA) eLearning instructional design is to create an effective learning experience focused on the learners' needs and how the course can best meet those needs.

With the objective to promote excellence in teaching that is focused on online and distance learning; promote research into online and distance education across the Global South, the aim of the GSA is to enhance the quality of learning and teaching, and in meeting the learning style or needs of students, improve the efficiency and effectiveness as well as expand user-accessibility and time flexibility to engage learners in the learning process.

Making incredibly valuable information way more accessible than ever before, the GSA provides access to online course anywhere, anytime, and at a fraction of the price. it would take students to learn the course content on their own or from traditional courses.

To give students a clear understanding of where they are headed, well-written learning objectives are made to be Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Result-oriented, and Time-bound (SMART).

A good learning objective, for example, seeks to demonstrate the actions that learners successfully perform – List (Remember), Classify (Understand), Use (Apply), Categorize (Analyze), Appraise (Evaluate), and Produce (Create) – upon completing a unit of learning.

Course objectives are made to reflect specific knowledge, skills, abilities, or competencies that instructors expect students to acquire from a particular course. These are often very specific and detailed statements that describe the content or skills that will be taught in the classroom.

#### The Global South Media

The concept of the Global South Media (GSM) is to shape the Global South perspectives through various political, economic, social, and cultural factors.

The objectives is to include finding the truth and informing the public and ensuring that the information disseminated to the public should be least harmful as well as to present the right and balanced opinion.

The media will adapt to the national cultures of the targeted member states of the Global South with an international presence benefit from a better reputation and a positive image.

Promoting peace, prosperity and sustainable development and exposing people to new ideas, beliefs, systems, structures, etc the GSM will endeavor to reach every corner across the globe.

Through the Internet the GSM with the aim of projecting the image and ideals of developing countries will disseminate accurate news and information across national and international boundaries.

To effectively promote the works and activities of AASGON and the GSEF as well as the United Nations, the G77 + China, the Non-Aligned Movement (NAM), the UN Office of the South-South Cooperation (UNOSSC), the South Centre, the BRICS, the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN), the African Union (AU), the Organization of African, Caribbean and Pacific States (OACPS) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC), Southeast Asian Ministers of Education Organization (SEAMEO), Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and the League of Arab States etc., the Global South Media will be officially launched on or before the last quarter of the year.

Addressing education, the GSM will primarily focus on the activities of Association for Childhood Education International, Education International, The Global Partnership for Education, Plan International, the Qatar Foundation, Save the Children, UNESCO, UNICEF etc.

The weekly episode shall among others promote Ethics, Cultural Exchanges, Agricultural Evolution, Healthy Living, Equity, AI, STEM, Academic Excellence, Innovations, Public Private Partnerships, Inclusive People Centered Policies, Exemplary Leadership and Good Governance as well as celebrate Exceptional Practices and Landmark Achievements.

In segments, an hour weekly episode (for a start), each broadcast on GSM will be relayed live on YouTube, Facebook, and other popular social media.

Key Outcome: Advance the promotion of renewed global partnerships, people centered and inclusive policies and, sustainable institutions and structures for creating the enabling environment for a better, equitable, peaceful, prosperous and cohesive society

#### Foundation of ISTE - Global



The Indian Society for Education Technical (ISTE) is leading the National **Professional** non-profit making Society Technical for the Education System India with the motto of Career Development of Teachers and Personality Development of Students and overall development of the country's Technical Education System.

Being the only national organisation of educators in the field of Engineering and Technology, in India, with active membership of more than 128500 technical teachers, 535000 student members, more than 2740 institutional members (including IITs, IISc., NITs and other leading technical institutions), 1414 faculty chapters and 1505

students' chapters at National level and 19 Sections at State Level, the ISTE National Executive Council, in an effort to strengthen the organisation's strong base in technical education institutions across the globe, has approved the formation of the ISTE Global with the appointment of AASGON as the Sole Administrator.

Actively involved in activities conducted by All India Council for Technical Education New Delhi (AICTE) and National Board of Accreditation New Delhi (NBA), **the** major objective of the ISTE is to provide quality training programmes to teachers and administrators of technical institutions to update their knowledge and skills in their fields of activity and to assist and contribute in the production and development of top quality professional scientists, engineers and technicians needed by the industry and other organizations.

As India's premier and imposing national organization of professional educators in the field of Science, Engineering and Technology, the ISTE National Executive are committed to elevating and enriching 'Career Development of Teachers and the Personality Growth of Students' for the overall advancement of Global Technical Education System.

AASGON has for about a decade associated with the Indian Society for Technical Education, keenly watch and contributed to its impressive growth over the years both in its activities in India and the spread of its values and altruism in Europe and Africa.

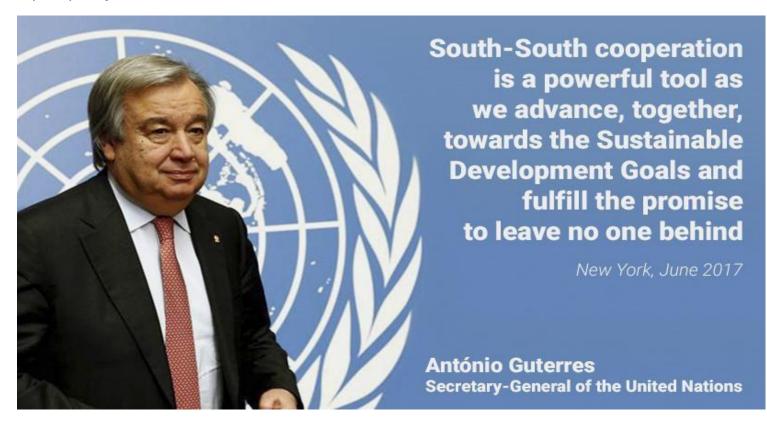
It is poised to add value and concretize the ideals of ISTE Internationally, expand its activities and further advance its leading and pivotal role in the development and propagation of modern technology worldwide.

Driving the 21<sup>st</sup> century economy and the vast industrialization of the Global South, AASGON through the evolving ISTE Global, in collaboration with the Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation (ITEC), a bilateral assistance programme run by the Government of India, will ensure that with the advent of Artificial Intelligence, society breathe a sigh of relief, that human workers will not eventually become redundant and create mass unemployment.

Strategically, to facilitate the debut of the official launch of ISTE Global and lay a solid foundation to spring up its formation and boost its intercontinental operatives, the official launch of ISTE Global will be publicly announced on occasion of the 60<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation (ITEC) in New Delhi,

slated for November 2024.

Established by the Ministry of External Affairs under the Development Partnership Administration-II Division of the Ministry, ITEC instituted in 1964 by a decision of the Indian Cabinet, has for the last decades, exemplified India's vision of "Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam", which looks at the entire world as one family and embodies the principle of equality, solidarity and mutual collaboration for shared growth and prosperity for All.



#### The Mission of AASGON and GSEF:

- Our principal task is to drastically reduce the ever increasing Global North South Divide through among others, the transformation of skills and education in developing countries of the Global South.
- Instill and enshrine the AASGON 3-Point Solution as earlier presented to the UN Secretary-General, as the panacea for the rebuilding the bricks of our 'Fractured World' acknowledged by the World Economic Forum (WEF) in Davos Switzerland, in January 2018.
- Establish sustainable structures built around renewed and proactive public private partnership and inclusive people centered policies'

AASGON - Management