NORNICKEL

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2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

THE NEW NORNICKEL: STRATEGY IN ACTION

102-50 102-54

The 2018 Sustainability Report of Nornickel Group (the "Report") has been prepared in accordance with the GRI Standards, Comprehensive option, and is a report on the progress of compliance with the United Nations (UN) Global Compact principles that discloses the policy of MMC Norilsk Nickel (the "Company" or "Nornickel") towards achieving the UN Sustainable Development Goals up to 2030.

NORNICKEL

In producing the Report, the following documents were also used: GRI Mining and Metals Sector Supplement, Guidance on Social Responsibility ISO 26000:2010, Reference Performance Indicators of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP), AccountAbility Standards AA1000SES (2015) and AA1000AP (2018).

The Company has been publishing annual non-financial reports since 2003.

The Report covers activities of Norilsk Nickel Group ("Nornickel Group"), including MMC Norilsk Nickel and entities in the corporate structure.

102-48

Information provided herein was collected via the corporate reporting framework and special information requests in line with the GRI requirements and with regard to the materiality analysis results. The Report contains updates of the data for previous years, which is indicated in the text.

Each year, the Company's Report undergoes external assurance procedures, including independent professional assessment of the Report's compliance with the GRI Standards and the RSPP public verification procedure.

As part of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development intergovernmental body (UNCTAD) from the Russian side, Nornickel is pilot-testing performance indicators quantifying companies' contribution to achieving the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

The Company's Social Policy Department and a dedicated working group along with the key units supervised the preparation of the Report. The Report has also been approved by MMC Norilsk Nickel's Management Board and Board of Directors.

Other sources of information about Nornickel Group:

- corporate website https://www.nornickel.com;
- Nornickel's ESG Strategy and ESG Databook at https:// www.nornickel.com/investors/esg/;
- annual reports at https://www.nornickel.com/investors/ reports-and-results/; 2018 AR
- interactive version of the 2018 Sustainability Report at http://csr2018.nornik.ru/home/. WEB

2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

THE NEW **NORNICKEL:** STRATEGY IN ACTION

APPROVED

by the Board of Directors of MMC Norilsk Nickel Minutes No. GMK/14-pr-sd of 27 May 2019 102-32

APPROVED

by the Audit and Sustainable Development Committee of the Board of Directors Minutes No. 4 of 21 May 2019

APPROVED by the Management Board of MMC Norilsk Nickel Minutes No. GMK/14-pr-sd of 27 May 2019

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Statement of the President and Chairman of the Management Board 🚥

The year 2018 was in many ways important for Nornickel. First, we prepared for major production growth associated with the commissioning of new mining capacity, expansion of concentration facilities and greenfield development. Second, we launched a number of large-scale modernisation and environmental initiatives, the most important of which was the Sulphur Project at our Copper Plant.

I believe that we owe our last year's success to both favourable market for our metals and real progress achieved in labour productivity improvement. I am sure that Nornickel will continue enhancing production efficiency, while our best management practices, unique know-how, and digitalisation efforts will drive up the Company's value no less than our vast ore reserves do.

Last year we made great progress in developing human capital, our key resource. Similar to other business areas, we are working towards boosting staff performance and engagement and developing a safety culture. Nornickel maintains traditionally high social security standards guaranteed by a new collective bargaining agreement signed between the Company and its employees in 2018. The document preserves and standardises employees' rights and benefits, as well as enhances them by offering extended health insurance coverage and adding other companies of Norilsk Nickel Group to the agreement.

Nornickel's high social security benefits cement its leading position among the industry's most attractive employers. Wages and salaries, which the Company always pays in time, remain among the highest industrywide and average over RUB 111,000.

Health and safety is another domain that saw some major changes. In 2018, we reinforced the trend towards reduction in the number of production-related accidents. For the first time in the Company's history, Polar Division saw zero fatalities in the reporting year. The lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) decreased by 48%, reaching

The new strategic cycle we are currently entering will make Nornickel a growth story in the eyes of the investment community.

Vladimir Potanin

President, Chairman of the Management Board MMC Norilsk Nickel an all-time low. The management of the Company views occupational safety and zero workplace fatalities as its key strategic objective and keeps running dedicated health and safety programmes.

As for production, 2018 saw an increase in the output of our key metals, primarily copper, thanks to the overall improvement in production efficiency. After we reconfigured our production facilities, we were able to almost completely abandon the practice of lowmargin third party feedstock processing and increase the output of nickel and copper from the Company's Russian feedstock. As a result, our revenue and EBITDA grew 28% and 56% to USD 11.7 bn and USD 6.2 bn respectively, making Nornickel one of the most profitable companies among global diversified mining majors. Strong performance in 2018 and current macroeconomic trends strengthen our robust position and secure investments in sustainable development, primarily in environmental initiatives.

In 2018, we launched the second stage of our ambitious environmental programme, which will help us to achieve a fourfold reduction of sulphur dioxide emissions in Norilsk by 2023. The Company plans to halve its emissions in the settlement of Nickel (Kola Peninsula) already by the end of 2019. To this end, we started constructing a concentrate separation facility in 2018 to reduce the throughput at our Smelting Shop.

All what is said above proves that after Nornickel joined the UN Global Compact in 2016 it has remained truly committed to the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption. Nornickel has always strived to keep pace with change and keeps looking to seize new development opportunities. With projects launched in 2018, Nornickel is well positioned to become a technology leader in the mining sector both nationally and internationally. The new strategic cycle we are currently entering will make Nornickel a growth story in the eyes of the investment community.

Highlights 🚥

Environment



expenditures and costs in 2018

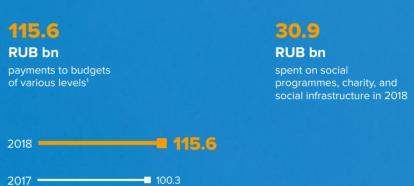
3.098

TJ fuel and energy savings resulting from energy consumption reduction and energy efficiency improvement initiatives in 2018

457.000

m³ treated to standard quality at treatment facilities since 2017

Development of local communities



Labour

48% improvement of LTIFR 2018 _____ 0.23

22% increase in occupational health and safety expenses



2018 10.5632017 ----- 8,708

RUB 7,500

added to the average salary



The Company's position in the industry²

2.220 mt of ore measured and indicated resources

Nornickel supplies its products to **34** countries













¹ Tax and non-tax payments include all taxes paid, net of VAT and dividend income tax, as well as insurance payments and customs duties. ² In terms of refined metals production for nickel, palladium, platinum and rhodium markets, and in terms of mining for copper and cobalt markets.

410 social projects worth

389.1

RUB mln

funded since 2014 as part of the World of New Opportunities programme



About Norilsk Nickel Group

Overview 102-1 102-2

Norilsk Nickel Group is Russia's leading metals and mining company, the world's largest producer of palladium and refined nickel, and one of the biggest producers of platinum, copper and cobalt. On top of that, the Group produces rhodium, silver, gold, iridium, ruthenium, selenium, tellurium, and sulphur. In 2018, the Company accounted for 0.7% of Russia's GDP, 2.6% of the national industrial output, 11.4% of metals production, and 2.6% of Russia's exports.

Nornickel is the largest industrial player in the Russian region of the Arctic, generating over 5.7% of its GDP. Around 60,000 of the Company's employees permanently reside and work beyond the Arctic Circle.

For the purposes of the 2018 Sustainability Report (the "Report"), Norilsk Nickel Group shall refer to MMC Norilsk Nickel and the entirety of operations forming Norilsk Nickel Group. Unless otherwise specified or required by the context, the terms "Company", "Group", "Nornickel" or "the Group companies" shall mean Norilsk Nickel Group. Quantitative indicators for certain areas of sustainable development pertain to the Group's specific operations in accordance with the Scope of Data Collection appendix.

Assets 102-4

Production units of the Group are located in three countries — Russia, Finland and South Africa.¹

Its core businesses are based in Russia and have a vertically integrated structure. Three main production sites in Russia are:

- Polar Division of MMC Norilsk Nickel ("Polar Division");
- Kola Mining and Metallurgical Company ("Kola MMC");
- Bystrinsky Mining and Processing Plant ("Bystrinsky GOK"), which in 2018 started ramp-up towards the target parameters.

The Company's Polar Division is located on the Taimyr Peninsula (Krasnoyarsk Territory) beyond the Arctic Circle. It is linked to other regions by inland waterways (the Yenisey River), marine transport (the Northern Sea Route) and air transport.

Kola MMC is located on the Kola Peninsula beyond the Arctic Circle. It is the leading industrial facility of the Murmansk Region and is completely integrated into the transport infrastructure of the Northwestern Federal District. Bystrinsky GOK is located in the Gazimuro-Zavodsky District of the Trans-Baikal Territory and is linked to other regions by rail.

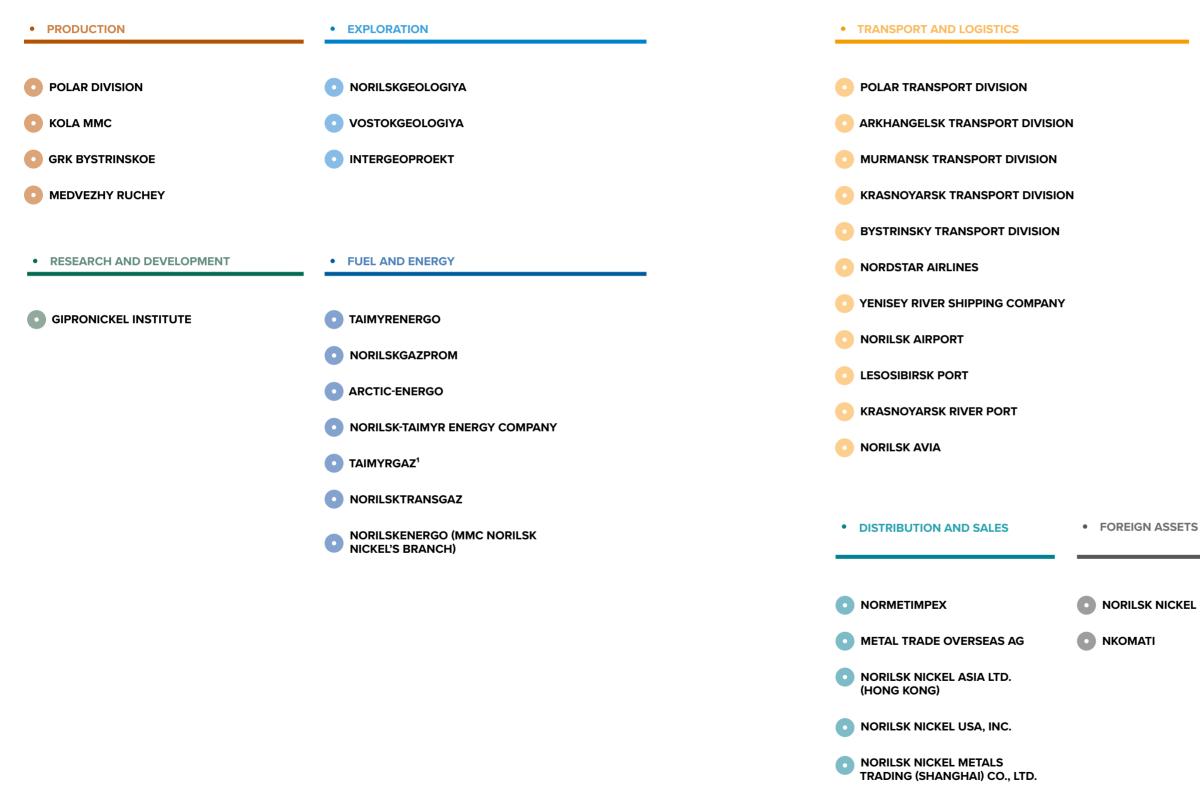
In Finland, Norilsk Nickel operates Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta (part of the Group), the country's only nickel refining plant.

In South Africa, the Company owns 50% of Nkomati, a nickel mine developed jointly with African Rainbow Minerals.

MMC Norilsk Nickel runs a global network of representative and sales offices in Russia, China, the USA, and Switzerland.

In addition to geology, energy, logistics, and support businesses, the Group comprises Gipronickel Institute, an R&D facility based in St Petersburg with branches in Norilsk and Monchegorsk. In total, the Group counts over 80 companies.

Core companies and business units



¹ Taimyrgaz was reorganised and merged with Norilskgazprom on 1 March 2019.

10

• SUPPORT FUNCTIONS

PECHENGASTROY

KOLABYT

•••• 11

NORILSK SUPPORT COMPLEX NORILSKNICKELREMONT POLAR CONSTRUCTION COMPANY NORNICKEL – SHARED SERVICES CENTRE **PSMK** TAIMYR FUEL COMPANY

 MMC NORILSK NICKEL'S HEAD OFFICE

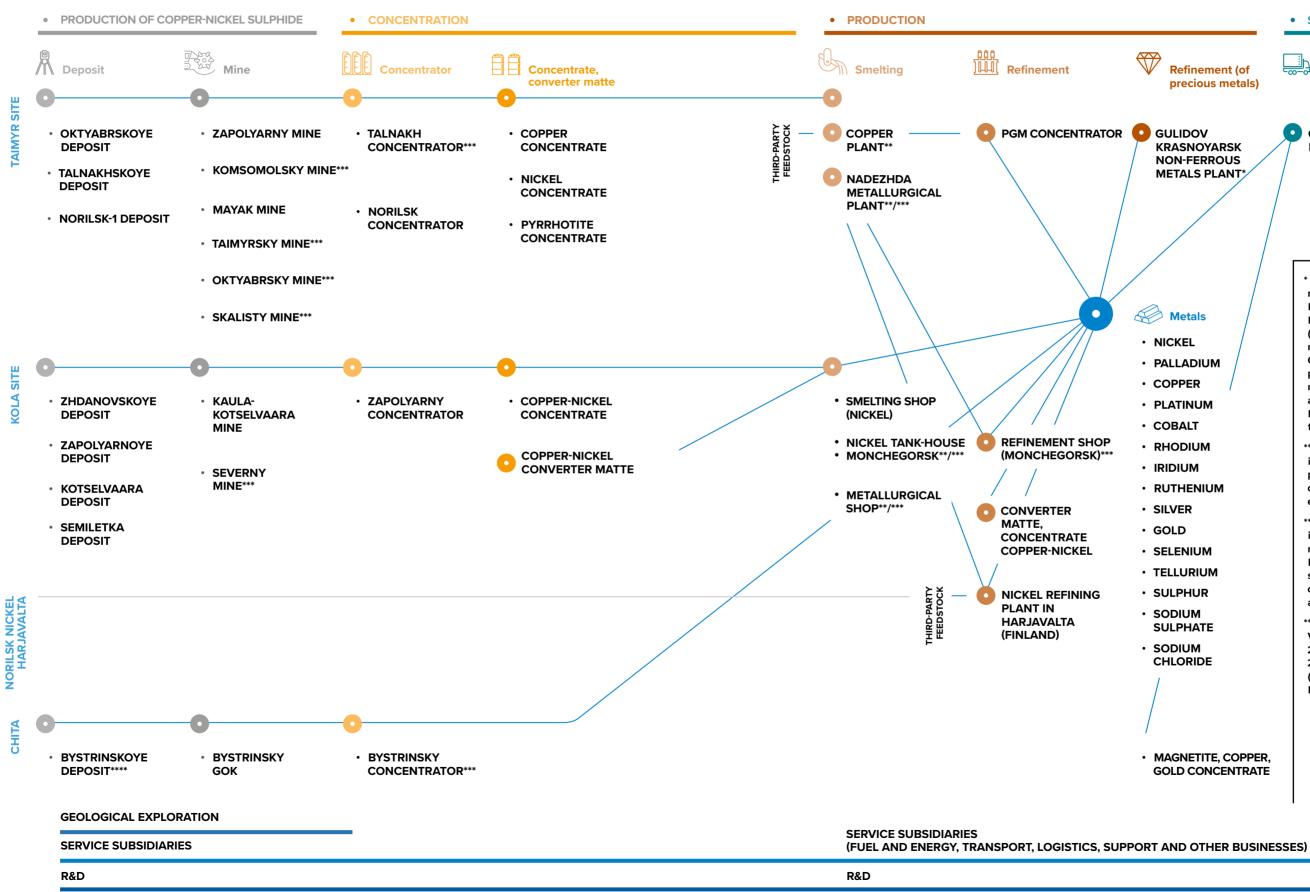
NORILSK NICKEL HARJAVALTA



MMC NORILSK NICKEL'S HEAD OFFICE

12

Production chart

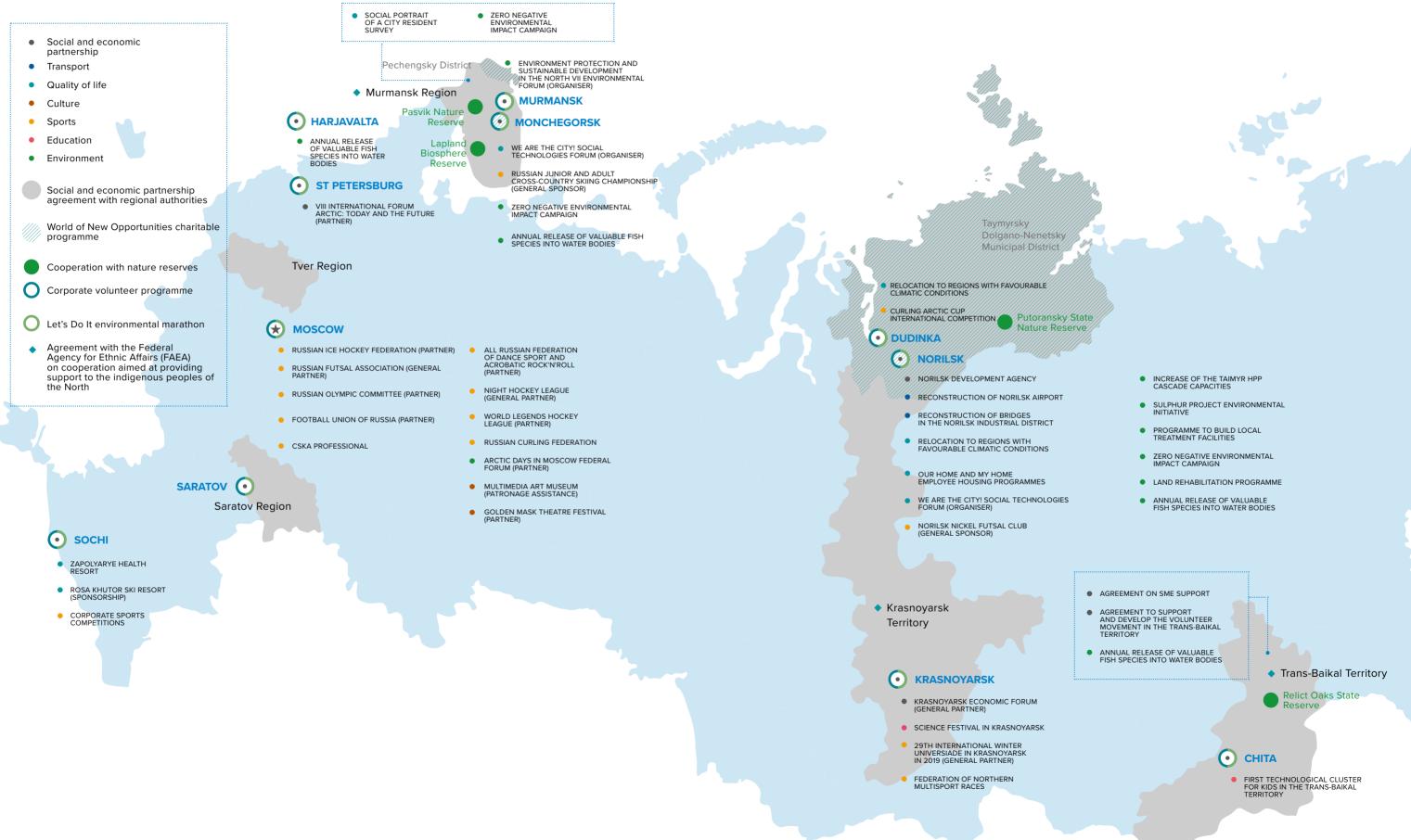


• SALES \bigtriangledown **Refinement (of** precious metals) OWN SALES KRASNOYARSK NETWORK NON-FERROUS METALS PLANT* * Precious metals are refined by Gulidov Krasnovarsk Non-Metals **Ferrous Metals Plant** (Krastsvetmet), which is NICKEL not part of Norilsk Nickel Group. Concentrates are PALLADIUM processed into saleable COPPER metals under a tolling agreement between PLATINUM Norilsk Nickel Group and • COBALT the plant. RHODIUM ** Production facilities implementing flagship IRIDIUM projects under the RUTHENIUM comprehensive environmental programme. SILVER *** Production facilities • GOLD implementing Nornickel's major investment projects. SELENIUM For more details, please TELLURIUM see the interactive version of this report and the 2018 SULPHUR annual report. AR-2018 SODIUM **** Open pits: SULPHATE Verkhneildikansky* (since SODIUM 2018), Bystrinsky-2 (since CHLORIDE 2018), Medny Chainik (planned), Yuzhno-Rodstvenny (planned).

13

• MAGNETITE, COPPER, GOLD CONCENTRATE

Key social and environmental projects



14

15

KRASNOYARSK TERRITORY

REGION OVERVIEW

Area

Population

2,366,800 km²

2,876,360 people

- Non-ferrous metallurgy
- Mining

Industry

Solid fuel-based power and hydropower generation

Mineral resources









KEY AREAS OF COOPERATION WITH THE KRASNOYARSK TERRITORY

Economic

Territory

Arctic

Social

Environmental

- Implementation of cutting-edge green technologies
- Reclamation and landscaping of urban territories
 - · Development of Taimyr's specially protected natural areas
 - · Organisation and backing of environmental campaigns

• Development of transport and the telecommunication infrastructure

Cooperation on major investment

communities and companies of

projects in the Krasnoyarsk

• Heat and power supply to the

the Norilsk Industrial District

• Implementation of the Northern

Supply Haul programme in the

 Construction of modern housing and initiatives

Improvement of the existing sports

Krasnoyarsk Territory

Support for vocational and

supplementary education

infrastructure and construction of

new state-of-the-art facilities in the

· Implementation of the World of New

and promoting regional public

Opportunities programme, supporting

- utilities, city and village improvement
- NORNICKEL'S PERFORMANCE IN THE KRASNOYARSK TERRITORY

initiatives





RUB bn taxes and other payments

54,286 people¹ headcount



104,241 RUB average monthly salary

Ð



2,480,681.7

RUB thousand employee-related social expenses



MURMANSK REGION

Population

people

REGION OVERVIEW

Area 144,900 km²

757,600 Mining industry

 Metallurgy Fishing industry

Economy

• Implementation of the World of

across Kola MMC's footprint

public initiatives

· Development of social

entrepreneurship

New Opportunities programme,

supporting and promoting regional

Ensuring heat supply to communities

Mineral resources



KEY AREAS OF COOPERATION WITH THE MURMANSK REGION

Economic

capacities

Implementation of investment

Development of production

Social and economic development

of municipalities that are home to

Kola MMC's production sites

Development of the transport

infrastructure in the Arctic

projects in the region

Social

Environmental

- Cooperation on environmental protection, preservation of the Kola Peninsula's natural ecology and landscapes
 - · Development of ecotourism in the nature park of the Rybachy and Sredny Peninsulas
 - · Organisation and backing of environmental campaigns

NORNICKEL'S PERFORMANCE IN THE MURMANSK REGION



10.6

RUB bn taxes and other payments

people headcount

12,579



82,443

RUB average monthly salary



377.799.5

RUB thousand employee-related social expenses





TRANS-BAIKAL TERRITORY

REGION OVERVIEW

Area

Industry

431,900 km²

- Minina
- · Production and distribution of electricity, gas and water
- Non-ferrous metallurgy
- Machinery and equipment manufacturing
- Food production

• Training of mining industry employees

• Support and development of the

volunteer movement

· Improvement of urban areas

Mineral resources







Population

people

1,072,800



Cobalt ore

KEY AREAS OF COOPERATION WITH THE TRANS-BAIKAL TERRITORY

Economic

• Bystrinskoye Deposit development. Over the first 10 years of Bystrinsky GOK operation, the Company plans to contribute around RUB 18 bn to the territory's budget in tax payments

Social

Environmental

• Development of the Relict Oaks State Reserve located in the region

• Improvement of Bystrinsky GOK's transport accessibility

NORNICKEL'S PERFORMANCE IN THE TRANS-BAIKAL TERRITORY



1.2

RUB bn taxes and other payments



3,382

people headcount



RUB

salary

86,882

average monthly



5,667.6

RUB thousand employee-related social expenses

S d





STRATEGY

24 context
26 Mission and values
26 corporate strategy
30 Sustainable development goals

NEW GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

5

100

1111

October 2018. Dedicated to meeting the growing demand for battery materials used in electric vehicles, the strategic partnership between BASF and Nornickel became a landmark event for achieving sustainable development goals. As BASF's new production facility will be constructed adjacent to Nornickel's refining facility in Harjavalta, Finland, this will provide BASF with exclusive access to local nickel and cobalt supplies.

2020 will see about 300,000 electric vehicles per year using batteries with components produced as part of the partnership between Nornickel and BASF.

Strategy

Context

102-15

Significant impact of large companies on the development of regional and national industries, as well as their integration at the global level has made business a key player in addressing modern challenges.

Norilsk Nickel Group is a leader of Russia's metals and mining industry. The Company meets the Russian and global economy's growing demand for materials required to manufacture products that are vital for improving the quality of life.

The Company's products are supplied to 34 countries and are in high demand in power generation, electronics, transportation, mechanical engineering, construction, consumer goods, healthcare, food, chemical and other industries.

As one of the largest employers and taxpayers in Russia, Nornickel plays an important role in the social and economic development of the regions where it operates. MMC Norilsk Nickel considers social responsibility and commitment to the principles of sustainable development as key operational priorities for business development, community and investor relations, and environmental impact management.

The Company became one of the first Russian companies to sign up, in 2005, to the Social Charter of the Russian Business adopted by the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP). In 2016, Norilsk Nickel Group joined the UN Global Compact, which marked the transition to a new strategic development cycle.

Supporting the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals and sharing the UN's call to transform the business to the benefit of society, environment and the future of the planet, Nornickel started implementing its Long-Term Development Strategy until 2023, which drives its ambition to grow further as an advanced, cost efficient and environmentally responsible company.

NORNICKEL'S SUPPORT FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES AND STANDARDS

| Standard/initiative | Nornickel |
|--|---|
| UN and International Labour Organisation conventions | Declaring support and aligning its by-laws accordingly |
| UN Global Compact | Supporting officially |
| National Global Compact Network Association (Russia) | Member |
| Sustainable Development Goals of the UN 2030 Agenda | Declaring support and aligning governance practices accordingly |
| ISO 9001:2015 | Compliance of Gipronickel Institute's management system with the standards |
| ISO 14001:2015 ISO 9001:2015 | Compliance of MMC Norilsk Nickel, Kola MMC, and Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta management systems with the standards |
| OHSAS 18001:2007 | Compliance of MMC Norilsk Nickel and Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta management systems with the standard |
| ISO 26000:2010 | Declaring support and providing reports |
| GOST R ISO 26000-2012 | Declaring support and providing reports |
| AA1000AP, AA1000SES | Declaring support and providing reports |

Standard/initiative

International Platinum Group Metals Association

International Information Security Research Consortium

Nickel Institute

World Wildlife Fund (WWF)

National Association of International Information Security

Security Charter for Critical Industrial Facilities

FTSE4Good Index

Sustainalytics

MSCI

Social Charter of the Russian Business adopted by the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RSPP}}$

Anti-Corruption Charter of the Russian Business adopted by the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RSPP}}$

RSPP Responsibility and Transparency index and Sustainable Development Vector index

RSPP Committee on Corporate Social Responsibility and Demographic Policies

Environmental Charter of the Krasnoyarsk Territory



Nornickel's products for better quality of life, environmental improvements and green economy

The Taimyr unique resource base seems to be made to respond to the challenges facing humanity in the 21st century.

Playing a vital part in contributing to the reduction of air pollutant emissions, platinum group metals (PGM) are used as catalysts for the production of key chemicals, including agricultural fertilisers, that are essential for providing the planet's growing population with foods. Platinum and palladium along with their co-metals are widespread in medicine, particularly in its forefront areas such as oncology and production of pacemakers and other implants.

| | Nornickel |
|------|--|
| | Member |
| | Member |
| | Member. Since 2017, Nornickel's Head of Marketing has been chairing the Institute's Board of Directors |
| | Ranking among the leading environmentally responsible mining companies in Russia according to the WWF |
| | Member and supporter |
| | Charter developer, member and signatory |
| | Inclusion in the FTSE4Good Emerging Index |
| | Assigned independent ESG ratings |
| | Member and signatory |
| * 66 | Member and signatory |
| | One of the index leaders (in 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018) |
| | Member |
| | Signatory |
| | Organisational member |

25

The most common electronic products use nickel, copper, platinum, palladium, rhodium, iridium, ruthenium, cobalt, gold, silver and other metals produced by the Company.

It will be impossible to reduce air pollution in urban areas as planned or combat climate change as set out in the Paris Agreement unless hybrid cars with PGM catalysts are used extensively in the coming decades. In the long run, roads will be dominated by fully electric vehicles using lithium-ion batteries with high content of nickel and cobalt, as well as by hydrogen vehicles using platinum in their fuel cells. Electric vehicles will transform the global nickel and PGM industries. As the world's leading supplier of these metals, Nornickel is uniquely positioned to contribute to this change. Development of renewable energy is also impossible without stainless steel, nickel alloys and fibreglass as key structural materials used in wind and solar farms or without special conductive pastes for solar cell surfaces. However, high-quality stainless steel cannot be made without nickel; fibreglass cannot be produced without equipment that uses platinum and rhodium, and no conductive paste for solar batteries is made without silver. Apart from renewable generation, metals produced by Nornickel are essential for environmentally friendly energy storage systems that use nickel- and cobalt-based batteries or gases (hydrogen or methane) which are stored and processed also using PGM.

The Company provides comprehensive support for the green economy both in Europe and worldwide and reaffirms its commitment to sustainable use of resources and its status as a responsible global supplier of materials for sustainability purposes.

Mission and values 102-16

Nornickel's corporate values

The Company focuses on developing a groupwide corporate culture of mutual respect, trust and openness shared by its every employee. The corporate culture ensures effective implementation of the Company's strategy based on sustainable development principles.¹

Our mission

Through the efficient use of natural resources and equity, we supply mankind with non-ferrous metals, which make the world a more reliable place to live in and help people realise their aspirations for development and technological progress.

Corporate strategy

Adopted in 2013, Nornickel's corporate strategy primarily aims to unlock the resource potential of the Taimyr and Kola Peninsulas, improve the Company's operating efficiency and raise the quality of investment and capital management. In 2013–2017, MMC Norilsk Nickel ran a number of strategic initiatives that fundamentally changed the Company's technological landscape and can rightly be considered unique and pioneering. In 2017, the Company completed the first cycle of its development strategy. As a result, Polar Division upgraded dramatically its concentration facilities and reconfigured its metal production processes with Nickel Plant shut down. This significantly reduced environmental footprint of the Company in the region.

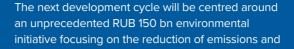
In 2018, the Company reaffirmed its ambition to grow further as an advanced, efficient and environmentally responsible company and presented Nornickel's strategic priorities in sustainable development and growth areas for the medium and long terms.

| EFFICIENCY | RELIABILITY | GROWTH |
|--|--|---|
| Delivering against our targets in due time and at minimum cost | Ability to address any challenges to ensure success for the business | Effective produup and upgrad groundbreaking development of |
| | | COLLABORA |

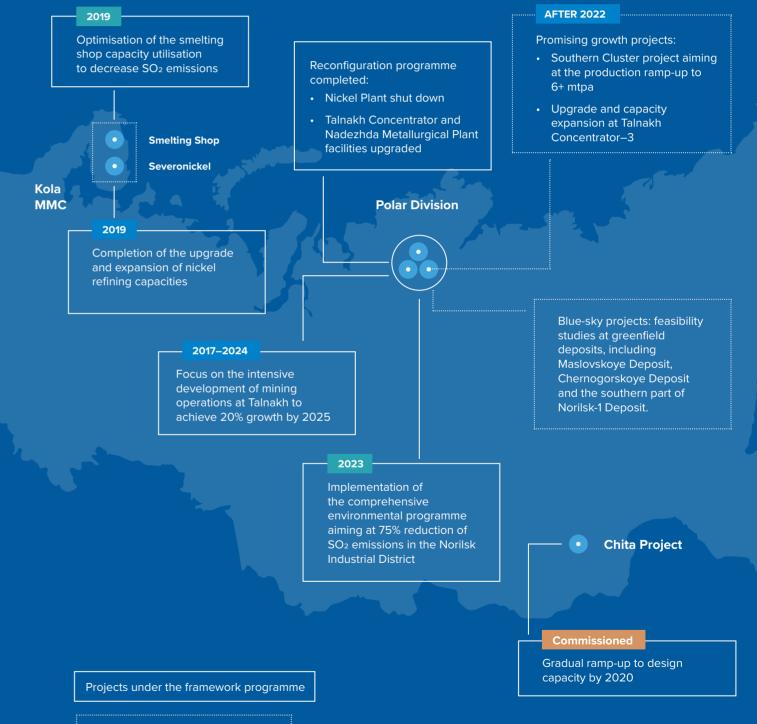
Desire to honour our commitments and take on responsibility for our decisions Ability to ensure a sustainably strong performance Effective production rampup and upgrade, leverage of groundbreaking technologies and development of our people

Commitment and ability of our employees to achieve goals and objectives through teamwork

TION



Roadmap to advanced, efficient and environmentally friendly production



Promising projects under assessment

¹ See also the Business Ethics Code at www.nornickel.com/Investors/Internal Documents and Policies.

environmentally friendly production. In 2018, the Company launched the large-scale Sulphur Project at Polar Division's Copper Plant as part of its environmental programme.

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NORNICKEL'S STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



- 20% LTIFR reduction each year
- Zero work-related fatalities
- Implementation of the comprehensive environmental programme aiming at a 75% reduction in SO₂ emissions in the **Norilsk Industrial District**

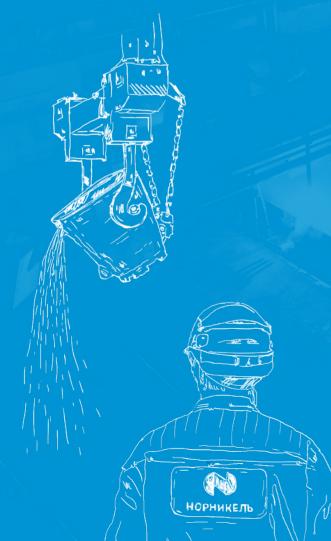
FOCUS ON SAFETY AND **ENVIRONMENT**



- -0 8 DECENT WORK AN 11 ∞
- 15–20% growth in metals output in the long term (2025+)
- Mining projects at the • existing deposits of the Talnakh Ore Cluster, development of the Southern Cluster, and construction of Talnakh Concentrator-3

LONG-TERM PRODUCTION GROWTH **BASED ON THE EXISTING ASSETS**

ANALYSIS OF NEW



EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT

- 5–8% growth in metals output in the short term
- Strict cost control to keep cost growth below the inflation rate
- Up to 15% increase in labour productivity (2020 vs 2017)









 Evaluation of potentially the world's largest greenfield PGM cluster, a unique blue-sky partnership project (Arctic Palladium)



GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES



The mid-term strategic priority for the Company is an efficiency improvement programme covering its entire production chain. Key focus areas of the programme are upgrade and reconfiguration of production facilities, introduction of new standards and processes, innovative management approaches, and comprehensive digitisation and automation of production processes. The programme aims at improving efficiency, increasing labour productivity, boosting industrial safety and transforming corporate culture. In 2018–2021, Nornickel plans to invest about RUB 5.3 bn in digital technology alone.

MMC Norilsk Nickel will continue increasing its share in new market segments and industries that are likely to generate demand for its products in the future. One of such fast growing industries is production of materials for electric vehicles and batteries.

103-2

When working towards its strategic development priorities, the Company factors in non-financial risks and principles of human rights and environment protection:

- unconditional respect for human rights;
- comprehensive measures to support indigenous peoples of the North;
- lower impact on the climate;
- alternative energy development (where applicable).

2018 non-financial performance highlights:

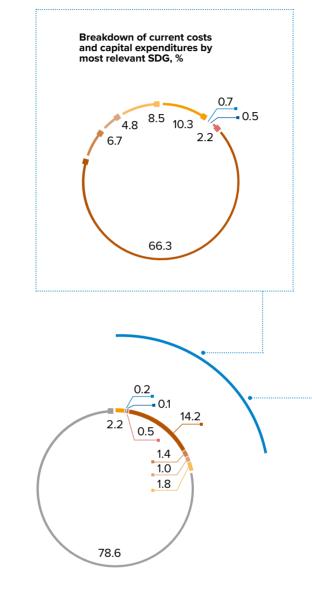
- dramatic improvements in industrial safety and health: in 2018, the lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) decreased from 0.44 to 0.23, down by 48% y-o-y, reaching the Company's record low and remaining below the average across the metals and mining peers. Over 2013–2018, LTIFR dropped by 65%;
- production launch and phased capacity ramp-up at Bystrinsky GOK, a cutting-edge high-tech facility compliant with high environmental, technological and social standards;
- · launch of the Sulphur Project at Polar Division's Copper Plant, the Company's most ambitious green initiative aimed at dramatic improvements in the regional environment.

non-financial reports for 2016 and 2017, the Company disclosed key sustainability targets and performance against relevant UN SDGs.

As the next step of integrating the UN SDGs, the Company grouped its major projects and programmes by SDG. For this purpose, 12 SDGs were selected on the basis of a survey conducted among stakeholders. The SDG-based grouping helped determine actual and budgeted costs per project/programme and assess the Company's actual non-financial performance. The results achieved will be used in 2019 to analyse and prioritise SDGs and concentrate efforts on priority SDGs. National and international contexts of achieving such SDGs will also be analysed to assess their impact on businessrelated risks and opportunities.

The chart below presents current costs and capital expenditures for the most relevant SDG-related projects as a share of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018.





Current costs and capital expenditures for the most relevant UN SDGs as a share of 2018 consolidated revenue, %

costs in 2018 revenue.

30

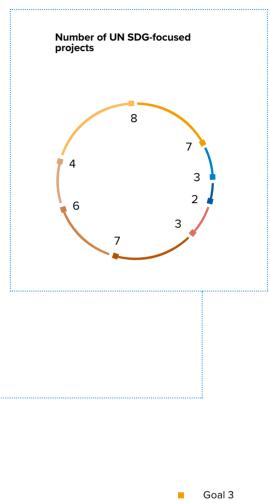
Sustainable development goals

In 2015, the United Nations adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, setting 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) for the global community and 169 associated targets as enablers of the SDG achievement. Since the SDGs cannot be achieved by the efforts of only governments or public organisations, the UN encourages businesses to focus on the SDGs in their operations. "Business is a vital partner in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals. Companies can contribute through their core activities, and we ask companies everywhere to assess their impact, set ambitious goals and communicate transparently about the results" (Ban Ki-moon, United Nations Secretary-General).

103-2

Nornickel fully supports the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the UN SDGs, consistently integrating them into the Company's strategy and everyday operations. In its public

-- 31



19.1% share of UN SDG-related

- Goal 4
- Goal 6
- Goal 7
- Goal 8
- Goal 9
- Goal 10
- Goals 11 and 12
- 100 Revenue

| UN SDG | SDG target | SDG integration in Nornickel's | Key initiatives and projects implemented by Nornickel | | Achievements of 2018 |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| Strategic priority | | corporate governance framework | implemented by Nornickei | | |
| 3 GOOD HEALTH AND HELE-BANG | 3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and wellbeing 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination | Occupational Health and Safety Policy Environmental Impact Assessment Policy Occupational Health and Safety Policy | Implementation of health improvement and wellness programmes for employees and their families¹ Voluntary health insurance for employees and their families¹ Comprehensive environmental programme for the Norilsk Industrial District (the Sulphur Project) integrated into the Roadmap to Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions in Norilsk (approved by Deputy Prime Minister of the Russian Federation on 28 December 2018) and the Fresh Air national project² Implementation of current occupational safety measures (providing employees with individual and collective protective equipment, special food and milk, maintenance of health centres, first-aid posts, medical units, mandatory checkups, health and safety training and skills improvement, etc.)¹ | 5. Air protection projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section I) other than the Sulphur Project² 6. Water conservation projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section II)² 7. Waste management projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section III)² | 24,631 employ and their family member the health improvement programmes 18,854 employ of the Group companie family members covere health insurance plans |
| Constant Con | 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship | Strategy Equal Opportunities Programme | Training and development of Norilsk Nickel Group's employees³ Corporate scholarships for university students and internships with Norilsk Nickel Group's companies³ | 3. The World of New Opportunities charity programme: grants for educational institutions and projects ³ | 87,462 employ covered by training, inc vocational training, retr skills improvement 311 students covered by Norilsk Nick scholarship programme 25 projects supported under the W Opportunities programme |

018

Plans for 2019

bers covered by nent and wellness

oyees

nies and their vered by voluntary ans

24,485 employees and their family members to be

covered by health improvement and wellness programmes

50,510 employees of the Group companies and their family members to be covered by voluntary health insurance plans

· 33

loyees

including retraining, and

312 students to be covered by Norilsk Nickel's corporate scholarship , programmes

Nickel's corporate imes

World of New amme

¹ Part of the Public Health domain (Russia's National Projects).

² Part of the Environment domain (Russia's National Projects).

³ Part of the Education domain (Russia's National Projects).

NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

| UN SDG | SDG target | SDG integration in Nornickel's | Key initiatives and projects implemented by Nornickel | | Achievements of 2018 |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Strategic oriority | | corporate governance framework | | | |
| 6 CLEAN WATER NO SAN TATER NO SAN TATER | 6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimising release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally | Environmental Policy | Implementation of investment projects aimed to improve water management (water cycle optimisation, wastewater treatment etc.) and water supply¹ | 2. Water conservation projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section II) ¹ | |
| | 7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services 7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency | Strategy Mission and values Renewable Energy Sources Policy | Rollout of the Automatic System for Commercial Accounting of Power Consumption (ASCAPC) across Polar Division (PD)¹ Implementation of energy efficiency and energy saving projects (initiatives) required by the Energy Saving and Energy Efficiency Programme and/ or the Programme for Improving Performance and Reducing Per Unit Costs¹ | 3. Delivery of investment projects aimed to develop power and heat generation, power grids and heat networks ² | ASCAPC design docum estimates for the PD un and approved 3,098 TJ fuel and energy saving from energy consumpt reduction and energy e improvement initiatives 10 MW increase in installed ger and transformer capacit |
| | 8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors 8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead | Human Rights Policy Working Conditions Policy Occupational Health and Safety Policy Freedom of Association Policy Policy Regarding Support for Small and Medium Enterprises Environmental Policy Environmental Impact Assessment Policy | Ensuring decent compensation for labour³ Securing employees' involvement in social partnerships³ Programmes to improve the social and living conditions for employees of Norilsk Nickel Group Implementation of current occupational safety measures (providing employees with individual and collective protective equipment, special food and milk, maintenance of health centres, first-aid posts, medical units, mandatory checkups, health and safety training and skills improvement, etc.) | 5. Implementation of health and safety activities required by the Comprehensive Plan for Labour Conditions Improvement, Labour Protection, Health and Recreation Activities, and Occupational Safety 6. Ensuring employees' involvement in improvement of the health and safety system³ 7. Delivery of the Operating Unit's investment projects (concentration and downstream) | RUB 111,600 average monthly salary 81% employees covered by agreements 25 social faciliti commissioned after ren |

34

18 Plans for 2019 ASCAPC rollout at Copper Plant, Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant, uments and cost units developed Komsomolsky and Skalisty mines and Common Storage Facilities

ings resulting nption gy efficiency ves

13 MW

increase in installed generation and transformer capacities

... 35

generation acities

ary

28 social facilities

to be commissioned after renovation

by collective

ities

renovation

¹ Part of the Environment domain (Russia's National Projects).

² Part of the Housing & Urban Environment domain (Russia's National Projects).

³ Part of the Labour Productivity and Employment Support domain (Russia's National Projects).

36

| UN SDG Strategic priority | SDG target | SDG integration in Nornickel's corporate governance framework | Key initiatives and projects implemented by Nornickel | | Achievements of 2 |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrants, in particular women, and those in precarious employment | | | | |
| | 9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities 9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending by 2030 | Strategy Mission and values Local Community Relations Policy Policy Regarding Support for Small and Medium Enterprises | Upgrading and retooling Talnakh Concentrator to increase its total ore capacity to 18 mtpa Projects aiming to develop local communities' infrastructure (including transport accessibility improvement): projects implemented under public- private partnerships (PPP)¹ projects implemented under agreements with local administrations¹ Delivery of investment projects aimed to develop power and heat generation, electrical grids and heat networks | 4. Research and development (R&D) and feasibility studies aimed to update Norilsk Nickel Group's Development Strategy, expand production and protect the environment? 5. Investments in the development of transportation and logistics assets 6. Construction and reliability improvement of the fibre optic communication line (FOCL) in Norilsk¹ | 1,081 m of Norilsk Airport's renovated On 21 September Airport received a compliance from t Transport Agency On 29 October 20 received a certification with the Federal A Requirements from Transport Agency 10 MW increase in installe transformer capacit 69 R&D and feasibility completed 318 hours/ye FOCL downtime |

of 2018

Plans for 2019

.... 37

ort's runway

er 2018, Norilsk d a certificate of m the Federal Air cy

2018, the airport ificate of compliance al Aviation from the Federal Air icy

alled generation and acities

lity studies

/year

Norilsk Airport's infrastructure to be upgraded

13 MW

increase in installed generation and transformer capacities

38

R&D and feasibility studies to be completed

NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

| UN SDG | SDG target | SDG integration in Nornickel's | Key initiatives and projects implemented by Nornickel | | Achievements of 2018 |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Strategic priority | | corporate governance framework | | | |
| | 10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies | Equal Opportunities Programme | Implementation of the complementary corporate pension plan for former employees moving from the Norilsk Industrial District Relocation assistance to new employees¹ | 3. Implementation of the Cooperation Agreement between the Russian Ministry of Regional Development, Krasnoyarsk Territory, Norilsk Municipality and MMC Norilsk Nickel to relocate people living in Norilsk and Dudinka (Krasnoyarsk Territory) to Russian regions with better climate and socioeconomic conditions 4. Implementation of the Our Home and My Home social programmes (purchase of apartments for employees in various Russian regions) | 545 former employees were paid complement pensions 533 apartment acquired to relocate per to regions with better of and socioeconomic com 316 people covered by the new em relocation assistance p |
| | 11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management | Environmental Policy | Comprehensive environmental programme for the Norilsk Industrial District (the Sulphur Project) integrated into the Roadmap to Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions in Norilsk (approved by Deputy Prime Minister of the Russian Federation on 28 December 2018) and the Fresh Air national project² Air protection projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section I) other than the Sulphur Project² | 3. Waste management projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section III)² 4. Other environmental protection activities required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section IV)² | |
| | 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources 12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimise their adverse impacts on human health and the environment 12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse | Information Policy Regulation Biodiversity Conservation Policy Environmental Policy | Comprehensive environmental programme for the Norilsk Industrial District (the Sulphur Project) integrated into the Roadmap to Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions in Norilsk (approved by Deputy Prime Minister of the Russian Federation on 28 December 2018) and the Fresh Air national project² Air protection projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section I) other than the Sulphur Project² | 3. Waste management projects (activities) required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section III)² 4. Other environmental protection activities required by the Environmental Action Plan (EAP, section IV)² | |

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Plans for 2019

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employee e programme

Complementary corporate pensions to be paid to 667 former employees

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450 apartments to be purchased to relocate people to regions with better climate and socioeconomic conditions

¹ Part of the Labour Productivity and Employment Support domain (Russia's National Projects).

² Part of the Environment domain (Russia's National Projects).

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| UN SDG Strategic priority | SDG target | SDG integration in Nornickel's corporate governance framework | Key initiatives and projects implemented by Nornickel | | Achievements of 20 |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| | 12.6 Encourage companies, especially large and transnational ones, to adopt sustainable practices and integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle | | | | |
| | 15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements | Environmental Policy Environmental Impact Assessment Policy Biodiversity Conservation Policy | 1. Cooperation with nature reserves (support for research and educational projects at the Pasvik, Lapland, and Relict Oaks nature reserves, Joint Directorate of Taimyr Nature Reserves, etc.) ¹ | | |
| | 15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species by 2020 | | | | |
| 16 PRACE, AUSTICE AND STRONG NESTITUTIONS | 16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms | Anti-Corruption Policy | 1. Implementation of anti-corruption measures in operating Russian subsidiaries of the Group | 2. Raising awareness of its anti- corruption practices among of Norilsk Nickel Group's employees | 100% of oper business units are implementing anti-corruption activi |
| | | | | | 100% employ of Norilsk Nickel Gro are made aware of in practices |
| 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS | 17.16 Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that | Environmental Policy Environmental Impact Assessment Policy | Cooperation with federal legislative and executive authorities, civil society institutions, and the business community | 3. Reporting on the Company's contribution towards the achievement of the UN SDGs in line with the UNCTAD guidance | 21 working bodies (com and working groups, by civil society orgar |
| | mobilise and share knowledge, expertise, technology and | | 2. Support for volunteering: activities implemented under agreements | 4. UN Global Compact (UNGC) membership and related reporting | public authorities wh Nickel Group is repre |
| ଚିତି | financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries | | with local administrations | 5. Support for corporate volunteering | 3,700 volunt supported by Norilsk Reporting on the pro from accession to the |

f 2018

Plans for 2019

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Group's employees of its anti-corruption

100% of operating

business units will be implementing anticorruption activities

100% employees of Norilsk Nickel Group's

of Norilsk Nickel Group's employees will be aware of its anti-corruption practices

Reporting on the progress resulting from accession to the UNGC

committees, expert ups, etc.) established ganisations and where Norilsk epresented

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rilsk Nickel Group progress resulting o the UNGC

MANAGEMENT

44 Sustainability management

- 44 Corporate governance
- 47 Operational sustainability management
- 50 Remuneration
- 51 Employee performance management system
- 52 Risk management framework
- 53 Corporate security
- 54 Information technologies

54 Economic efficiency

57 Stakeholder engagement

- 57 Stakeholders and interaction mechanisms
- 60 Dialogue with shareholders and investors
- 60 Dialogue with employees
- 62 Dialogue with authorities and non-profit organisations
- 64 Environmental dialogue
- 65 Dialogue in public non-financial reporting

65 Supply chain management

- 66 Supply
- 68 Product quality and supply reliability
- 71 Dialogue with business partners

72 Innovations

73 Transparency

LEADERSHIP IN INNOVATION

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HUKENI

Nornickel is on Forbes' Top 100 Most Innovative Companies list. The Company is committed to digitisation of every production stage. Most of the Company's processes will be digitised and automated by 2020.



· · NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

Management

Sustainability management

Corporate governance

102-26

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5 GENDER

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Nornickel's corporate governance framework is designed to take into account and balance the interests of shareholders, the Board of Directors, managers and employees, as well as other stakeholders.



The Company's approach to corporate governance, its key principles and the bylaws serving as a basis for an effective governance framework draw on the applicable Russian laws, including the Corporate Governance Code recommended by the Bank of Russia.



Nornickel's governance framework relies on the following principles:

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- · equitable and fair treatment of every shareholder;
- support for the shareholders to let them exercise their rights and lawful interests in the most reasonable and convenient manner:
- professionalism and leadership of the Board of Directors, and involvement of independent directors in governance;
- strategic management by the Board of Directors, its efficient control over executive bodies, and oversight of the risk management and internal control framework;

- sound, bona fide and efficient management of the Company's day-to-day operations by executive bodies accountable to the Board of Directors and the General Meeting of Shareholders;
- compliance with the Russian laws and the national laws of the countries of operation;
- corporate social responsibility;
- strong business ethics;
- zero tolerance to corruption and effective anticorruption measures;
- full, transparent, reliable and timely disclosure;
- robust internal controls, internal and external audits;
- · active collaboration with investors, creditors, and other stakeholders in order to increase Company's assets and market capitalisation.

102-27 102-28

These principles are reflected in Nornickel's official documents, including the Charter, Regulations on the Board of Directors, Information Policy Regulations, Anti-Corruption Policy, and other by-laws. All these documents are available on the Company's website.1

Pursuant to MMC Norilsk Nickel's Charter. its governing bodies are:

- the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company's supreme governing body;
- the Board of Directors, a collegial governing body in charge of strategic management of the Company and oversight of its executive bodies' activities;
- the Management Board and the President that represent the collegial and sole executive bodies of the Company, respectively, and manage its daily operations.





across our operations.

The Company's sustainability agenda is steered by the

Board of Directors and the Audit and Sustainable Development Committee (the Committee). The Committee is responsible for overseeing environment, social and governance (ESG) matters, risk management and internal control systems, and annual reporting. It also reviews the Group's guarterly risk reports, along with those of the Corporate Trust Service on human rights and other violations reported by the employees.

Nornickel has a set of internal regulations in place that address such areas as human rights, environment protection, industrial safety, stakeholder and local community engagement. and corruption prevention. Our activities are aligned with the best global practices and standards, including ISO 14001, ISO 9001, ISO 26000 and OHSAS 18001.

We regularly inform our stakeholders and the general public about all aspects of our operations. We have been reporting on our sustainability performance since 2004, with both recent and historical data available on our website.

Nornickel's Long-Term Development Strategy until 2023 drives our ambition to grow further as an advanced, efficient and environmentally responsible company. With these goals being the key deliverables for the Company and the Committee going forward, we will also ensure a continued focus on transparency of our business, keeping our stakeholders duly informed of all sustainability-related aspects of our operations. At the same time, we will keep reinforcing our sustainability governance by embedding more efficient practices and tools.

¹ https://www.nornickel.com/investors/disclosure/corporate-documents/.

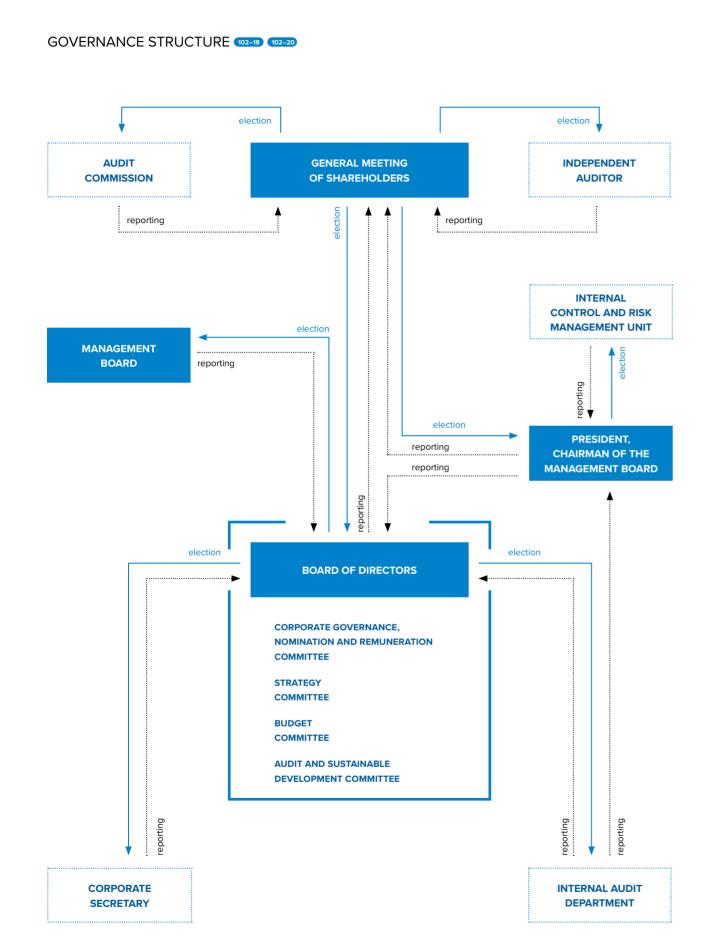
STATEMENT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS' AUDIT

At Nornickel, sustainability is at the core of our business. Our commitment to this cause means that we pursue our business goals in a socially responsible manner, making sure our footprint leaves a positive impact on the

45

Nornickel's sustainability goals are advanced through a range of initiatives and programmes designed to enhance corporate governance practices, further upgrade production, mitigate environmental impact and drive social development. In our efforts, we focus on projects that will benefit the well-being of communities

> Roger Munnings Chairman of the Board of Directors' Audit and Sustainable Development Committee



The Board of Directors has four committees: Audit and Sustainable Development Committee, Strategy Committee, Budget Committee, and the Corporate Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

102-19 102-29 102-31 102-33 102-34

In overseeing the Company's management, financial and business affairs, the Board of Directors may instruct the executives on individual matters and monitor implementation of resolutions and tasks. Authorised executives are vested with powers and responsibilities to address economic, environmental and social issues and may delegate their powers to other employees based on their competences and functions.

The Board of Directors meets as and when required, but at least once every six weeks. In 2018, the Board

| Committees | Directors | Chairman | Chairman | | ors |
|--|-----------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| of the Board of Directors | | Independent | Non- executive | Independent | Non- executive |
| Audit and Sustainable | | | | | |
| Development Committee | 5 | + | + | 60% | 40% |
| Budget Committee | 5 | | + | 60% | 40% |
| Strategy Committee | 5 | | + | 60% | 40% |
| Corporate Governance, Nomination and Remuneration Committee | 5 | + | + | 60% | 40% |

Operational sustainability management

The governing and executive bodies of MMC Norilsk Nickel and its subsidiaries are in charge of implementing the Company's sustainability goals and objectives within the scope of their functions and in accordance with the legislation and internal regulations.¹

The Company has created an extensive regulatory framework of over 20 internal documents to help integrate sustainability aspects into the Company's management practices and day-to-day operations of its functional units.

¹ Please see the corporate website at https://www.nornickel.com/investors/disclosure/corporate-documents/

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of Directors met on a quarterly basis to review the Company's financial results, strategy implementation progress, the management's HSE reports, and operational performance reports. In 2018, the Board of Directors of MMC Norilsk Nickel considered 175 matters, including 79 transaction approvals, 70 corporate governance matters, 11 economic and financial matters, 2 social and environmental matters, and 13 other matters.

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The President and the Management Board are the Company's executive bodies. In the reporting period, the position of the Company's President was held by Vladimir Potanin who concurrently chaired the Company's Management Board. As at end of 2018, Vladimir Potanin held the position of the President (CEO before 2015) for 6 years and 13 days.

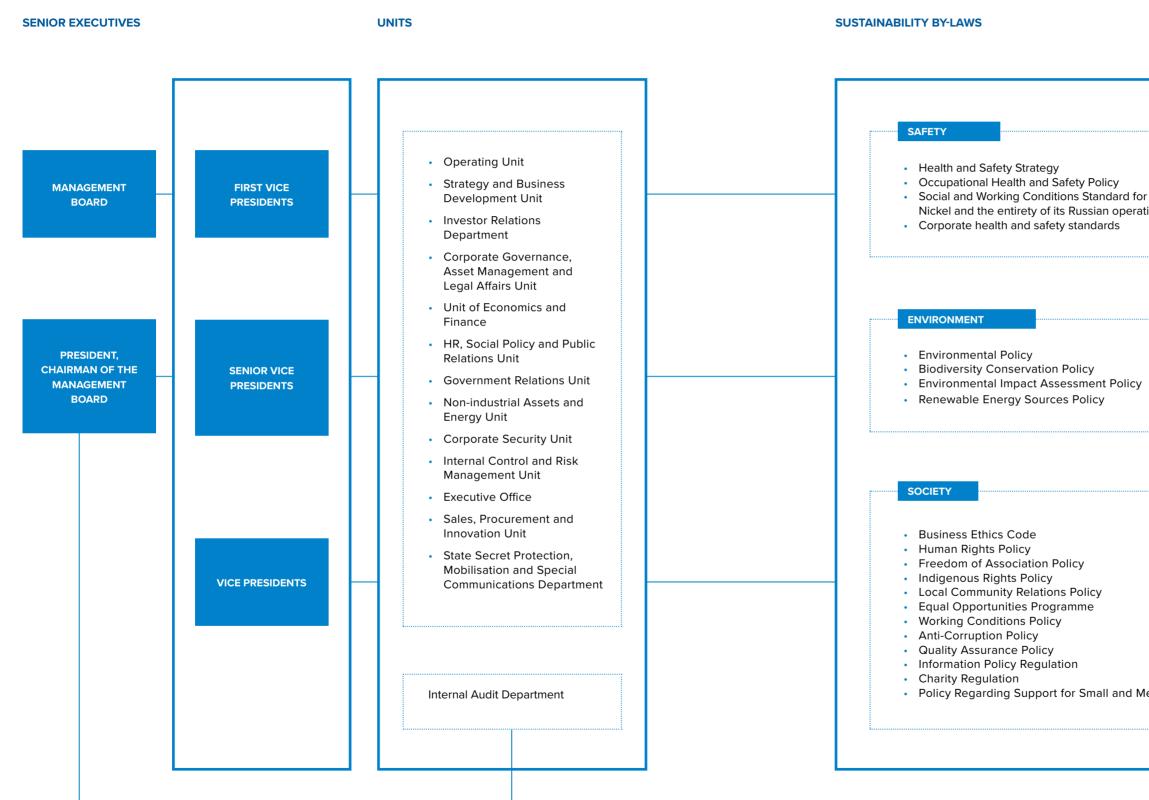
All executive efforts are coordinated by the Management Board, the President and the following executive committees: the Budget Committee under the Management Board; the Charity Committee, Health, Safety and Environment Committee, Investment Committee, and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Nornickel's management systems are aligned with best international practices and standards. For many years, the Company has been successfully running the Corporate Integrated Quality and Environmental Management System (CIMS). In 2017, Nornickel kicked off an efficiency improvement programme seeking, among other things, to introduce innovative management approaches.

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OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT (102-18) (102-20)



WORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | 49 |
|---|----|
| | |

| employees of MMC Norilsk | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| ions forming the Norilsk Nickel Group | |
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| | |
| edium Enterprises | |
| | |

| Company | Compliance of the management system with international standards | External audits in 2018 | Certification body | Certification area |
|--|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| PJSC MMC Norilsk Nickel | ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 | Surveillance audit | Bureau Veritas Certification (BVC) | Production, project management, storage, delivery, including by sea, and sales (nickel, copper, cobalt, precious materials, sulphur, selenium, tellurium) |
| Kola MMC | ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, OHSAS 18001:2007 | Surveillance audit | Bureau Veritas Certification (BVC) | Mining and processing of ore, production of nickel, copper, cobalt, their compounds, precious metal concentrates, sulphuric acid |
| Gipronickel Institute | ISO 9001:2015 | Recertification audit | Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS) | R&D, design, engineering surveys, engineering and environmental activities, project management in mining, concentration and smelting, and relevant inspection methods; development of standards for non-ferrous metal industry products and their inspection methods; development of reference standards for the composition of non-ferrous metal industry products |
| Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta | ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, OHSAS 18001:2007 | Recertification audit | DQS GmbH (DQS&UL) | Manufacturing of nickel and cobalt products |
| Murmansk Transport Division of MMC Norilsk Nickel | ISO 27001:2013 | Certification audit | British Standards Institution (BSI) | Freight transport by sea |

Remuneration

Remuneration of members of the supreme governing body

102-35 102-36 102-37

Principles and mechanics of remunerations due to executives are set out in the Charter, Regulations on the Management Board, and other by-laws of the Company.¹ The system of remunerations applicable in the Company is continuously and directly monitored by the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors' annual remuneration is set out in the Remuneration Policy for Members of the Board of Directors¹ approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders. The annual remuneration for non-executive directors includes:

 base remuneration of USD 120,000 for the Board membership;

- additional remuneration of USD 50,000 for membership in a committee of the Board of Directors;
- additional remuneration of USD 150,000 for chairing a committee of the Board of Directors;
- reimbursement of expenses incurred by directors in discharge of their duties.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders for 2018 established remuneration for the Chairman of the Board of Directors, an independent director, in the amount of USD 1,000,000 per year, paid on a quarterly basis in equal instalments in roubles at the exchange rate of the Bank of Russia on the last business day of the reporting quarter.²

Employee performance management system

Performance management

The Company put in place the performance management system five years ago, with assessment relying on a variety of key performance indicators (KPIs), including occupational safety, operating efficiency and capital management. In 2018, the KPI-based assessment covered 9,800 employees.

The system helps streamline evaluation criteria, enables the management and employees to align the current year's priorities with performance

COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT IN 2018

| Competencies | Participants | Outcome |
|--|---|---|
| Assessment of potential, current performance and development prospects of middle and top managers | Managers from a number of the Group's key organisations | 455 managers listed as those with a high career growth potential |
| A 360-degree competency review using an updated model | 270 unit heads of the Head Office | Development activities, tools and methods selected for the participants |
| Assessment of professional competencies for line managers employed at mining operations | 722 managers | Areas for personal and professional development identified |

¹ Total annual remuneration of the highest-paid officer (President) is not disclosed due to the confidential nature of information.

³ For the remuneration amount, please see the 2018 Annual Report.

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indicators of the Company/divisions/subsidiaries and link an employee's performance to their pay level. 51

The reporting year saw the Company continue implementing the performance assessment subsystem of the automated enterprise management system. By the year-end, the system ran at 19 Nornickel's divisions and subsidiaries. In 2019, the Company expects to roll it out across its energy assets and transport divisions.

Competency management

In 2018, the corporate competencies model was used to assess candidates at the recruitment stage, evaluate employee performance and potential, and add them to talent pool. The outcome of evaluating the managerial and leadership potential served as a key criterion for selecting managers with strong career growth prospects.

103-3

In 2018, the Company continued to train the Head Office's executives and high-potential managers from its facilities based on their individual development plans, with 50 of the latter completing the operating efficiency training at Moscow's Skolkovo School of Management.

According to the Company's Charter, decisions on remuneration and reimbursement payable to the Company's President and members of the Management Board are reserved to the Board of Directors. The total remuneration of the President¹ and members of the Management Board² consists of the base salary and bonuses (a variable part). Bonuses are linked to the Company's performance, including both financial (EBITDA, free cash flow) and non-financial indicators (workplace injury rates, labour productivity).

¹ https://www.nornickel.com/investors/disclosure/corporate-documents/.

² This amount is after taxes withheld in accordance with the applicable Russian laws.

In 2019, the Company will proceed with the diagnostics and management of professional skill development across its facilities, building a professional competency model for a number of functional and production divisions, defining knowledge and skills requirements for each position, and developing a set of test questions to assess professional competencies of employees.

Risk management framework

102-30 102-15

The Company continuously manages risks that affect its strategic and operational goals. These efforts include identification and assessment of external and internal risks in terms of their impact on key financial and non-financial metrics, along with the development and implementation of response and minimisation measures.

The Company's risk management framework relies on the principles and requirements of Russian and international laws and professional standards, including the Corporate Governance Code recommended by the Bank of Russia, ISO 31000 (Risk Management) and COSO ERM (Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework).

Its approach to risk management is outlined in its Corporate Risk Management Policy, Corporate Risk Management Framework Regulations, Risk Management Regulations, and other by-laws. The Company holds training sessions on risk management for its employees and managers at various levels.

102-30

Nornickel continuously manages its risks in all business areas and at all governance levels. Strategic risks are the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors and senior executives who are also in charge of key operational risks, while other significant operational risks are managed by heads of business units and subunits. The corporate risk management framework (CRMF) implementation and improvement initiatives are spearheaded by the Company's Vice President and Head of Internal Controls and Risk Management and its Risk Management Service. The latter submits its quarterly reports to the Board of Directors' Audit and Sustainable Development Committee for review.

KEY RISKS OF NORNICKEL 102-15



[•] Risk of power blackouts at production and social facilities in the Norilsk Industrial District (NID)

- Climate risks
- risk of insufficient water resources - soil thawing risk

Nornickel was one of the first metals companies in Russia to start using the business continuity management system and develop relevant plans. The Group companies drafted more than 20 continuity plans for catastrophic production risks to describe interaction procedures for business units, measures to support or resume production, rehabilitate or reconstruct the affected assets in case of adverse events with an extremely low probability.

When it comes to risk management development in 2019, the Company plans to expand the continuity management scope to cover non-production risks, such as IT, security and staffing risks, and improve risk management components in strategic and operational planning, as well as in other areas. WEB

Corporate security

Nornickel is a global metals and mining leader and a strategically important company in most regions where it operates. This makes corporate security a priority area for the Company that seeks to ensure safe and smooth operation of its facilities.

Development and implementation of group-wide security measures fall under the remit of the Corporate Security Unit, acting in line with the Russian laws, applicable international regulations, internal standards and quidelines.

The corporate security system is structured and managed based on a number of targeted programmes to maintain economic, corporate, information, facility and transportation security along with transparency in procurement and contractor selection. The Company pays special attention to supporting socially significant investment and environmental projects.

205-3

A landmark achievement in 2018 was no confirmed incidents of corruption, which was attained through a comprehensive approach to corporate security and a zero tolerance policy towards corruption.

Nornickel is actively engaged in public-private partnerships to maintain high security levels and enhance social stability at its facilities in the regions of operation.

• Also, the Company is enhancing cooperation with law enforcement and supervisory authorities. Nornickel representatives participate in public and advisory boards of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, Investigative Committee, Transport Prosecutor's Office and the Federal Security Service, and in interagency working groups.

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• The Company helped stage the Regional Transport Security Forum attended by the representatives of the Krasnovarsk Territory Government and Krasnovarsk Transport Prosecutor's Office.

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- In 2018, the Company held four drills and 123 training exercises together with the Federal Security Service, EMERCOM and the Russian Ministry of Defence.
- The Company implemented a comprehensive security framework at the all-weather Bobrovy Log Fun Park (Krasnoyarsk), the main venue of the Winter Universiade 2019.
- Ongoing is the project to set up a system of analytical situation centres to be further integrated with regional Secure City systems.

The reporting year's milestones include the creation of the National Association of International Information Security actively backed by Nornickel.

In April 2018, Nornickel presented its in-house developed Information Security Charter for Critical Industrial Facilities at the information security forum in Germany and the OSCE's cyber security conference in Rome. The document was approved by 13 countries.

Going forward, Nornickel plans to set up and finance research grants in international information security.

The reporting year saw the Company adopt a number of key regulations on the information security of Nornickel's assets and operations:

- Freedom of Association Policy;
- Regulation on the Personal Data Protection Commission;
- Regulation on the Commission for Critical Information Infrastructure Categorisation.

Information technologies

Nornickel leverages information technologies (IT) to continuously improve its production and business processes. While constructing new capacities and expanding the existing ones, the Company introduces advanced automatic systems to boost process efficiency, safety and manageability, optimise costs and increase productivity. Overall, the reporting year saw the Company implement over 40 IT projects, including:

- the Technology Breakthrough operating excellence initiative;
- Mining Control projects to allow for the online control of mining operations;
- the Economics and Finance Unit's strategic IT initiatives.

In 2018, the Company launched the SAP operations control centre to support the systems running at the Company's facilities. WEB

The Company's cutting-edge IT platform facilitates the introduction of advanced technologies and opens up new digitalisation opportunities. Nornickel runs pilot projects to implement potentially effective digital tools and solutions. 2018 saw the launch of Nornickel Digital Lab, a platform that helped test more than 10 technologies, including simulation modelling, optical

ĩ 103-2

Economic efficiency

Economic efficiency is essential for the Company to meet its strategic goals and deliver on its commitments to shareholders, employees, local communities and other stakeholders.

In 2018, the Company embarked on the second stage of its ambitious environmental programme, launching initiatives to upgrade infrastructure, accelerate digitalisation, etc. A year before, we had completed the construction of Bystrinsky GOK and reconfigured production capacities. Coupled with shifting deadlines for a number

Nornickel won the 16th National IT Leader Award 2018 in the Non-Ferrous Metallurgy category for introducing personnel and machinery positioning and radiocommunications systems at Zapolyarny Mine.

The automation system installed at the mine scans individual tags of employees and selfpropelled machinery and allows for wireless communication with each employee via their personal phones. It also features an anticollision technology informing the driver of getting close to the deployed staff or equipment.

The staff or equipment location data is continuously transmitted to the control room ensuring real-time coordination of actions in case of emergencies.

character recognition, big data and internet of things. In 2019, the lab will expand its scope of work to add new projects to the pipeline and pilot launch the designed solutions.

of investment projects, this helped reduce our CAPEX by 22% to USD 1.6 bn. In 2019, the Company will make investment decisions on a number of promising growth projects. We also expect to see further positive effects from our programme to increase labour productivity. We estimate our CAPEX for 2019 at USD 2.2-2.3 bn.

Thanks to higher output and metal prices, the Company's consolidated revenue went up by 28% to USD 11.7 bn, while EBITDA rose by 56% to USD 6.2 bn driven by stronger revenues, the launch of Bystrinsky GOK and a decrease in operating costs as a result of our ongoing efforts to improve operating efficiency. EBITDA margin stood at 53%, which is one of the best results among global diversified metals and mining companies.

The Company honoured its commitments, providing timely and full payments to the budgets of all levels. Tax and non-tax payments¹ to budgets of various levels totalled RUB 115.6 bn, increasing by RUB 15.3 bn y-o-y.

The Company's stable financial position is confirmed by investment grade ratings from Moody's, and S&P Global and Fitch.

In January 2018, Moody's upgraded Nornickel's credit rating to Baa3 (investment grade) and raised its outlook from stable to positive following an increase in Russia's country ceilings for foreign currency debt to the same Baa3 level and a change in the outlook on Russia's rating from stable to positive.

Also, Nornickel received the highest creditworthiness rating according to the Russian national scale (ruAAA, outlook stable) from the RAEX (Expert RA) rating agency.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

| Indicator | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Revenue, RUB bn | 456.0 | 506.1 | 548.6 | 536.8 | 728.9 |
| Gross profit, RUB bn | 238.0 | 277.0 | 270.8 | 268.6 | 406.3 |
| EBITDA, RUB bn | 218.2 | 247.3 | 257.3 | 236.4 | 389.2 |
| EBITDA margin, % | 48 | 50 | 47 | 44 | 53 |
| Net profit, RUB bn | 93.4 | 104.0 | 167.4 | 127.4 | 187.8 |
| Dividends paid, ² RUB bn | 159.9 | 154.2 | 86.7 | 176.2 | 218.9 |
| Assets, RUB bn | 739.8 | 974.5 | 998.3 | 958.3 | 1,059.5 |
| Total CAPEX, ³ RUB bn | 49.9 | 103.3 | 113.6 | 116.7 | 99.2 |

³ Includes costs paid in Russia for new construction projects, expansion, retrofit or upgrade of existing facilities, acquisition of machinery and equipment, R&D and other expenses, as well as housing and amenity construction.

As at the year-end, the Company had credit ratings from the three leading international rating agencies and the Russian RAEX:

55

- Fitch Ratings: BBB–/Stable;
- Standard & Poor's: BBB–/Stable:
- Moody's: Baa3/Positive;
- Expert RA: ruAAA/Stable.

In February 2019, Moody's upgraded Nornickel's credit rating to Baa2, outlook stable, following an increase in Russia's country ceilings for foreign currency debt to the same Baa2 level and an upgrade in Russia's sovereign credit rating to Baa3 (investment grade), outlook stable.

¹ Includes all taxes paid, net of VAT and dividend income tax, as well as insurance payments and customs duties.

² Dividends paid during the periods, excluding payouts on quasi-treasury stock.

DIRECT ECONOMIC VALUE GENERATED AND DISTRIBUTED¹ 2011

| Indicator, RUB bn | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. Direct economic value generated | 470.8 | 521.2 | 554.9 | 541.0 | 734.6 |
| 2. Economic value distributed, including: | 464.9 | 554.2 | 512.7 | 519.0 | 684.6 |
| Operating expenses | 162.0 | 175.7 | 194.6 | 194.1 | 228.5 |
| Community investments and charity ² | 2.7 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 17.7 | 12.9 |
| Payroll and other employee remuneration and benefits, including payroll taxes | 87.4 | 104.5 | 114.2 | 120.4 | 128.8 |
| Payments to providers of capital (interest, dividends) | 165.2 | 222.0 | 133.4 | 128.6 | 243.1 |
| Gross tax payments, excluding payroll taxes | 47.6 | 45.0 | 63.1 | 58.3 | 71.3 |
| 3. Economic value retained (1–2) | 5.9 | - 32.9 | 42.2 | 22.0 | 50.0 |

307-1 419-1 103-2

56

In 2018, budgets of various levels saw the Group companies pay RUB 39.6 mln in fines under 334 imposed sanctions, including 29 for environmental impact, 22 for breach of labour laws, and 283 imposed on other grounds. WEB

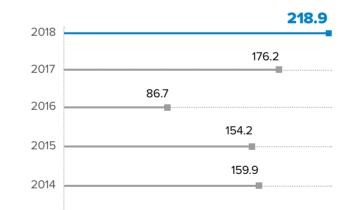
Dividend policy

MMC Norilsk Nickel's Dividend Policy aims to balance the interests of the Company and its shareholders, enhance the Company's investment case and market capitalisation, and ensure respect of shareholder rights.

The Company put in place the Regulations on the Dividend Policy approved by its Board of Directors to ensure transparency on how dividends are calculated and paid out.

When calculating dividends, MMC Norilsk Nickel accounts for the cyclical nature of the metals market and for the need to maintain a high level of creditworthiness. As a result, the amount of dividends may change depending on the Company's operating profit and leverage.

DIVIDENDS PAID, RUB BN





17 PARTNERSHIPS

8

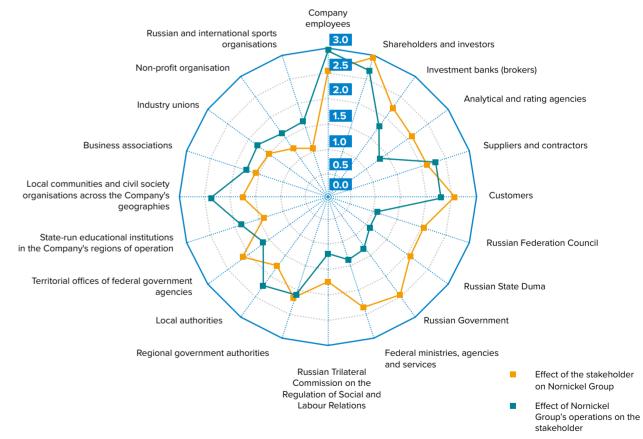
Stakeholder engagement

Stakeholders and interaction mechanisms



MMC Norilsk Nickel bases its interaction with stakeholders around making an ongoing dialogue with various groups a part of the Company's day-today operations, all in accordance with the AA1000AP,1 AA1000SES2 and GRI standards. Nornickel's key stakeholders are employees, shareholders, investors, business partners, national and local

STAKEHOLDER MAP⁴





² AA1000 AccountAbility Stakeholder Engagement Standard.

government authorities, local communities, Russian and international non-profit organisations. The Company identifies stakeholders based on the extent to which they interact, share interests and communicate with Nornickel.

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Stakeholder engagement principles and procedures are set out in MMC Norilsk Nickel's Business Ethics Code.³

The Transparency Policy of MMC Norilsk Nickel aims to provide stakeholders with complete and accurate information about the Company's activities and ensure proper feedback.

⁴ The map was put together based on surveying 78 of the Company's managers and employees, as well as external stakeholders.

³ Please see the corporate website at https://www.nornickel.com/investors/disclosure/corporate-documents/.

² Excluding CAPEX.

¹ Calculated on an accrual basis under the IFRS. The Company used an in-house calculation methodology developed in line with the GRI Standards.

NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

| Stakeholders | Key interests of stakeholders | Interaction mechanisms | Key interaction events in 2018 |
|--|---|--|--|
| Personnel | | | |
| Company employees | Social benefits and guarantees Favourable working conditions Decent salaries The Company's stability as an employer | Joint commissions, committees and working groups Discussions with trade unions and labour councils Offices for operating, social and labour matters Opinion polls Corporate media, booklets, information screens and boards Corporate intranet portals | Signing a new Collective Agreement with the Company's employees for 2018–2021 The Leadership and Management of Team Motivation corporate workshop Participating in the Youth Economic Summit during the Krasnoyarsk Economic Forum |
| Shareholders and investors | | | |
| Shareholders and investors Investment banks (brokers) Analytical and rating agencies | Capitalisation growth Dividend payments Transparency of information and timely disclosure of key facts The Company's sustainable development | Meetings (including one-on- one meetings) and conference calls Phone calls Emails | Strategy Day on 19 November 2018 in London Conference calls and a road show following the disclosure of IFRS financial statements An analytical review of the nickel and PGM markets prepared in alliance with ICBC Standard Bank |
| Business partners | | | |
| Suppliers and contractors | Streamlining of procurement procedures Accessibility of procurement procedures | Meetings, conferences, exhibitions, hosting negotiations Automation of procurement using SAP Procurement announcements Corporate Trust Service Joint workshops | Staging a conference for Norilsk Nickel Group's suppliers and contractors Building a single database of contractors from all regions of the Company's operation |
| The Company's customers | Product quality Packaging and labelling Delivery terms Information support of transactions Sustainable growth of sales markets | Organising meetings throughout the year Annual customer surveys Working with customers on matters of product quality Processing customer complaints and grievances Meetings, conferences, fairs, exhibitions Working with customers in connection with the consumption and market growth prospects analysis | Participation in the SFCHINA 2018 industry exhibition Production audits at Kola MMC's sites to confirm compliance with sustainability policies as per customer requests |

| Stakeholders | Key interests of stakeholders | Interaction mechanisms | Key interaction events in 2018 |
|---|---|--|---|
| Federal authorities | | | |
| Russian Federation Council Russian State Duma Russian Government Federal ministries, agencies and services Russian Trilateral Commission on the Regulation of Social and Labour Relations | Regulatory improvement in different areas Environmental impact regulation Support for domestic producers Stability in taxes Social stability support across the Company's geographies Strengthening enterprises' economic security | Working and expert groups, commissions and committees Public events Permits and licenses Intergovernmental commissions | Signing an agreement with the Federal Agency for Ethnic Affairs (FAEA) on cooperation aimed at providing support to the indigenous peoples of the North Creation of the National Association of International Information Security with Nornickel's backing |
| Regional government autho | rities and local communities | | |
| Regional government authorities Local authorities Territorial offices of federal government agencies State-run educational institutions in the Company's regions of operation Local communities and civil society organisations in the Company's regions of operation | Stability in taxes Environmental protection Social stability support across the Company's geographies Support for domestic producers | Working and expert groups, commissions, committees and councils Cooperation agreements Development plans for the Company's regions of operation Corporate and partnership programmes and projects Forums, conferences, fairs, and round table discussions Joint inspections, drills and training exercise | Government support for the Kola MMC upgrade Signing of the agreement to support SMEs between MMC Norilsk Nickel and the Government of the Trans-Baikal Territory The agreements to support the volunteer movement were signed in 2018 with the administrations of Norilsk, Monchegorsk, and Chita Launch of the Social Portrai of a City Resident analytical survey in the Krasnoyarsk Territory and Murmansk Region |
| Russian and international no | on-profit organisations | | |
| Business associations Industry unions Non-profit organisation Russian and international sports organisations | Information exchange Removal of administrative barriers Support for domestic producers Stability in taxes Environmental protection and industrial ecology Improvement of safety and reliability of precious metals supply chains | Joint projects Events (meetings, round table discussions, conferences and competitions) Membership in governing bodies and committees Opinions, proposals, requests | Development of the Information Security Charter for Critical Industria Facilities Participation in the development of the draft UN resolution for combating illegal production and trafficking of precious metals Extension of the term in office as chair of the International Nickel Institute for Nornickel's Head of |

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..... 59

ISS

Dialogue with shareholders and investors

102-5 102-10

The authorised capital of MMC Norilsk Nickel is made up of 158,245,476 ordinary shares with an aggregate market value of USD 29.7 bn as at 31 December 2018. The Company's ordinary shares are traded mostly on the Moscow Exchange, while ADRs are traded in the electronic trading system of OTC markets of the London Stock Exchange.

The reporting year saw minor changes in the shareholding structure. Olderfrey Holdings Ltd, the Company's major shareholder, increased its holding by 4.2% to 34.6% as at the year-end. The shares of the other major shareholders – UC Rusal Plc and Crispian Investments Ltd – remained unchanged at 27.8% and 4.2%, respectively. The shares and ADRs in free float accounted for 33.4%, owned by institutional and private investors from Europe, Asia, the USA, Russia and elsewhere.

In 2018, the Investor Relations Department kept diversifying the shareholder base and attracting new shareholders, organising over 350 meetings with institutional investors and an Investor Day in London followed by a road show in Europe and the USA.

Responsible investment

In recent years, the sustainable development agenda has been gaining ground, with an increasing number of investors and asset managers focusing on responsible investment. In 2018, the Company held around 20 target meetings with investors whose investments were primarily driven by environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors. In order to improve relations with responsible investors and agencies that evaluate companies using ESG criteria, the Company created a separate section on the corporate website with all pertinent information: https://www.nornickel.com/ investors/esg/.

ESG ASSESSMENT: THE LARGEST RATINGS AND INITIATIVES



Our key ESG achievements in 2018:

- in December 2018, the Company's score in Sustainalytics' ESG rating went up to 69 against 58 in 2017;
- in December 2018, ISS affirmed Nornickel's Environmental and Corporate Governance ratings at 4, and Social – at 3 (1 and 10 standing for low and high risk, respectively);
- in June 2018, the FTSE index score was confirmed at 3.1 out of 5.

Dialogue with employees

Social partnership framework 103-2 103-3

Nornickel's companies run a social partnership framework aimed at reconciling interests of employees and employers on matters pertaining to the regulation of social and labour relations. The Company performs its obligations in compliance with the Labour Code of the Russian Federation, collective bargaining agreements, and joint resolutions. It has in place the Freedom of Association Policy approved by the Board of Directors.

In regulating labour relations, employee interests are represented by social and labour councils and trade union organisations. The Company has collective decision-making bodies representing the employer, employees and trade unions, including collective bargaining commissions, labour dispute commissions, social benefits commissions/committees, social insurance commissions, health and safety commissions/ committees, social and labour relations committees, etc.

Trade Union of MMC Norilsk Nickel Employees, an interregional public organisation that includes territorial trade unions and trade unions of the Group companies, represents the Group's employee interests on an interregional level. The trade unions of transport and logistics divisions are members of the Yenisey Basin Trade Union of Water Transport Workers (Krasnoyarsk, Russia)

All the Group's major facilities located in the Norilsk Industrial District and Murmansk Region have put in place social and labour councils that represent the employees who are not trade union members. Chairs of the local councils make up the Social and Labour Council of MMC Norilsk Nickel and the Social and Labour Council of Kola MMC.

102-41

The Group companies have signed 21 collective bargaining agreements covering 81% of Nornickel's average headcount. As at the end of 2018, 10.8% of Nornickel's total headcount were members of trade unions, while 78% joined social and labour councils.

The absence of strikes and lockouts involving the Company's employees highlights the effectiveness of interactions and Nornickel's social policy, in general.

INITIATIVES TO INCREASE EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT

| Top management | The employer's brand value | Success factors | Performance management | Career opportunities |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Initiatives to increase enga | agement | | | |
| Corporate dialogues Communication training sessions Direct line with the Com- pany's vice presidents Interactions on personal matters | Positive Life Experience project Corporate volunteer programme Guidebook for New Em- ployees Onboarding programme | Nornickel's Leaders programme lamHR programme New collective bargain- ing agreement Interregional cross- industry agreement | 360-degree review Training sessions for managers on providing feedback Keeping employees aware of the Com- pany's priorities | New compre- hensive training system for employees in the talent pool Training course for mentors |
| Engagement workshops at unit forums | National conferences | Social and working con- ditions at the facilities | | |

In order to develop interregional social partnership, Interregional Cross-Industry Association of Employers "Union of Entities of the Copper and Nickel and Supporting Industries" involving six of the Group's Russian companies was established in 2018. In November 2018, the Association of Employers and the Trade Union of MMC Norilsk Nickel Employees interregional public organisation initiated collective negotiations to develop and sign an interregional cross-industry agreement for the key players of the copper and nickel and supporting industries for 2019-2022. The signing is slated to take place in 2019.

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Employee engagement survey

In 2018, for a second consecutive year, Norilsk Nickel Group organised a series of activities to manage employee engagement. The core initiative is a survey called "Let Everyone Be Heard. What Do You Think?" that includes guestionnaires and focus groups, covering around 75,000 employees and 32 businesses of Nornickel. Its results are subject to review, action planning and implementation at all governance levels, from facilities to the Group as a whole.

Based on the completed survey, the Company compiled a series of initiatives to increase employee engagement and motivate staff to boost their performance. These initiatives are grouped as follows: top management, the employer's brand value, success factors, performance management, and career opportunities.

NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

| Partners | Goals of the agreement | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Federal Agency for Ethnic Affairs | Interaction and cooperation a peoples of the North, Siberia operations | | |
| Rosatom State Atomic Energy Corporation | Interaction and cooperation t | | |
| Government of the Trans-Baikal Territory | Support for small and mediur organisations | | |
| Chita Administration | Cooperation as part of the Ye | | |
| Krasnoyarsk Administration | Interaction and cooperation of cooperation as part of the Ye | | |
| Norilsk Administration | Cooperation as part of the Ye | | |
| Monchegorsk Administration | Cooperation as part of the Ye | | |
| | | | |

Relocation programme

Since 2011, the Company has been contributing to a long-term targeted federal programme to relocate people living in Norilsk and Dudinka to other Russian regions with favourable climate conditions.

The programme envisages relocation, in the span of 10 years, of over 11,000 families. The Company participates in the programme as a benefactor, with its donation totalling RUB 8.3 bn. Since the launch of the programme, the Company has contributed a total of RUB 6,991 bn to the Krasnoyarsk Territory budget, including RUB 0.830 bn in 2018.

During 2011–2018, 7,107 families purchased apartments on the "mainland" and moved there, including 5,847 families from Norilsk and 1,260 families from Dudinka.¹

Public-private cooperation on corporate security

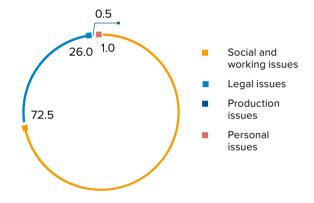
As part of its responsibilities, the Company's Corporate Security Unit actively liaises with government agencies. One of the key forms of interaction is the Unit's participation in industry conferences, forums, and business meetings with direct involvement of the legislative and executive authorities.

Also, the Company is enhancing cooperation with law enforcement and supervisory authorities. Nornickel representatives participate in public and advisory boards of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, Investigative

Offices for operating, social and labour relations

In addition to the Corporate Trust Service, the Company launched offices for operating, social and labour relations back in 2003. They are primarily tasked with response to employee queries, control of their processing, and prompt resolving of conflicts. The offices regularly monitor the staff's social status, enabling us to solve reported issues in a timely manner. In 2018, the Group's units in the Norilsk Industrial District ran 24 offices that received over 52,000 queries and requests mostly from employees (78%), former employees (21%) and local communities (1%).

QUERIES BY TOPIC IN 2018, %



Dialogue with authorities and non-profit organisations

103-2

Norilsk Nickel Group's guiding principles in cooperating with government bodies, local authorities and non-profit organisations are strict compliance with Russian laws, regional and municipal regulations and the social responsibility principle, collaboration, and mutual respect of interests.

Following the information transparency principle, Nornickel maintains an open dialogue with the authorities to build constructive and effective cooperation. The Company is represented in 21 committees, commissions, expert and working groups established by government bodies in association with the business community, thus supporting socially important projects. Representatives of the Company take part in parliamentary sessions and round table discussions organised by the Federation Council and State Duma of the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation, Government of the Russian Federation, Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs, Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Russian Federation, Association of Managers interregional public organisation, etc.

Nornickel is an active participant of conferences, forums and business events involving policymakers and government officials, and drafts hands-on proposals to optimise and develop the legal framework.

Starting 2017, the Company's top management attends regional authorities' public meetings to report on the results and plans of Nornickel. In January 2018, the Company presented its results and plans on implementing investment projects to the Economic Council headed by the Murmansk Region's Governor.

Over the past year, the Company backed large international and domestic conferences and forums:

- International Forum "The Arctic: Territory of Dialogue" (Arkhangelsk, official partner);
- Krasnoyarsk Economic Forum (Krasnoyarsk, general partner);
- Nevsky International Ecological Congress (St Petersburg, partner);
- St Petersburg International Economic Forum (St Petersburg, partner);
- Eastern Economic Forum (Vladivostok, business programme partner);
- ECOTECH International Exhibition and Forum (Moscow, official partner);
- Murmansk International Business Week (Murmansk, partner).

Cooperation agreements

In 2018, Nornickel signed a number of agreements with regional and local authorities as well as major Russian companies. The agreements covered a wide range of social and economic issues, including infrastructure projects.

| aimed at preserving the traditions and lifestyle of the indigenous a and Far East of Russia living in the regions of the Company's |
|---|
| to implement strategic projects in the Russian region of the Arctic |
| m-sized enterprises, development of partnerships with industrial |
| ear of Volunteer |
| on projects to improve Krasnoyarsk city landmarks; ear of Volunteer |
| ear of Volunteer |
| ear of Volunteer |
| |

63

Committee, Transport Prosecutor's Office and the Federal Security Service, and in interagency working groups.

In 2018, the Company systematically collaborated with:

- the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation on anti-terrorism and anti-sabotage security of the Company's critical infrastructures (fuel and energy utilities, transport infrastructure, etc.);
- the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Russian Federation to prevent stealing of products and materials containing precious and non-ferrous metals, maintain security at public events and take addiction prevention measures;
- the Federal Customs Service of Russia to prevent cross-border smuggling of metal-bearing materials;
- the Ministry of the Russian Federation for Civil Defence, Emergencies and Elimination of Consequences of Natural Disasters (EMERCOM) to drill emergency response plans and disaster relief operations;
- the Federal Security Service and the Ministry of Defence of the Russian Federation to organise multi-service tactical training sessions on the Taimyr Peninsula;
- the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation to foster international information security.

Environmental dialogue

Measures for reducing MMC Norilsk Nickel's environmental footprint are constantly on the agenda of the Company and its stakeholders. In the course of the year, both internal and public events feature environmental discussions.

In 2018, the following items were on the agenda of various forums and platforms:

- sustainable development of regions;
- · preservation of ecosystems across the footprint of production sites;
- improvement of environmental laws and regulations;
- promotion of best practices in environmental protection;
- the Company's environmental programmes and initiatives:
- industrial ecology problems.

At Nornickel's milestone event for the year -Investor Day 2018 in London on 19 November — the Company presented its long-term development programme, which sets out environmental protection as one of the strategic priorities.

Ecology was also at the top of the agenda at multiple international and domestic forums backed by Nornickel and attended by government representatives, captains of industry, investors, experts, and analysts:

- Environment Protection and Sustainable Development in the North VII environmental forum;
- VIII International Forum Arctic: Today and the Future;
- Arctic Days in Moscow federal forum.

MMC Norilsk Nickel maintains active dialogue with various levels of the government and the professional community on matters of application and improvement of the regulatory framework governing environmental protection. In 2018, the most significant venues for this dialogue were:

- parliamentary sessions of the State Duma Committee on Ecology and Environmental Protection devoted to Improvement of the Government Policy on Air Protection;
- meetings of the joint working group made up of the Federal Service for the Oversight of Consumer Protection and Welfare (Rospotrebnadzor) and the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP) representatives to discuss draft regulations on establishing and changing sanitary protection zones;

- the Environmental Aspects of Industrial Development international conference devoted to law enforcement in regard to approved informational and technical reference books on the best available technologies;
- the Environmental Legislation: Problems and Implementation Practices workshop.

Over the years, Nornickel has successfully used volunteer movements to promote dialogue on environmental protection with its employees and local communities. Russia declared 2018 the Year of Volunteer, and the Company launched its third Let's Do It environmental marathon. It spanned Norilsk, Monchegorsk, the Pechengsky District, and Moscow, as well as the Trans-Baikal Territory that hosted the marathon for the first time.

Nornickel's awards and achievements:

- Certificate of Honour from the Federation Council for the Company's environmental achievements:
- first place in the Business Leaders: Environmental Expenses category of a RAEX rating agency ranking;
- top 10 position in an ESG ranking by RAEX.

In June 2018, Nornickel held an environmental campaign to mark the World Environment Day as a way to reduce the plants' environmental footprint. The smelting capacities of Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant were suspended for 60 minutes, and Kola MMC idled its smelting and conversion department of the Metallurgical Shop at the Monchegorsk site for the same amount of time. In the town of Nickel, one-hour shut downs were arranged on three ore-thermal furnaces and two converters of Kola MMC's smelting shop.

In late 2018, Nornickel's two main production sites Polar Division and Kola MMC joined the Zero Negative Environmental Impact campaign, with Kola MMC idling the operation of the smelting and conversion section and three ore-thermal furnaces on 29 November. Polar Division joined the environmental campaign on 1 December. Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant's smelting shop idled its second processing line for three days, and the operation of slag cleaning furnace No. 3 was suspended for seven days.

Dialogue in public non-financial reporting 102-43 102-46

Each year starting from 2003, the Company has been engaging in dialogues with stakeholders while drafting sustainability reports. Since 2014, these dialogues have been staged as part of the We Are the City! social technologies forum.

The dialogues held during the preparation of the 2018 Sustainability Report included discussion points related to identifying the goals and targets within the UN's 2030 Sustainable Development agenda that were most relevant for the Company's operations and non-financial reporting.

These dialogues took place in Norilsk and Monchegorsk and were attended by Nornickel employees, local authorities and members of the general public. The forum helped identify the UN Sustainable Development Goals and targets most relevant for the Company and the regions where it operates.

Supply chain management 102-9





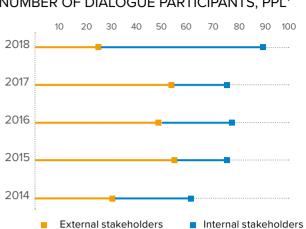
Supply chain is a set of interrelated

resources and processes leveraged





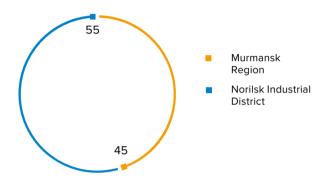
The Company continuously improves the efficiency of its supply chain by adopting best practices and standards and through business process automation.



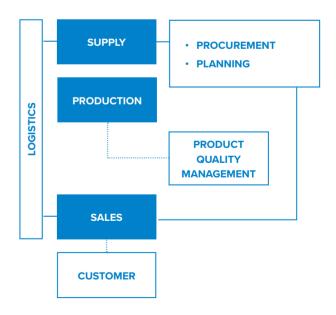
NUMBER OF DIALOGUE PARTICIPANTS, PPL¹

65

DIALOGUE PARTICIPANTS BY TERRITORY, %



KEY ELEMENTS OF NORNICKEL'S SUPPLY CHAIN



¹ External stakeholders are representatives of regional and local authorities, communities, and non-profit organisations, while internal stakeholders refer

Supply

Given the diverse businesses and geography of operations of Norilsk Nickel Group, the supply management function is designed to fully cater to the Company's resource needs in a timely and efficient manner securing seamless operation of all production units and negotiating the best available procurement terms.

The importance of supply management at Nornickel is dictated by the impact it has on:

- achievement of the Company's strategic goals. The supply function plays a crucial role in the programme to enhance efficiency and cut costs;
- occupational health and safety. The quality of sourced products and timely supplies have a material impact on occupational health and are directly linked to the workplace safety;
- 103-2

environment. An environmental impact is exerted throughout the life cycle of sourced products (production, transportation, storage, use and disposal) and is directly linked to demand planning, inventory management and logistics;

 financial performance of Nornickel across the footprint. As Nornickel is the only or key customer for many local businesses, partnership with the Group

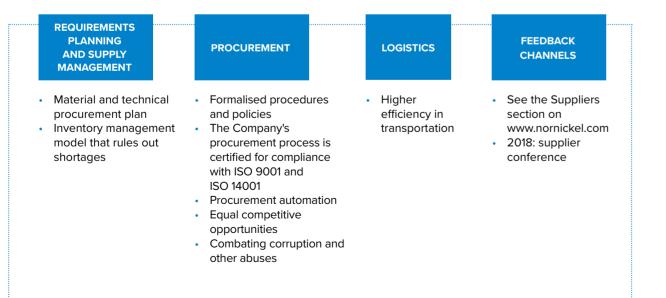
In 2018, based on an independent survey by the RAEX rating agency and the Association of Procurement Directors, the Head of MMC Norilsk Nickel's Procurement Department was included in the list of the most prominent heads of procurement according to the professional community.

does not only give suppliers an opportunity to ensure seamless operation of their enterprises, but also provides incentives for further growth.

Nornickel pays close attention to developing relations with manufacturers of equipment and materials, as they ensure the Company's ability to meet its strategic targets. Nornickel is committed to working with more local suppliers. To this end, it developed a centralised pilot testing procedure enabling it to phase out imported equipment with that manufactured locally. As at the end of 2018, Nornickel had 57 ongoing and 15 completed pilot tests. The Company established cross-functional commissions to determine promising directions for scheduled pilot tests aimed at achieving import substitution.

As at the end of 2018, the Company had 457 domestic and 35 foreign suppliers.





Nornickel strives to create an environment of shared culture, visions and values in its relationships with suppliers. An ESG clause is incorporated into the standard agreement with suppliers and contractors. The Company adheres to a number of codes of conduct applied by its business partners and devised by foreign manufacturers. There is also ongoing work to develop Nornickel's Charter for Suppliers that is expected to be signed by the Company's suppliers and contractors.

CONTROL OF NON-FINANCIAL FACTORS IN SUPPLIER RELATIONS 1032

PROCUREMENT INITIATION

- Scope of supply/work: legal and regulatory regulatory and recommended specifications of products an etc. 🗧 🖉 🗬
- Procurement documents: provisions for no signs criminal records in the biographies of top manac
- Procurement policies for certain product category supplies 🗕

PROCUREMENT PROCEDURE

- Qualification of suppliers: default risk assessment requirements (scope of supply/work, specificatio
- · Corporate Security's checks into business reputa counterparties •
- Analysis and evaluation of bids submitted, include of key employees •

CONTRACTING PROCEDURE

- · Inclusion of an anti-corruption clause in the conti
- Inclusion of product and service specifications in

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BY SUPPLIERS

- Corporate Procedure for Organising and Conduct contractors' compliance with health and safety re Control over compliance with the Company's init
- specifications, etc.) and environmental regulation

Key non-financial factors

- Quality of products, works and services
- Environmental protection

Our procurement team together with experts from other departments are looking into alternative technologies (alternative fuel and energy sources) that can reduce the Company's environmental footprint and cut costs. The results of this can already be used in procurement. The current tender procedure, in particular, includes a criterion of the supplier's readiness to participate in the Company's alternative energy initiatives. WEB

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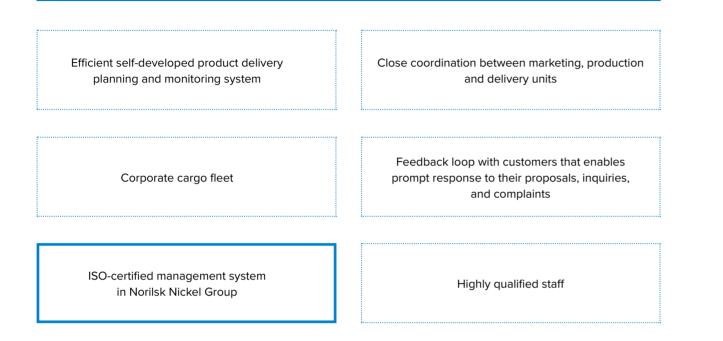
| irements of the Company, mandatory ad services, covering health, safety and environment, s of bankruptcy, overdue taxes and charges, and no gers • • • • ries may specify quality assurance procedures for | |
|--|--|
| nt and compliance with the Company's initial ons, etc.) • • • • ation, reliability and solvency of potential ding track record of similar projects and qualifications | |
| ract ● n the scope of supply/work ● ● ● ● | |
| cting High-Hazard Operations: control over equirements • tial requirements (scope of supply/work, ns during work and upon acceptance • • • | |

Occupational health and safety Legal compliance

Product quality and supply reliability

CORPORATE INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (CIMS)

FACTORS ENSURING RELIABILITY AND CONTINUITY OF NORNICKEL'S PRODUCT SHIPMENTS



Norilsk Nickel Group has achieved utmost efficiency in its production operations to provide the volumes, quality, and product range¹ that meet the needs of society while also fully complying with all applicable laws and HSE requirements.

Environmental and guality-related goals and objectives are in line with the Company's strategic goals and formulated in the management's resolutions based on annual Corporate Integrated Management System performance reviews. To achieve the goals and objectives, the Company develops plans and programmes and then implements them, monitors the status of target parameters, and assesses performance. In 2018, Nornickel's management systems successfully passed a surveillance audit, while the systems of Gipronickel Institute and Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta were subjected to recertification audits. As part of the second surveillance audit, Kola MMC migrated to the new ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 14001:2015 standards. A total of 104 employees (14 in the Head Office and 90 in the Group companies) underwent training in quality management.

The Company has in place the Corporate Integrated Quality and Environmental Management System (CIMS).



102-2

Saleable products offered by MMC Norilsk Nickel's Polar Division include copper cathodes, technical selenium (powder), platinum group metal concentrates (powder), crude silver (powder), commercial lump sulphur, tellurium for thermoelectrical materials (bars) and coppernickel converter matte (bars). M00k copper cathodes (GOST 859-2014 and GOST 546-2001) are certified in the GOST R certification system for compliance with the applicable product regulations and are registered on the London Metal Exchange under the NORILSK brand.

Kola MMC's commercial products (electrolytic nickel, carbonyl nickel powder, carbonyl nickel pellets, electrolytic copper, electrolytic cobalt, cobalt concentrate, precious metal concentrates, and sulphuric acid) do not require mandatory certification and are not certified against Russian regulatory standards. Products are labelled in accordance with the GOST and TU requirements. At the same time, Kola MMC's cathode nickel brands of SEVERONICKEL COMBINE H-1Y and SEVERONICKEL COMBINE H-1 are registered on the London Metal Exchange and Shanghai Futures Exchange. In the reporting year, nickel cathodes were registered on the London Metal Exchange under the NORNICKEL brand.

| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | |
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| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |

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 Continuous enhancement of operational excellence · Competitive products and services Guaranteed occupational safety, quality and reliability of supplies

Alignment with consumer needs and expectations

 Occupational Health and Safety Policy Nornickel Group's internal standards

 ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, OHSAS 18001:2007 Rules and regulations of the European Union. World Trade Organisation, London Metal Exchange, and Shanghai Futures

> By 2020, around 300,000 electric vehicles per year will be using batteries with components manufactured as part of the strategic partnership between Nornickel and BASF.

Commercial products offered by Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta Oy include nickel cathodes, nickel briquettes, nickel powder, nickel salts, cobalt salts, and ammonium sulphate. Nickel brands of NORILSK NICKEL HARJAVALTA CATHODES and NORILSK NICKEL HARJAVALTA BRIQUETTES are registered on the London Metal Exchange.

In terms of sustainable development, the prospective application areas for Nornickel metals include lithium-ion batteries, electric engines for vehicles, autocatalysts, electronics industry, hydrogen fuel cells and healthcare.

In 2018, the Company faced no fines for failure to comply with product supply rules and requirements. WEB

¹ The Company's products, when used as intended, fall in the category of those that change their properties almost completely: nickel is used in alloys; copper is mostly used in construction and manufacturing of electric and electronic devices; cobalt is used in electrical engineering and chemical industries as well as alloy production; platinum and palladium as chemical compounds are mainly used in autocatalysts; selenium is used in metallurgy, chemical, electrical engineering and glass industries; tellurium is used in solar batteries and photovoltaics and thermoelectrical materials; nickel and cobalt salts are used in a variety of industries.

Sales policy

102-4 102-6

In sales, the Company focuses on building long-term strategic relationships with key market players. The Company's customer base includes 434 companies, mostly industrial consumers. Nornickel sells its products on all key markets, with its footprint spanning 34 countries as at the end of 2018.

When it comes to nickel products, the sales strategy focuses on achieving a balance between supplies to stainless steel manufacturers and to other industry stakeholders.

As the world's largest producer of palladium, the Company continues to implement the strategy of entering into direct long-term contracts with end consumers to ensure sustainable and strong demand for platinum group metals.¹

Customer satisfaction monitoring

Consumers of the Company's key products are surveyed to assess their satisfaction on an annual basis, while

Customer satisfaction has improved by 6% compared to 2017.

buyers of sulphuric acid are asked to complete relevant guestionnaires once every three years. Compliance with contractual obligations is audited and analysed on an ongoing basis.

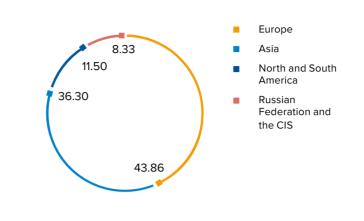
The main criterion for customer satisfaction is maintaining or exceeding the target satisfaction level at 2.5 points (out of 3 points). Key customer satisfaction surveys must cover at least 50% of the Company's total product sales. According to the 2018 survey, the customer satisfaction level stood at 2.73 points.

In 2018, the Company received 38 complaints and grievances about its product or service guality and achieved out of court settlement for 36 of them by meeting the demands of consumers (18 complaints were deemed unfounded). As at 31 December 2018, two grievances were being processed, with remedial action plans developed to address all 18 well-grounded and 10 rejected grievances. WEB

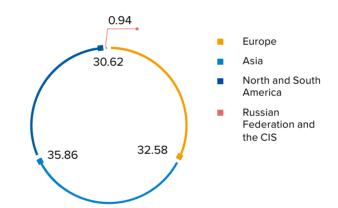
REVENUE FROM KEY METAL SALES IN 2018 BY REGION, %

NICKEL

2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT







MARKETS AND PRODUCTION VOLUMES²

| | 2018 | | 2019 | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Market description | Price evolution | Company's production volume | Market outlook | | |
| Nickel market | growing deficit | growth | 218.8 kt | neutral | reducing deficit | |
| Palladium market | deficit | growth | 2,729 koz | positive | deficit | |
| Platinum market | surplus | decline | 653 koz | cautiously positive | surplus | |
| Copper market | slight deficit | volatility | 473.7 kt | neutral | continued slight deficit | |

Dialogue with business partners

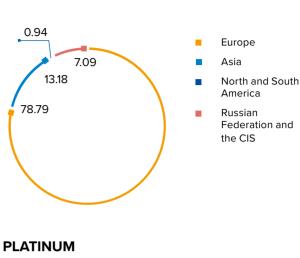
Nornickel has always paid close attention to building effective cooperation with business partners both in the course of joint projects and at various economic and industry forums.

The Company's expertise and solid track record in creating powerhouse industrial businesses that leverage cutting-edge technologies have laid the groundwork for successful implementation of projects with partners in both traditional and emerging industries.

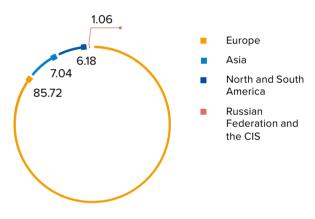
In 2018, Nornickel and Russian Platinum signed a framework agreement on strategic partnership to set up a joint venture (JV) for developing disseminated ore deposits in the Norilsk Industrial District. The JV aims to establish one of the world's largest PGM producers with the output of 70-100 t of PGMs per year.

¹ For more details on the Company's sales policy, see the 2018 Annual Report.

COPPER



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Dedicated to meeting the growing demand for battery materials used in electric vehicles, the strategic partnership between BASF and Nornickel became a landmark event for achieving SDGs and supporting green economy. As part of the long-term agreement, the Company will supply nickel and cobalt feedstock for battery production in Europe.

Nornickel forms a key link in creating a global mechanism to ensure reliability of precious metals supplies. In this area, the Company successfully collaborates with the International Platinum Group Metals Association (IPA), where it chairs the Security Committee, and with the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). In particular, the Company's cooperation with UNICRI and IPA yielded a draft UN resolution on combating illegal production and trafficking of precious metals.

² For more details on the Company's key metal markets, see the 2018 Annual Report.

Developed by the Company's Office for Chemical Forensic Analysis, the procedure for identifying the origin of precious metals in any product crossing the border gained international recognition. In the future, these unique identification methods can become an international best practice (following appropriate validation by the European Network of Forensic Science Institutes).

In terms of both infrastructure and methodology, Nornickel makes a significant contribution to the promotion of responsible consumption in the segment of precious metals and metal-bearing products. In 2018, as part of the International Nickel Institute's programme, Nornickel and other producers jointed efforts to systematically update the data on the nickel and nickelcontaining products life cycles.

As a member of the International Information Security Research Consortium, Nornickel can participate in crafting of the global information security agenda.

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



R&D plays a key role in implementing Nornickel's strategic priorities such as reducing the environmental impact, improving production efficiency and setting stage for the Company's sustainable development in medium and long run.

Today, Nornickel operates two business units responsible for the production development and upgrade. These are Gipronickel Institute, one of Russia's largest research and engineering centres for mining, metallurgy, concentration and processing of minerals, and Nornickel Digital Lab established in 2018 to focus on research in information technologies. The Company also hires Russian and foreign R&D and engineering companies and Russian universities to carry out its projects.

To improve the quality of decisions related to research and technology, the Company established an R&D Panel back in 2013. Gipronickel Institute comprises four divisions in St Petersburg, Norilsk, Monchegorsk and Chita. In terms of facilities and equipment, the Institute is on a par with the most technologically advanced international peers. In 2018, updated design documents drafted by the Institute for Bystrinsky GOK were approved by Russia's State Expert Review Board (Glavgosexpertiza). The draft provides for the plant to be constructed in 49 steps.

In its everyday activities, Gipronickel Institute concentrates on the development of standard operating procedures for key shop areas, such as ore mining, concentration, pyrometallurgy and hydrometallurgy.

Nornickel Digital Lab set up in 2018 has already delivered a number of projects and created prototypes for digital systems. These include a copper electrolysis short circuit detection system, a digital twin of Copper Plant's main aisle to streamline in-shop logistics, and others. Currently, there are about one hundred initiatives in the lab's pipeline.

On 16 October 2018, Nornickel and Skolkovo Foundation signed a partnership agreement providing for Nornickel Digital Lab to be housed in the Skolkovo Innovation Centre. The lab will track new technologies and business models, collect, classify and analyse digital initiatives, and prototype solutions based on digital technologies. According to the agreement, the Company will invest RUB 350 mln in the laboratory over 2019–2021.

Transparency

Enhanced transparency and information availability are the key guiding principles of MMC Norilsk Nickel in all of its pursuits. The Company has put in place the Information Policy Regulations and Procedure for the Interaction between MMC Norilsk Nickel's Officers and Russian and International Mass Media (updated in 2018), which govern its material disclosures to stakeholders and serve as a testament to Nornickel's commitment to go beyond the mandatory disclosure requirements of the Russian law and regularly inform the public about its strategy and mission, policies, key events and performance, as well as make clear the Company's position on certain topics.

In its application of the information policy, the Company is guided by the principles of regularity, timeliness, accessibility, reliability, completeness, balance, and impartiality, all the while taking appropriate measures to ensure protection of its information resources. The key annual disclosure events aimed at the target audiences are publication of the sustainability and annual reports and presentation of Nornickel's updated strategy and its implementation progress at Investor Day.

The key channels used to relay information to the public, investment and expert communities are publications on the Company's official website www.nornickel.com, press conferences, briefings, conference calls, and meetings with stakeholders. Nornickel takes care with its media relations, making sure to provide the Company's position on events (including emergencies) that call for comments from the Company's representatives, press conferences, briefings, or press releases.

... 73

Over the past year, the number of media publications about Nornickel increased by over 27% compared to 2017. In total, Russian outlets mentioned the Company 95,820 times. This rise in coverage was spread out across all of the Group's geographies, with the outlets focusing mainly on the social and production activities of the Company, its environmental and sporting initiatives, as well as charitable projects and support for local communities.

Media coverage peaked in February, April and September of 2018. Throughout the year, Russian outlets reported on the Company's investing activities, agreements with the Murmansk Region and Trans-Baikal Territory, support of Universiade-2019, and the launch of the Sulphur Project, as well as social and charitable programmes and initiatives of Nornickel.

An important focus area of 2018 was the continued enhancement of the Company's social media presence in light of the step-up in coverage of Nornickel's social and charitable projects and especially the 2019 Winter Universiade in Krasnoyarsk, where the Company acted as the general partner.

COMPLIANCE

WITH THE UN GLOBAL COMPACT

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- 111 Biodiversity conservation
- 114 Impacts from transport operations
- 115 Impacts from foreign operations
- 115 Energy saving and energy efficiency

PEOPLE MAKE ALL THE DIFFERENCE

Nornickel received the international Randstad Award as the best employer in the metals and mining sector. The recognition came as a result of Nornickel's successful HR strategy.

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····· NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

Compliance with the UN Global Compact

Human rights

Human Rights Policy

UN GLOBAL COMPACT PRINCIPLES

Principle 1: Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human riahts.

Principle 2: Businesses should make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.

Respect for human rights is one of fundamental principles of Nornickel's operations. Being a socially responsible business, a major employer and a taxpayer operating in the territories with a mature legal culture, the Company promotes human rights. No operations are run in and nor raw materials procured from areas involved in military conflicts.

The Company complies with the applicable laws of the Russian Federation and other countries of its presence and respects both international standards for human rights protection and labour standards set out in the International Bill of Human Rights, the International Labour Organisation Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

Nornickel takes steps to prevent and remedy any human rights violations, if any, across its assets and operations, including those engaged in exploration, production, concentration, refinement, output of end products, marketing and sales of non-ferrous and precious metals, as well as upon shut down of the Company's mining operations, various production units and divisions across its locations. The Company expects its contractors to uphold human rights as well, which is formalised in a number of internal policies.

The protection of human rights is reflected in the Company's by-laws governing the HR, environmental, social and other matters.

The Company's President is responsible for ensuring that Nornickel respects human rights. The Company's employees are committed to respecting human rights and complying with the Russian and international laws and the Company's by-laws on human rights. The Company has a clear management structure alongside escalation and reporting lines to address human rights.

All of the Company's new projects are screened for compliance with national and international legislation and, by extension, human rights laws. These checks span over ten of Nornickel's functional divisions. The Company is mindful of human rights risks, so in addition to ensuring full compliance with the applicable requirements it also implements best practices: signs employment contracts and collective bargaining agreements, creates favourable work and rest conditions for its employees, including through carrying out new social infrastructure projects (housing, transport infrastructure, cultural and recreational facilities).

Information on alleged human rights violations is collected via Nornickel's Corporate Trust Service, employee questionnaires, and sentiment surveys among local population. The Company guarantees confidentiality for whistle-blowers and respondents. Report statistics are reviewed by the Audit and Sustainable Development Committee of the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis.

In 2018, there were no incidents involving human rights violations. No disputes with the local population over land use were recorded. The Company does not plan any ramp-up in works related to acquiring land from the population and forced relocation.





Interaction with indigenous northern minorities

103-2 103-3

Nornickel respects the rights, traditions, long-standing values and interests of indigenous northern minorities inhabiting the Company's regions of operation. Nornickel's operations and companies located in traditional settlement areas of indigenous northern minorities include the Polar Transportation Branch, Norilskgazprom, Taimyrgaz and Norilsktransgaz. Nornickel's key commitments to further strengthen and develop relations with indigenous northern minorities that benefit both parties are set out in the Indigenous Rights Policy,² which is aligned with the Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention of the International Labour Organisation.

MM6

Representatives of the Group companies are members of indigenous northern minority commissions organised by local authorities.

Key areas of interaction with indigenous northern minorities

Nornickel's key projects in the Arctic are focused on reducing air emissions, coastal cleanup and restoration of ecosystems, biodiversity preservation (including aquatic bioresources), development of transport infrastructure and Arctic shipping, ensuring transport accessibility of the Arctic, and implementing the Northern Supply Haul programme. Nornickel is active in promoting renewable energy sources in the Arctic, with the Taimyr HPP Cascade upgrade being one of the Company's major investment projects.

The Company has been supporting initiatives to improve living standards of the Taimyr Peninsula's indigenous people. The initiatives cover housing

3 GOOD HEALTH

6 CLEAN WATER

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10 REDUCED

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15 LIFE ON LAND

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17 PARTNERSHIPS

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77

construction, maintenance and social projects in small and separated settlements on the Taimyr Peninsula, along with delivery of social aid for indigenous northern minorities and food for children of reindeer herders, and other projects.

To preserve national traditions and culture of indigenous northern minorities, the Company participates in staging the Big Agrish ethnic celebration, as well as annual professional festivals for tundra inhabitants on the occasion of Reindeer Herder's Day and Fisherman's Day.

Since 2017, Nornickel has been implementing the Comfortable Taimyr project as per its agreement with the Taymyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District authorities. Under the project, the Company is to fund the building of 2,500 sq m of housing in the Tukhard settlement, where housing stock disrepair was a serious issue. Pursuant to the agreement, Nornickel will build new and modern housing, as well as a utilities and social infrastructure with a school, kindergarten, hospital, boiler, power plant, and local treatment facilities. The location for the new housing was determined by a residents meeting based on their lifestyle.

In 2018, Nornickel and the Federal Agency for Ethnic Affairs (FAEA) signed an agreement on cooperation aimed at providing support to the indigenous peoples of the North who live in areas where the Company operates. Nornickel is supporting the Siberian Federal University's work to revive the written language of the indigenous peoples of the North as part of the International Year of Indigenous Languages (2019).

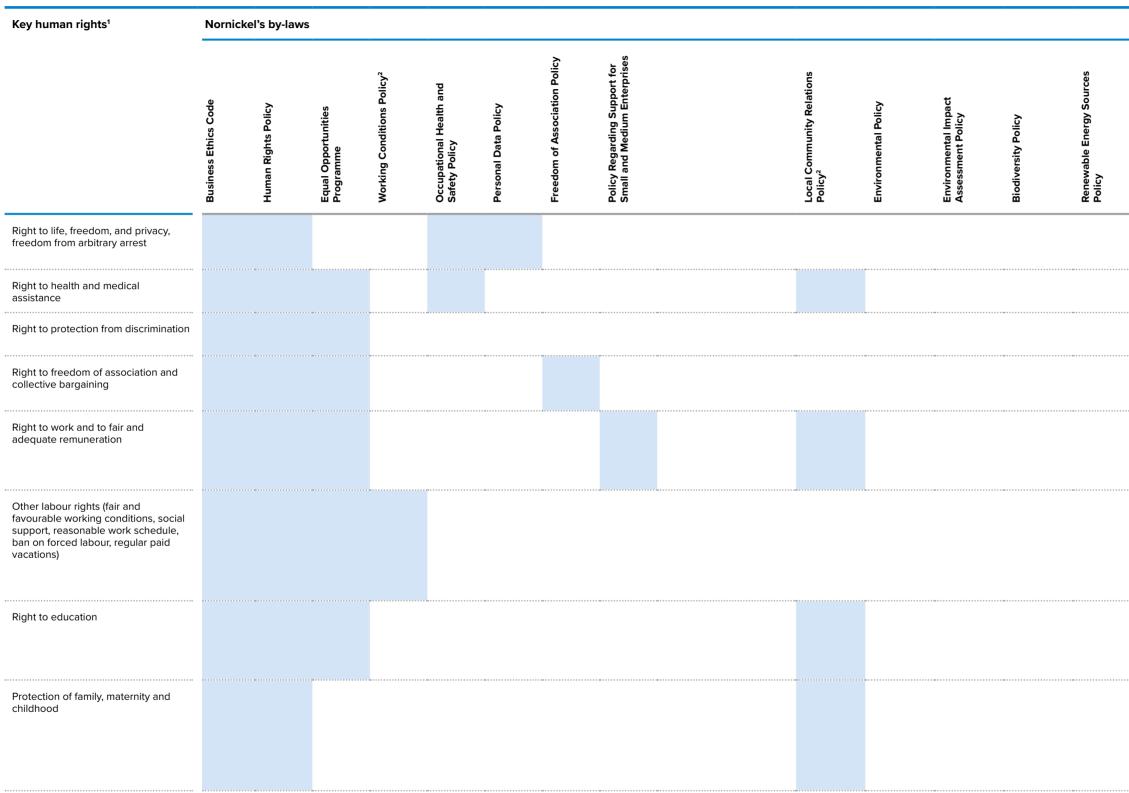
In 2018, there was no record of the Company violating the rights of indigenous minorities. 411-1

documents/#corporate-codes-and-policies.

² Approved by the resolution of the Board of Directors in February 2018.

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RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS ACROSS NORNICKEL'S OPERATIONS



| | Nornickel's contribution |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | |
| cy² | |
| Indigenous Rights Policy ² | |
| lights | |
| ous R | |
| digen | |
| <u> </u> | |
| | In 2018, the Company's health and safety indicators were some of the best in the metals and mining industry, with LTIFR standing at 0.23 |
| | |
| | The Company does not tolerate |
| | discrimination on any grounds |
| | The Company runs a social partnership framework, with collective agreements |
| | covering 80% of the workforce |
| | The average salary paid to Nornickel's employees is well above Russia's average. The Company takes steps to secure jobs for vulnerable population groups and people with disabilities |
| | The Company complies with the Russian Federation employment laws that are in line with the UN documents ratified by Russia. |
| | In 2018, Randstad Award recognised Nornickel as the most attractive employer in the Russian metals and mining industry. |
| | Forced labour is forbidden |
| | The Company runs a wide range of training courses for all of its personnel categories, providing career guidance and targeted support to educational institutions across its geographies |
| | Child labour is forbidden. |
| | The Company respects and protects the rights of mothers and pregnant women. |
| | Its social programmes in the fields of housing, healthcare and culture aim to support and provide leisure opportunities for |
| | families |
| | |

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¹ According to the International Bill of Human Rights, the Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention of the International Labour Organisation, and the Constitution of Russia.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,$ The Company expects its contractors to also adhere to these documents.

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| Key human rights ¹ | Nornio | ckel's by-lav | ws | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|------|--|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Business Ethics Code | Human Rights Policy | Equal Opportunities Programme | Working Conditions Policy ² | Occupational Health and Safety Policy | Personal Data Policy | Freedom of Association Policy | Policy Regarding Support for Small and Medium Enterprises | | Local Community Relations Policy ² | Environmental Policy | Environmental Impact Assessment Policy | Biodiversity Policy | Renewable Energy Sources Policy |
| Freedom of movement | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Right to shelter, right to own property | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Right to a healthy environment | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rights of indigenous peoples | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



QUALITY

5 GENDER EQUALITY

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Labour relations

UN GLOBAL COMPACT PRINCIPLES

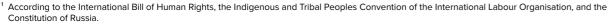
Principle 3: Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining.

Principle 4: Businesses should uphold the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour.

Principle 5: Businesses should uphold the effective abolition of child labour.



Principle 6: Businesses should uphold the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.



 $^{\rm 2}\,$ The Company expects its contractors to also adhere to these documents.

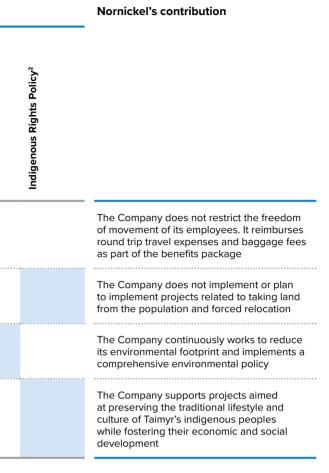


Employees and social policy

103-2

Human capital is a key driving force behind the Company's growth. In recognising this, the management of Norilsk Nickel Group seeks to create conditions that would boost employee performance and engagement, and exercises a comprehensive approach to HR management.

Respect for employees and their rights lies at the heart of the Group's business. The protection of human rights is guaranteed in a number of the Company's documents, including the Business Ethics Code, Personal Data Policy, Anti-Embezzlement Regulation and Human Rights Policy. WEE



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HR management assessment

103-3

To assess HR management and make efficient decisions, the Company continuously monitors HR metrics, analyses the structure of staff costs, labour productivity, and performance of social, adaptation and other programmes. The Company plans to introduce continuous monitoring of staff engagement and satisfaction.

Staff composition

Nornickel received the international Randstad Award as the best employer in the metals and mining sector. The recognition came as a result of Nornickel's successful HR strategy.

This was not the first time that Nornickel won this prestigious award. In 2016, the Company received Randstad's Grand Prix as the Best Employer in the Russian metals and mining industry.

HR MANAGEMENT

REGULATION

- Principles and provisions of the international law, standards of the International Labour Organisation, national laws of the countries of operation
- The Constitution and Labour Code of the **Russian Federation**
- Equal Opportunities Programme
- Freedom of Association Policy

RESPONSIBILITY

- Board of Directors' Corporate Governance. Nomination and Remuneration Committee: approval of priorities and policies and monitoring of the Company's performance
- President: implementation of the HR strategy
- Senior Vice President for HR, Social Policy and Public Relations: development and implementation of the HR strategy
- HR Department: development and implementation of the HR strategy and the social policy

- Working Conditions Policy
- Nornickel's Personal Data Policy
- Talent Pool Regulation
- Procedure for Assessing Employee Performance

- Social Policy Department: development and implementation of the social policy, social and charitable programmes
- HR functions of the Group companies: implementation of HR and social policies

PRIORITIES

- Building a skilled and balanced team
- Creating a talent pool
- Improving the incentive system

The Group's average headcount in 2018 was 74,926 employees in Russian companies, and 975 employees in foreign subsidiaries.

The headcount decrease across the Russian operations by 3.9% y-o-y was due to the programme to improve labour productivity and reduce costs.

102-8

The headcount¹ of the Group's Russian companies as at the year-end stood at 74,960. Most of employees work full time (>99%) and on the basis of unlimited employment contracts (>96%). As at the end of 2018, there were 541 employees working under civil contracts.

- Training and developing the staff
- Implementing the social policy

GROUP PERSONNEL STRUCTURE BY **TERRITORY. %**

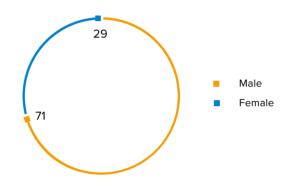
| 66.9 | Norilsk Industrial District (NID) |
|-------|---|
| 16.6 | Kola Peninsula Industrial District (Murmansk Region) |
| 4.647 | Krasnoyarsk Territory (excluding NID) |
| 4.456 | Trans-Baikal Territory |
| 6.164 | Moscow and other regions of Russia |

1.284 Outside Russia

HEADCOUNT OF THE GROUP'S FOREIGN **OPERATIONS, EMPLOYEES**

| Europe | 330 |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Asia | 13 |
| North America | 10 |
| | |
| Australia | 5 |
| Africa (South Africa) | 605 |
| Africa (Botswana) | 12 |

PERSONNEL STRUCTURE BY GENDER,¹%



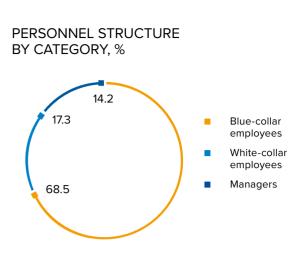
KEY PERSONNEL TURNOVER INDICATORS² 4011

| Indicator | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Employments | 10,103 | 13,220 | 15,607 | 15,166 | 11,262 | 14,901 |
| Employee inflow ratio, ³ % | 12.2 | 16.5 | 19.1 | 18.8 | 14.6 | 19.9 |
| Separations | 13,738 | 12,812 | 14,277 | 15,413 | 15,232 | 16,918 |
| Employee turnover,4 % | 12.1 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.2 |
| Employee outflow ratio, ⁵ % | 16.7 | 15.6 | 17.1 | 19.2 | 20.0 | 22.6 |

103.2

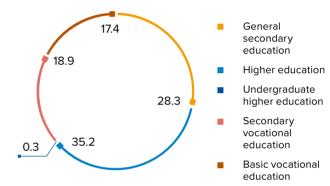
The Company is a major employer in the Norilsk Industrial District and the Kola Peninsula and as such has a significant impact on these regions' labour markets. The Company has no policies in place providing for the preferential hiring of locals; staff selection takes into account candidates' skills, gualifications, and education.

¹ Including salaried employees and external part-timers.



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PERSONNEL STRUCTURE BY EDUCATION, %



In 2018, the Company employed 509 new permanent staff members from other regions of Russia.

202-2

The share of top executives representing local communities stood at 98.0%. Russian citizens accounted for 99.6% of the Russian operations' total headcount. WEB

⁴ The ratio of resignations, dismissals for breach of labour discipline, and negotiated terminations, to the average annual headcount.

¹ Unless otherwise specified, the indicators are hereinafter provided for the Group's Russian operations. ² Russian companies of the Group.

³ The ratio of new employments to total employments as at the end of the period.

⁵ The ratio of all separations to total employments as at the end of the period.

Personnel development

The Company views its people as its key asset and keeps investing in their professional and personal development. Our personnel development policy focuses on creating an environment that helps fully unlock the professional and creative potential of each employee while also fostering team spirit and commitment to the Company's goals. With this in mind, the Company plans the professional and career growth of its people, builds a talent pool for managerial positions, trains and promotes pool members.

Training

103-2 404-2

With our reconfigured production cycle, modernised operations, new technologies and approaches, we need to make sure our employees meet the new expertise, skill and competency requirements. This is why training plays an important role in Nornickel's personnel development.

In 2018, 54 key employees, heads of production units and the Head Office of Nornickel completed an innovative operating efficiency training programme organised jointly with Moscow's Skolkovo School of Management. The programme aims to make production management more efficient, among other things, by developing key managerial competencies, looking into the latest technologies, approaches and best practices in the area, and identifying ways to apply them.

Nornickel launched the lamHR development programme for HR professionals. The programme seeks to improve their professional skills, strengthen interactions between business and HR, and educate the staff about state-of-the-art solutions and available practices in HR management.

The Company introduced staff training programmes across all functional areas and staff categories – from top managers to workers. Training is an ongoing process that takes place throughout an employee's career.

MMC Norilsk Nickel has the Model Regulation on Professional Training in place, which the Group companies use a basis to develop their internal training regulations.

The Group's employees can benefit from free staff training, retraining, skills improvement, and internship programmes funded by the Group companies. The Company engages external education providers (universities, professional development institutions, research institutes, training centres, and consultants), and trains employees at its own corporate training centres. The Group's key training hubs are the Norilsk Nickel Corporate University (Norilsk) and the Kola Staff Development Centre (Monchegorsk), which provide training to more than 52,000 employees a year.

KEY PERSONNEL TRAINING INDICATORS 4041

| Indicator | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|------|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Employees covered by professional training, retraining and skill improvement, thousand | 54.1 | 63.1 | 70.0 | 95.0 | 87.5 ¹ |
| including blue-collar employees | 31.5 | 35.3 | 37 | 54 | 43.3 |
| including managers | 13.8 | 18.2 | 22 | 26 | 27.4 |
| including white-collar employees | 8.8 | 9.5 | 11 | 15 | 16.8 |

| Indicator | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---|---------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Total training man-hours, thousand | 5,079.2 | 5,824.1 | 5,666 | 6,630 | 4,508.7 |
| Average annual hours per employee trained | 93.8 | 92.2 | 80.8 | 70 | 51.6 |
| Average annual training hours per employee (based on average headcount) | 63.5 | 71.2 | 69.8 | 85 | 60.2 |
| including blue-collar employees including managers including white-collar employees | - - | - - - | 77.9 72.4 31.9 | 95 83 44 | 62.2 76.7 38.7 |
| Professional training costs, RUB mln | 661.5 | 669.1 | 760 | 896 | 1,022.2 |
| Costs per employee trained, RUB | 12,220 | 10,589 | 10,841 | 9,459 | 11,687 |

Talent pool

The reporting year saw the Company continue to roll out the talent pool management programme at its Norilsk site. We launched a training and development programme for talent pool members and their mentors based on cutting-edge education technologies and a combination of classroom and online sessions.

DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS FOR TARGET PERSONNEL CATEGORIES

| Target category | Project | Priorities | Coverage in 2018, thousand employees |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Highly qualified workers | Mentor Academy | Professional skills competitions Mentor training Recognition, corporate forum of mentors Participation of Nornickel's best workers in WorldSkills Russia | 7.6 |
| Line managers (foremen) | Foreman University | The Foreman of the Year contest and mind sport tournaments for foremen | 4 |
| Young employees aged 18 to 35 | Leader, movement of young profes- sionals | NIKoNN (mind sports and quests) Creativity (contests, festivals and KBNN) Induction and Career Guidance (support for young employees, meetings with school students) Initiatives (projects to address social issues) The Leader of the Year annual competition for the most promising young talent teams | 18 |

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|-------------------------------|---|--|---|
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| 85 |
|--------|

On top of that, we provided the pool members with a roadmap of development activities and recommendations on how to strengthen competencies covered by the corporate model.

Over the year, Polar Division and the Kola Peninsula facilities introduced an SAP HCM-powered system to automate and boost the efficiency of talent pool management, among other things, through the consolidation of relevant data into a shared database.

¹ The y-o-y decrease in 2018 is due to large-scale training held in the previous year to improve employee skills and grades of the blue-collar staff. In the reporting year, no such training was needed.

The Company runs an array of programmes to attract and train staff. The major ones are the Career Start-Up internship programme, Conquerors of the North internal case competition, and the First Arctic leadership programme. The Company's career guidance initiatives are integrated into the relevant regional programmes and target children and youths aged below 35.

The Company prioritises the following training areas:

- underground (subsurface) ore mining;
- mine surveying;
- mineral processing;
- mining electrification and automation;
- mine and underground construction;
- industrial and civil construction;
- ground vehicles, hoisting/conveying and road machinery;
- mining machinery and equipment;
- power and electrical engineering;
- operation of transportation vehicles and systems.

The Company has established close cooperation with educational institutions. Its facilities invite students to

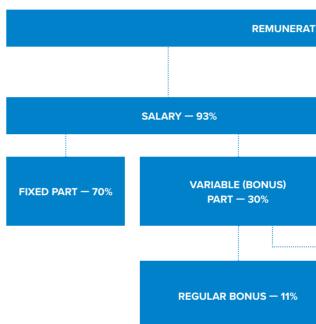
take part in the Career Start-Up programme of pregraduation internships and work placements. The programme cooperates with 25 Russian universities. In 2018, 311 students joined the programme, with 118 top-performing ones awarded Nornickel's corporate scholarship and 88 hired by the Company after graduation. In 2019, the Company's facilities will offer internships to 312 students.

In summer 2018, more than 200 students took part in the Conquerors of the North team business game to try and tackle some of the Company's real tasks. Nornickel was the first metals and mining company in Russia to use this methodology with students.

The Company places a strong emphasis on engineering education in Russia, contributing to the promotion of relevant professions. In 2018, we supported Cup Technical and Metal Cup Championship 2018, case-solving championships among students of Russian technical universities. During the contest, students dealt with cases related to Nornickel's operations, gaining insight into the Company's business processes.

Also, we run a number of career guidance events for schools, such as the Arctic.PRO R&D marathon, ARCTIC WAVE festival of R&D discoveries, I Make competition for young inventors, and the School of Urban Competencies, attended by over 4,000 school children annually. In 2018, the Company implemented the job grading framework linking each job and related remuneration to its significance for business processes. This is a key tool that should help the Company to secure maximum return on investment in human capital, engage and retain the

REMUNERATION PACKAGE ACROSS THE GROUP'S RUSSIAN OPERATIONS IN 2018, %



Incentives and rewards

Remuneration policy goals

- Recruitment
- Retention
- Encouragement of productive attitude to work
- Administrative efficiency and transparency
- Compliance with legal requirements

Remuneration policy principles

- Internal equity remuneration management is based on the job description and grading methodology. The Company has a unified grade system across all functions
- External competitiveness remuneration is determined based on the labour market data, with adjustments made for the company's focus area, business location and job grades
- Performance-based incentives pay level is reviewed subject to the annual performance assessment outcome
- Simplicity of the remuneration system pay level calculation and review procedures are transparent, and every employee knows how to improve their remuneration

KEY COMPENSATION INDICATORS 2021

| Region | Remuneration package, RUB thousand | Average monthly salary, RUB thousand | Regional payrollMinimum monthly compensation to statutory minimur monthly wage,1 % | | Statutory minimum wage |
|--|--|---|--|------|---------------------------|
| Group average | - | 111.6 | - | - | - |
| Kola Peninsula Indus- trial District (Murmansk Region) | 89.1 | 82.4 | 12.3 | 1.00 | 25,675 |
| Krasnoyarsk Territory (excluding NID) | 56.2 | 54.1 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 10,592 |
| Moscow and other regions of Russia | 316.3 | 293.5 | 16.6 | 1.82 | 18,781 |

¹ Minimum wages paid by the Company are gender neutral.

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| best talent. Grading relies on the points factor method |
|---|
| of job evaluation that takes into account knowledge |
| and skills, the complexity of tasks, and the level of |
| responsibility. |

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| ION PACKAGE | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | BENEFITS — 7% | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | ONE OFF BONUS — 19% | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Region | Remuneration package, RUB thousand | Average monthly salary, RUB thousand | Regional payroll percentage of the aggregate payroll, % | Minimum monthly compensation to statutory minimum monthly wage, ¹ % | Statutory minimum wage |
|--|--|---|---|---|---------------------------|
| Norilsk Industrial Dis- trict (NID) | 118.0 | 107.7 | 65.2 | 1.02 | 29,024 |
| Trans-Baikal Territory | 90.2 | 86.9 | 3.5 | 1.02 | 16,745 |

AVERAGE MONTHLY SALARY IN NORNICKEL GROUP, RUB THOUSAND

| Year | RUB |
|------|-------|
| 2014 | 75.4 |
| 2015 | 84.9 |
| 2016 | 94.2 |
| 2017 | 104.1 |
| 2018 | 111.6 |

Employee awards

To motivate and financially incentivise its employees to work efficiently and productively, and deliver the highest operational results, the Company has put in place a structured system of incentives and rewards of various categories and levels: government awards, ministry and agency awards, regional and municipal awards, corporate Nornickel awards, and internal awards granted by Norilsk Nickel Group companies.

In 2018, MMC Norilsk Nickel approved its Award Policy, which sets out the goals, principles, rules, requirements and limitations of the Company's awarding activities.

The Company recognises employees for their outstanding professional achievements and contribution, innovations that drive growth, add economic value or boost the operating efficiency of a specific facility or the Group in general, efforts going beyond formal agreements with the Company, and business improvement initiatives. The Company praises and distinguishes employees showing exceptional production, engineering and managerial competencies by awarding those who delivered remarkable operational or management performance and contributed a lot to advancing production.

The best employees may be nominated for agency (industry) and government awards. The Company welcomes the recognition of its employees' accomplishments by the government and its agencies, while also distributing its own accolades for prodigious operational and management achievements, and significant contribution to production growth.

In 2018, 4,304 Company's employees were awarded for outstanding production results and many years of diligent service, including 83 and 286 honoured with government and ministry/ agency awards, respectively, 1,664 who received awards from regional and municipal authorities, 275 and 1,996 who were granted corporate and local awards of the Group companies. WEED

Social policy

The social policy of Norilsk Nickel Group is implemented in a consistent manner based on the feedback principle. To make changes to the existing programmes, develop new ones and close those that have achieved their goals and objectives, the Company conducts an in-depth comprehensive review and selects the best solutions in terms of social interests, economics of the Company, and the interests of its employees. We are constantly monitoring the performance of our programmes to ensure timely identification of possible weaknesses. The social package includes the following benefits and compensations:

- health resort treatment and vacation to employees and their families at subsidised prices;
- payment of return travel and baggage costs to a place of vacation to employees in the Far North and

SOCIAL EXPENSES, RUB MLN

| Indicator | 2018 | | 2019 | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--|
| | Plan | Actual | Plan | |
| Health resort treatment and vacations of employees and their families | 2,040 | 1,947 | 1,818 | |
| Reimbursement of round trip travel expenses and baggage fees to employees and their families | 3,186 | 3,355 | 3,269 | |
| Pension plans | 1,186 | 961 | 1,220 | |
| Housing programmes | 6,760 | 6,252 | 3,113 | |
| Relocation assistance to new employees | 345 | 209 | 322 | |
| Social projects for employees (development of target categories, sporting events and holiday celebrations) | 600 | 630 | 657 | |
| Voluntary health insurance | 238 | 347 | 826 | |
| Financial aid and additional benefits to retired and former employees and their families | 255 | 201 | 260 | |
| Other payments and social expenses (healthcare services, severance pay, etc.). Social payments (excluding travel expenses) | 1,476 | 1,791 | 1,371 | |
| Expenses related to social programmes and benefits for employees | 16,086 | 15,693 | 12,855 | |

Health improvement programmes

For many years, Norilsk Nickel Group has been running a programme of rehabilitation and health resort treatment for its employees and their families. The harsh climate of the Far North and the nature of the Group's operations

Key health improvement programmes

equivalent areas, and their families;

 one-off financial aid in the face of certain life events, or hardships;

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 additional employee pensions and other types of social guarantees under the existing collective bargaining agreements and local regulations.

require special care of the employee health, which makes health improvement and wellness a priority of the corporate social policy.

| Participants in 2018 |
|-------------------------|
| 11,026 |
| 1,693 |
| 4,341 |
| 582 |
| 3,450 |
| 309 |
| |

| Key health improvement programmes | Participants in 2018 |
|--|-------------------------|
| Vacation for children (including Anapa and Bulgaria) | 1,391 |
| International vacation programme (Bulgaria, Greece) | 6,180 |
| Total participants | 24,631 |

Co-Funded Pension Plan programme

201-3

Co-Funded Pension Plan, a corporate private pension programme, has been running since 2007. As at the end of 2018, it saw 13,900 participants from among employees of 22 companies, with over 6,000 receiving pensions.

The programme provides for two pension plans: Parity and Corporate. Under the Parity Plan, pension savings are co-funded by the employee and the Company on a par (equal) basis. The Corporate Plan is designed for highly skilled employees and/or employees with highly sought-after occupations; within this plan, the Company finances private pension plans for such employees. In 2018, an average participant contribution amounted to 2.9% of the employee's salary or the Group's monthly average of RUB 3,000. WEE

Housing programmes

In the reporting period, the Company continued with its Our Home and My Home corporate social programmes launched back in 2010 and 2011, respectively.

The programmes now run as a single Our Home/My Home programme covering the employees of Polar Division, Polar and Murmansk Transport Divisions, Kola MMC and 18 more Group companies operating in Norilsk, the Taimyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District and the Murmansk Region. Since the start of the programme, 3,804 apartments have been granted to the Company's employees. In total, the Company has purchased 4,348 ready-for-living apartments, including 522 in 2018. As part of the programmes, the Company purchases ready-for-living apartments in various Russian regions at its own expense and provides them to eligible employees under co-financing agreements. The Company pays up to a half of the apartment cost (but in any case no more than USD 54,000), with the rest paid by the employee within a certain period of employment with Nornickel Group (from five to ten years). The cost of housing remains unchanged for the entire period of the employee's participation in the programmes. Ownership rights are registered at the end of the programmes, but the employee may move in immediately after receiving the apartment.

In 2014–2018, the apartments were purchased in Moscow and Tver regions, as well as in the Krasnodar Territory, with the Company seeking to buy properties located in close proximity to enhance the employees' living standards by developing additional infrastructure and optimising the scope of maintenance tasks assigned to the property management company.

Assistance to employees in acquiring housing

The Company also runs the Corporate Social Subsidised Loan Programme for Employees of Nornickel that was phased from a pilot to an ongoing project. This programme was developed primarily as a tool to retain highly qualified staff, with employees at Polar Division and Kola MMC entitled to an interest-free loan to make a down payment and to reimbursement of a certain share of interest on their mortgage loan. Overall, more than 200 employees took part in the programme.

Support to new employees

Nornickel provides financial support to newly employed staff relocating to Norilsk and the Taimyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District, including young specialists, workers, engineering staff and managers.

The Company reimburses the following expenses of newly employed staff:

- travel expenses;
- baggage transportation;
- · living costs for the first three years.

On top of that, the Company also pays a one-time relocation allowance to support the employee at the new place of work.

With 379 employees joining the relocation support programme in 2018, it now boasts 1,520 participants.

Sporting and mass public events programme

The Company promotes sports and healthy lifestyle to solidify the corporate team spirit and maintain a positive work environment. It organises sporting events and competitions attended by its employees, their families, and the local community.

The events include the annual Polar Division Olympics, Kola MMC Olympics in 16 sports, Norilsk Nickel Ski Track health marathon, "Dad, Mum and I – a Sporty Family" corporate competition, swimming, ice hockey, futsal, volleyball, basketball, alpine skiing, snowboarding competitions, and sport events dedicated to the Metallurgist Day and other high days and holidays.

To promote amateur hockey, Norilsk hosted the Night Hockey League (Northern Conference) in 2018, with 11 teams comprising Nornickel employees among the participants.

The reporting year saw some 27,000 people take part in Nornickel's sports events. Also, the Company's facilities in Norilsk feature gyms.

Programmes supporting former employees and their families

The ongoing support of its former employees is part of the Company's corporate social policy.

The Company's Veterans programme has been designed to support unemployed pensioners who permanently reside in Norilsk. The terms of participation depend on the employee's length of service or permanent disability status. Financial aid is paid from the charitable contributions made by the Company.

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Under the programme of financial aid to retiring employees, benefits are provided to employees at the time of retirement, with the amount linked to their employment period.

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The Pensioner Financial Aid Fund extends financial aid to former employees who retired prior to 10 July 2001 provided they had been employed at the Company's divisions for more than 25 years and permanently reside outside of the Norilsk Industrial District. The Fund relies on voluntary monthly contributions from employee salaries and equal charitable contributions from the Company's budget.

The Company also provides targeted assistance to its former employees and their families to pay for health improvement and medications, funeral services, and helping in financial distress.

Support of employees with disabilities

The Company fully complies with the legislation regarding employment of people with disabilities. As per the employment quotas that vary depending on the region and company size, the share of such employees may come up to 2% of the average headcount.

The Company takes steps to secure jobs for people with disabilities and ensure necessary working conditions, including work and rest schedule, annual and additional paid leaves, and specialised workspace equipment.

Occupational health and safety

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Occupational health and safety is one of Nornickel's strategic priorities. The Company is aware of its responsibility for ensuring health and safety of all employees engaged in its operations, both its own and third party. Nornickel's Occupational Health and Safety Policy gives precedence to the life and health of employees over operational performance while also demonstrating the Company's commitment to creating a safe and healthy environment and fostering sustainable employee motivation for safe workplace behaviour.

HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT

REGULATION

- Applicable Russian laws aligned with international laws
- Occupational Health and Safety Policy
- Occupational Health and Safety Strategy
- 15 Corporate OHS standards
- OHS sections in collective bargaining agreements for the Group's Russian operations
- processesProject implementation plans and specifications

• Regulations and guidelines for all production

for repair, construction and installation works
Health and safety guidelines for specific jobs and types of work at all Company's facilities

Joint OHS committees (councils) made up of

management, employees, and trade union

Group companies, or 90% of the Company's

>27,000 inspections, >7,200 improvement

Authorised trade unions and staff

headcount

proposals

OSH 2001)

representatives: >67,900 employees of relevant

representatives in OHS: >1.000 representatives.

- RESPONSIBILITY 103-3 403-1
- Board of Directors: monitoring the Company's performance on a quarterly basis and identifying areas for improvement
- First Vice President and COO: overseeing the development of initiatives and compliance with the OHS legislation, reporting to the Board of Directors
- HSE Committee: review and improvement of the OHS management system, assessment of OHS initiatives
- HSE Department: development of OHS initiatives and monitoring compliance with the relevant legislation
- CERTIFICATION
- Polar Division and Pechengastroy: GOST R 54934-2012 (OHSAS 18001)
- Kola MMC: OHSAS 18001

PRIORITIES

- Implementation of corporate standards
- OHS training: over 34,300 employees of the Group companies trained in 2018, including 3,600 new employees and those with less than three years of experience
- Special assessment of working conditions held annually; 7,800 workplaces of over 14,000 employees assessed in 2018
- Provision of necessary personal protective equipment and its preliminary testing: average Group's costs of around RUB 40,000 per employee in 2018

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· Norilsknickelremont: GOST 12.0.230-2007 (ILO-

- Safety communication campaign
- Prevention of occupational diseases
 Cafeter many approximation
- Safety management in contractors

Nornickel put in place 15 corporate occupational health and safety (OHS) standards:

- Prevention and Control Activities with regard to Health and Safety Processes;
- Safety Behaviour Audit;
- Power Source Insulation;
- High Altitude Operations;
- · Provision of Personal Protective Equipment;
- Safety Requirements for Boarding and Alighting Company's Motor Vehicles during Inter-Facility Transportation;
- OHS Communication, Accounting and Reporting Procedures;
- Accident Investigation;
- Procedure for Organising and Conducting High-Hazard Operations;
- Safety Requirements for Interaction of Vehicles and Pedestrians at Production Sites and Facilities;
- Hazard Identification, Assessment and Management of Occupational Health and Safety Risks;
- Management of Technical, Technological, Organisational and HR Changes;
- Requirements for Demarcation of Hazardous Areas and Visualisation of the Working Space;
- Contractor OHS Management;
- OHS Contest Arrangements.

103-2

The Company continues to improve OHS management processes, among other things, by drafting and implementing corporate standards. In 2018, the Company proceeded with the projects to control risks and implement the framework to manage technological and organisational changes. The projects seek to build an effective system to continuously identify and control significant OHS risks and changes within the Group.

The reporting year saw the Company start implementing an automated system for OHS management monitoring, with its first stage put on stream at Kola MMC, Pechengastroy, and the Head Office.

Nornickel regularly takes preventive and control measures, including:

 second-party OHS management audits (crosscompany audits of the Group companies involving the OHS heads and experts from other Group companies). There were 45 audits in 2018;

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ealth and Safety Policy gives
nealth of employees over
nile also demonstrating theZero work-related fatalities and an ongoing
reduction in overall workplace injuries are the
Company's key strategic priorities in OHS.

- internal OHS management audits;
- activities as part of the OHS monitoring system at each facility, including:

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- multi-stage control;
- ad hoc, targeted and comprehensive OHS inspections;
- safety behaviour audits;
- compliance and certification audits as part of the OHSAS management system;
- independent external audits of the corporate OHS management system and occupational safety culture.

Prevention of occupational diseases

The Company implements measures to prevent occupational diseases. Employees undergo compulsory pre-employment, regular and ad hoc medical examinations and check-ups organised at the Company's expense. Those that have contact with hazardous materials are subject to additional examinations held at least once in five years by occupational pathology centres or other organisations authorised to conduct pre-employment and regular check-ups. These serve to assess occupational health fitness and determine if the disease is job-related. In 2018, the Group's costs related to medical examinations and maintenance of medical aid posts amounted to RUB 437.1 mln and RUB 221.5 mln, respectively.

The Company's facilities have their own medical aid posts to perform pre-shift and pre-trip checks and provide medical assistance to employees.

To automate the process, the Company started introducing an electronic health check-up system n 2018, piloted at Kola MMC and GRK Bystrinskoe.

The Company provides employees working in harmful and hazardous conditions with free foods, milk, and other equivalent food products for therapeutic purposes in compliance with the applicable Russian legislation and corporate policies. In 2018, foods and milk costs across the Group amounted to RUB 1,247.9 mln.

In case of hazardous production factors identified by the special assessment of working conditions, the Company provides employees with personal protective equipment (PPE). In 2018, the Company put in place Alcoframes, contactless breath alcohol screening devices, to prevent intoxicated employees from accessing production facilities. The devices are running at Polar Division (Copper Plant), Medvezhy Ruchey, GRK Bystrinskoe and Norilsk Support Complex. The Company continues to work in this area.

Contractor safety management

Contractor operations (repair, construction and installation works at the existing facilities) are classified as high-hazard and governed by the respective corporate standard. Work permits, operations certificates and work execution plans (process sheets,

guidelines, etc.) must contain safety requirements to be met when organising and performing work. The Company checks compliance with these requirements during each shift. Prior to commencement of work, contractors' staff receive pre-job and ad hoc health and safety briefing, including security measures set forth in work execution plans.

In 2018, Nornickel developed and introduced the STO KISM 121-222-2018 standard to improve control and safety of work performed by contractors at its facilities. The standard sets out relevant requirements applicable to contractors at the selection stage and onwards.

KEY INJURY INDICATORS 403-2

| Indicator | UoM | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|-----------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| FIFR | | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| LTIFR | | 0.48 | 0.62 | 0.35 | 0.44 | 0.23 |
| Total workplace injuries in accordance with the Russian labour laws | pcs | 64 | 88 | 56 | 60 | 32 |
| Fatal workplace injuries | pcs | 8 | 14 | 13 | 8 | 6 |
| Minor injuries | pcs | 305 | 411 | 719 | 719 | 1,043¹ |
| Potentially dangerous incidents ² | pcs | 349 | 976 | 1,845 | 1,711 | 2,270 |
| Occupational diseases | pcs | 226 | 271 | 339 | 361 | 318 |
| Total work-related accidents among the contractors' employees engaged at the Group's sites, in accordance with the Russian labour laws ² | pcs | 13 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 19 |
| including fatalities | pcs | 5 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
| Occupational health and safety expenses | RUB mln | 7,446 | 10,748 | 8,515 | 8,708 | 10,563 |
| including per employee | RUB thousand | 95 | 134 | 106 | 114 | 141 |

In 2018, the Company registered one fatality that took place in 2017. The fatality was further investigated and recorded on the basis of a court ruling.

Fatalities breakdown in 2018 by type of accident: exposure to hazardous substances - two incidents, injuries caused by falling from heights, rockfalls in mines, impact of vehicles on pedestrians and other injuries - one incident each.

All workplace accidents are investigated in accordance with the applicable Russian laws. Investigation results serve as a basis for developing measures to be taken promptly to eliminate the root causes. WEB

HEALTH AND SAFETY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR ACCIDENT PREVENTION

| Indicator | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|
| Audits conducted: | | | | | | |
| by health and safety committees (thousand) | > 35 | > 33 | > 33 | > 31.5 | > 30.8 | > 30.9 |
| Target audits conducted by managers, senior specialists and committees of the Group's facilities and business units (thousand) | 16 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 6.8 | 8.7 | 9.7 |
| Ad hoc audits (thousand) | 21 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 15.3 | 15.7 |
| Comprehensive audits of health and safety and relevant management systems | 157 | 160 | 163 | 167 | 221 | 149 |
| Coupons removed from the books of employees violating health and safety requirements ¹ (thousand) | 6.4 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.2 |
| Employees subject to disciplinary action for the violation of health and safety requirements (thousand) | 7.6 | 6.9 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 7.9 | 6.8 |
| Employees with reduced bonus payments (thousand) | > 17 | > 14 | > 15 | > 15 | > 13.6 | > 13 |
| Total (RUB mln) | | > 67 | > 56 | > 55 | > 74 | > 70 |
| Employees incentivised for health and safety involvement and lower workplace injury rate as per the audit results (thousand) | >7 | > 5 | > 9 | > 5 | > 5.6 | > 6.4 |
| Total (RUB mln) | > 42 | > 35 | > 78 | > 51 | > 41 | > 52 |

¹ The increase in the number of minor injuries and potentially dangerous incidents was due to the introduction of the corporate Accident Investigation Standard, awareness-raising activities, and better understanding among employees of how reporting minor injuries and potentially dangerous incidents helps eliminate their causes and, therefore, prevent incidents with more severe implications.

² The indicator has been recorded since 2014.

In 2018, the lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) decreased from 0.44 to 0.23, down by 48% y-o-y, reaching the Company's record low and remaining below the industry average. The number of lost time injuries halved, from 52 to 26, while fatalities fell by 25%, from 8 to 6, on the back of initiatives to ensure compliance with core occupational safety requirements and improve safety standard management.

95

¹ Removal of coupons is a preventive measure that enables the Company to register the number of gross health and safety violations which did not

cause accidents, and subject the culprits to disciplinary actions and financial penalty.

Engagement of employees in safety management

403-1

Most of the Group companies (including subsidiaries, divisions and structural production units) put in place official joint health and safety committees (councils) made up of the management, employee and trade union representatives. The Group companies running such joint committees employ over 67,800 people (around 90% of the Group's total headcount).

Authorised representatives of trade unions and staff in occupational health and safety (1,146 employees) were elected to participate in preventive activities across the Group's production units. In 2018, they took part in over 27,000 audits and submitted more than 7,200 health and safety improvement proposals.

Health and safety topics covered in formal agreements with trade unions

403-4

The Company and most of its production units, including Kola MMC, Norilsknickelremont, Polar Construction Company, NTEK, Yenisey River Shipping Company, Norilskpromtransport and Norilsk Support Complex,

entered into collective bargaining agreements with employee representatives (including trade union organisations). The collective bargaining agreements contain occupational health and safety provisions and are in place at the companies that employ some 81% of the Group's staff. WEB

······ NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

Emergency preparedness

403-3 103-2

The Group companies take great care in maintaining emergency preparedness, as the Group embraces mining, concentration and smelting operations, operates over 300 hazardous production facilities, and uses various hazardous substances (toxic, explosive, oxidising, etc.) in its processes.

The Company complies with Federal Law No. 116-FZ On Industrial Safety of Hazardous Production Facilities dated 21 July 1997, and ensures preparedness for emergency containment and response at hazardous production facilities. WEB

Improvement of social and working conditions

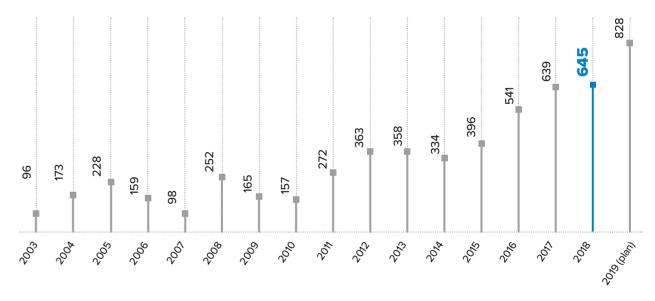
2018 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

The Group companies operate more than 2,100 sanitary, the Murmansk Region. They completed the overhaul amenity, sports and fitness, catering, healthcare, of 25 social facilities and purchased 14 relocatable and recreational facilities with a total area of over buildings to be used by employees to change, warm 340,000 sg m. The Company is committed to providing up and take meals. The Company renovated a total of comfortable social and working conditions. 7,285 sq m and improved social and working conditions for 2,698 employees.

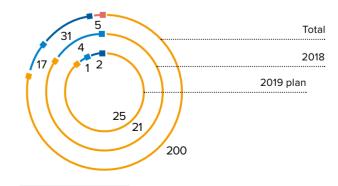
From 2003, the Group has been implementing the programme to improve social and working conditions. Since its launch, we have overhauled 253 social facilities and purchased 408 relocatable buildings, investing a total of RUB 4,876.2 mln.¹

In 2018, the programme covered ten divisions and Group's Russian companies located in Norilsk, the Taimyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District, and

ACTUAL COSTS FOR THE PROGRAMME TO IMPROVE SOCIAL AND WORKING CONDITIONS. RUB MI N

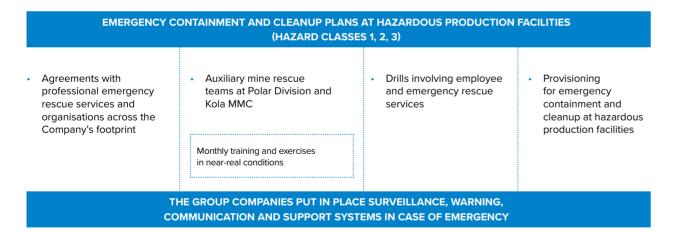


REPAIRS OF SOCIAL FACILITIES IN 2003-2018, 2019 (PLAN)



¹ Hereinafter inclusive of VAT.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS SYSTEM AT HAZARDOUS PRODUCTION FACILITIES



Total costs amounted to RUB 645.3 mln, including RUB 514.3 mln invested in design and overhaul, and RUB 131.0 mln spent on equipment.

97

The programme will be running over a mid-term horizon of three years, with investments in 2019-2021 to exceed RUB 2,000 mln. During this time, the Company expects to repair and equip over 80 social facilities.



Others

Anti-corruption

UN GLOBAL COMPACT PRINCIPLES

Principle 10: Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.

Preventing and fighting corruption

Nornickel's delivering on strategic goals is based on the trust and engagement of shareholders, investors, partners, employees, state, Russian and international business communities, and society in the Company's operations. Therefore, corruption of any nature is unacceptable.

The Company consistently builds the compliance framework focusing on priority anti-corruption areas, key actions and the role of the governing bodies.

Starting 2017, MMC Norilsk Nickel implements a revised Anti-Corruption Policy that applies to the Company's representatives and contractors, including foreign public officials and officials of international public organisations. The respective responsibilities are stipulated in agreements made with contractors or expressly provided for by the applicable laws.

Russian companies in Norilsk Nickel Group adopt and implement their own anti-corruption regulations that are in line with the Company's anti-corruption policy.

The Company takes all the necessary and reasonable steps to cause organisations in the corporate structure and located outside Russia to comply with the key principles and requirements of the anti-corruption policy.

205-1

The Company assesses corruption risks on an annual basis, conducting guarterly risk monitoring. In 2018, corruption risk assessments were performed across all the Group's business units and companies. No confirmed incidents of corruption were identified.

205-2

When recruited, all of the employees are familiarised with the corporate Anti-Corruption Policy and related regulations, and starting 2015, sign addenda to their employment contracts that set out anti-corruption responsibilities. The Company has the e-learning course On Preventing Corruption in place for new employees. As at the end of 2018, the share of employees informed about the Group's existing corruption prevention policy is 100%. In 2018, the dedicated training on the requirements and provisions of the corporate anti-corruption regulations was received by 3,505 people (4.72% of the Group's employees as at the end of 2018).

Through the efforts of its representatives, Nornickel takes active part in developing and implementing domestic and international policies on combating corruption.

Andrey Bugrov, the Company's Senior Vice President, is a member of a number of top-level organisations that supervise this area, in particular:

- Expert Council of the Presidential Anti-Corruption Directorate;
- B20's anti-corruption task forces:
- Expert Council on Corporate Governance at the Russian Ministry of Economic Development;
- representative of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs engaged in groups and committees of the Business and Industry Advisory Committee to the OECD (BIAC): the Anti-Corruption Task Force and the Corporate Governance Committee.

Anti-corruption matters are an integral part of the functions of other entities where Andrey Bugrov serves as a member.

PREVENTING AND FIGHTING CORRUPTION AT NORNICKEL

REGULATION

- Anti-corruption laws of the Russian Federation and other countries where the Company operates
- Applicable international laws
- Anti-Corruption Charter of the Russian Business
- Anti-Corruption Policy of MMC Norilsk Nickel
- Business Ethics Code
- Directors' Code of Corporate Conduct and Business Ethics
- Regulation on the Prevention and Management of Conflicts of Interest in the Company

RESPONSIBILITIES

- Board of Directors determining key strategic priorities in countering corruption and following up related activities
- President organising measures set to meet the requirements and principles of the anticorruption policy
- Corporate Relations Department identifying and documenting risks related to corruption, developing and controlling risk management measures
- Corporate Trust Service providing prompt response to reports of violations, abuses and embezzlement

FOCUS AREAS

- · Prevention and management of conflicts of interest
- Anti-corruption due diligence of by-laws
- Counterparty due diligence to confirm their reliability, solvency and financial stability; anticorruption clauses in contracts
- Procurement procedure
- Government cooperation, promotion of justice and the rule of law
- Recording and monitoring hospitality expenses, establishing criteria for acceptable business gifts

Nornickel's anti-corruption initiatives are regularly covered in corporate press releases. The Company maintains the Preventing and Fighting Corruption page on the corporate website www.nornickel.com containing information on anti-corruption regulations adopted, measures taken, preventive procedures introduced, legal training sessions organised and law-abidance awareness among staff and counterparties. WEB

| 99 |
|--------|
| |

- Regulation on the Conflict of Interest Commission Regulation on Business Gifts • Standard anti-corruption agreement (appendix to
- the employment contract) Procedure for Anti-Corruption Due Diligence on Internal Documents at the Head Office of MMC Norilsk Nickel Information Policy Regulation, etc.

- HR Services organising staff training on combating corruption
- Corporate Security Unit checking counterparties and candidates to vacancies, responding to corruption incidents
- Heads of the Group's branches and companies – ensuring compliance with the principles and requirements of the Anti-Corruption Policy

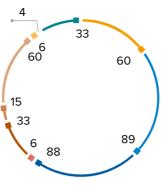
- Staff training in preventing and fighting corruption
- Awareness of the Company's corruption management policy among stakeholders

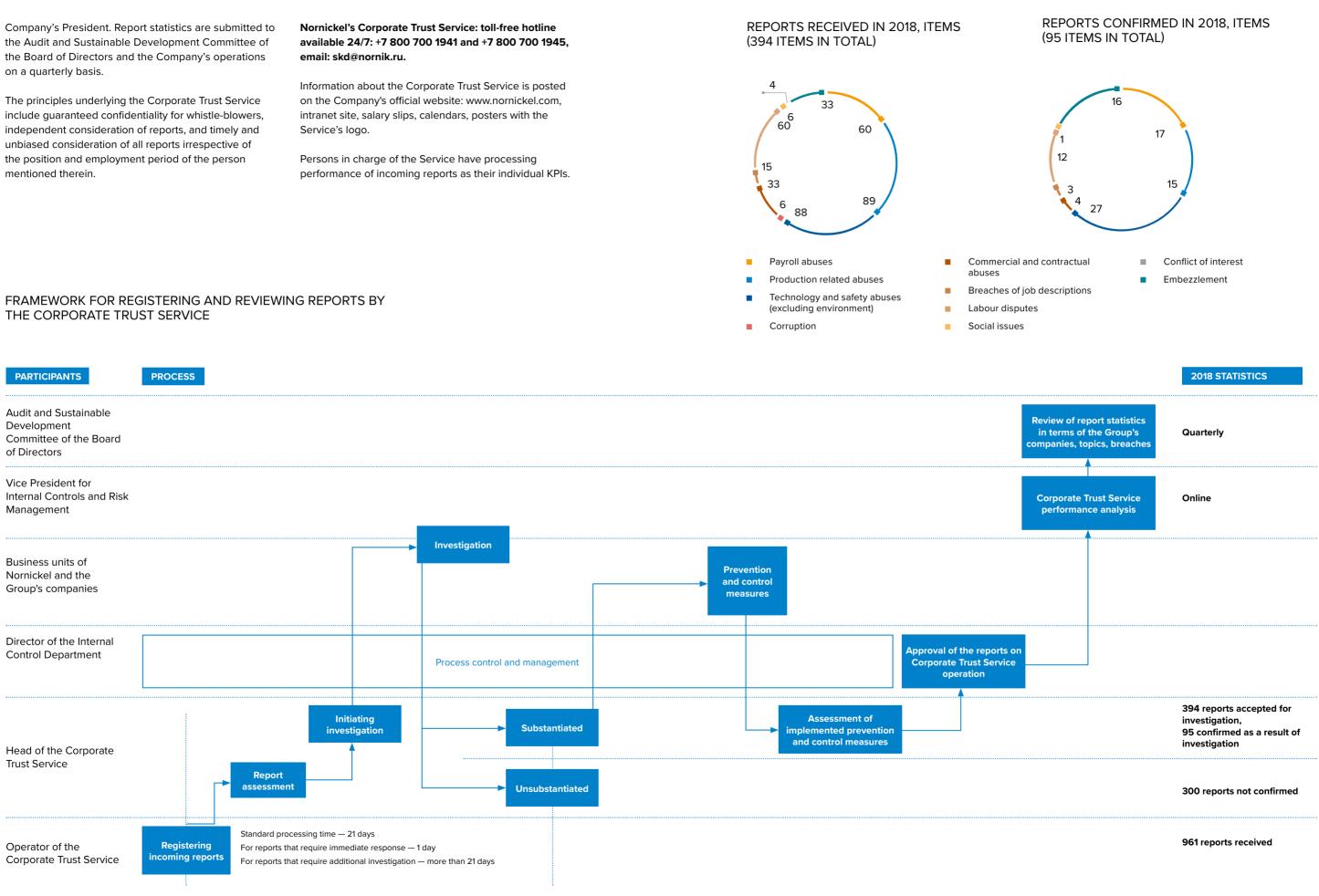
Corporate Trust Service

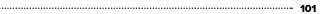
103-2

The Corporate Trust Service was established at Nornickel back in 2010 to ensure prompt response to reported violations, abuses and embezzlement. The Service's scope of responsibility covers all business units of the Company and Group companies. The Service is governed by the Procedure on the Corporate Trust Service of MMC Norilsk Nickel approved by the









Environment

UN GLOBAL COMPACT PRINCIPLES

Principle 7: Businesses should support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges.

Principle 8: Businesses should undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility.

Principle 9: Businesses should encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies.



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| | 2018–2023 strategic cycle |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Targets | 2020 |
| | Reduction of SO₂ emissions in Nickel by 50% |
| | Significant reduction in effluents containing sulphates, sodium chloride and boron/boric acid |
| | 2023 |
| | - Reduction of SO_2 emissions in Polar Division by 75% |
| Environmental expenditures, RUB bn | CAPEX for the Sulphur Project around RUB 150 bn by 2023 |
| Projects | Sulphur Project (Polar Division, emissions) |
| | Upgrade of smelting equipment, discontinuation of low-grade concentrate processing at Kola MMC (Kola MMC, emissions) |
| | Upgrade and expansion of refining capacity and migration to chlorine dissolved tube furnace nickel powder technology (Kola MMC, emissions) |
| | Treatment of salt effluents from nickel refining operations (Kola MMC, effluents) |

Environmental Management System

Nornickel's management considers environmental protection an integral part of the production process. The Company complies with the applicable laws and international agreements and is committed to reducing emissions, on a phased basis, and sustainable use of natural resources.

The Environmental Management System is part of the Group's integrated quality and environmental management system, which enables the Group to harmonise environmental and quality management initiatives with operations of other functions (production management, finance, health and safety, etc.). This approach is beneficial both for environmental security and for overall performance across the Company.

····· NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

During 2018, the Company carried out internal audits within the framework of CIMS. In line with international standards and Nornickel's by-laws, internal audits were conducted by specially trained and competent personnel.

The Company has drafted and keeps updating a register of corporate and internal auditors. WEB

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AT NORNICKEL (02-30) 201-2

REGULATION

- Environmental legislation: Federal Laws on Protection of the Environment and on Protection of Atmospheric Air, the Water Code, etc.
- Nornickel's Environmental Policy
- Environmental Impact Assessment Policy
- Biodiversity Conservation Policy
- Renewable Energy Sources Policy

RESPONSIBILITIES

- Board of Directors approves environmental policies
- First Vice President and COO oversees preparation of initiatives and compliance with environmental laws, prepares reports for the Board of Directors, and assesses effectiveness of the environmental management system
- HSE Department ensures compliance of the Company's operations with the applicable environmental laws, environmental policy and ISO 14001:2015 and mitigates administrative and financial risks related to environment protection

CERTIFICATION

MMC Norilsk Nickel: ISO 14001:2015

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PRIORITIES

- Phased reduction of pollutant air emissions, primarily sulphur dioxide and solids
- Progressive reduction of effluents into water bodies
- Development of waste disposal sites to reduce
 human impact on the environment
- Zero pollution in maritime cargo transportation and vessel operation
- Sustainable use of natural resources and introduction of eco-friendly technologies



..... NORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S

Precautionary approach

102-11

In accordance with its Investment Project Risk Management Regulations, Nornickel analyses risks and assesses impacts and potential consequences using qualified expert review during both project initiation and implementation. In the event material risks are identified, mitigation initiatives are developed, and a decision may be taken to abandon the project. During state expert review, FEED documents for all the projects being implemented by the Company undergo mandatory assessment for compliance with the applicable law.

When planning its operations, the Company ensures compliance with the requirements of the applicable Russian environmental laws and regulations.

Environmental protection expenditures

103-2 307-1

The Group's total environmental protection expenditures stood at RUB 32.5 bn in 2018, up 117.9% year-on-year. The largest spending items were current environmental protection expenditures (RUB 19.2 bn) and capital investments to ensure environmental protection and sustainable use of natural resources (RUB 12.6 bn).

ENVIRONMENTAL COSTS AND EXPENDITURES, RUB MLN

| Expenditure item | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Current environmental protection expenditures | 15,405.17 | 20,907.06 | 19,161.00 |
| Capital investments to ensure environmental protection and sustainable use of natural resources | 9,567.83 | 4,981.95 | 12,607.28 |
| Charges for permissible and surplus emissions (effluents) and disposal of production and consumption waste | 745.77 | 626.79 | 695.18 |
| Charges paid by the Company to remedy damages arising from non-compliance with environmental laws (excluding environmental fines) | 4.19 | 244.31 | 1.53 |
| Environmental expenditures and costs | 25,722.96 | 26,760.22 | 32,464.99 |

In 2018, the Company paid a total of RUB 3,187,000 in environmental fines and received 35 improvement notices from regulators.

Performance indicators

Air protection

103-2 413-2

Norilsk is the primary area affected by multifaceted operations of Polar Division. 54 pollutants are emitted into the air in this area. The key pollutant is sulphur dioxide accounting for 98% of all emissions.

Kola MMC's operations have environmental implications mostly for Monchegorsk and Zapolyarny towns and Nickel settlement. The key pollutants resulting from copper and nickel feedstock processing are sulphur compounds and dust containing heavy non-ferrous metals such as nickel and copper.

Reduction of air emissions (especially those of sulphur dioxide and dust containing non-ferrous metals) is the key objective pursued by the Company's operational units in terms of environmental management.

To communicate its environmental efforts to the people of Norilsk, Polar Division has been running an automatic toll-free enquiry service offering short-term forecasts on the environmental situation in the city.

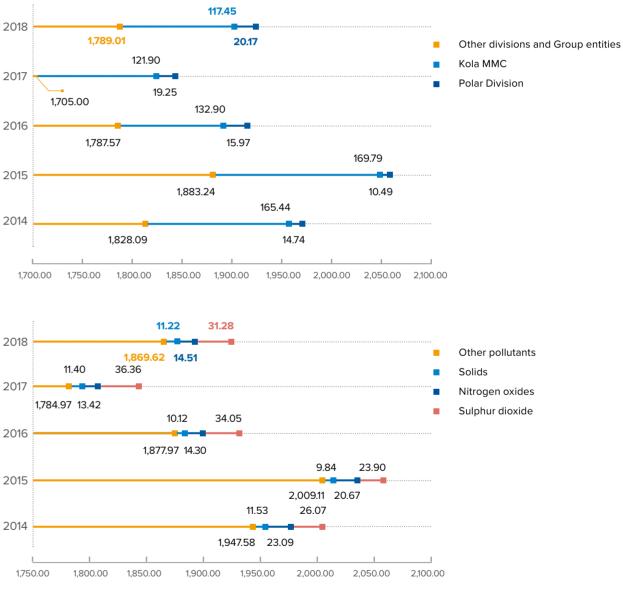
To raise the stakeholders' awareness of its large-scale environmental initiative, the Company opened a Sulphur Project showroom in 2017. The showroom functions at Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant and uses the latest exhibition technology. The exhibits include:

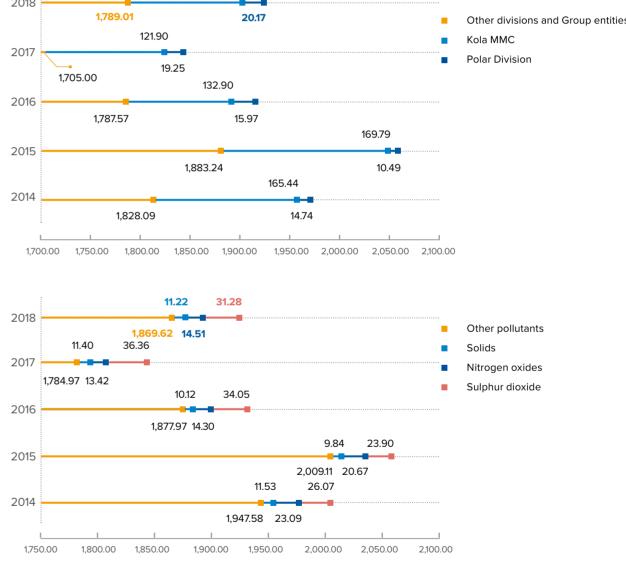
- · architectural models of the facilities to be used to utilise sulphur dioxide emissions at the plant;
- building models with augmented reality elements to demonstrate solutions and technology;
- interactive stands providing information about the existing projects, Polar Division, Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant and the Company's environmental initiatives;

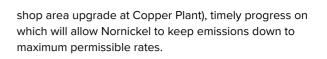
screens with information videos about the projects.

In 2017, a roadmap to reduce air pollutant emissions at Polar Division in 2018–2023 was developed, with Rosprirodnadzor's approval obtained. The roadmap takes into account the current state of emission sources following the shutdown of Nickel Plant and completion of reconfiguration at Polar Division's production facilities. It covers major projects (sulphur projects at Copper Plant and Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant, and the conversion

AIR POLLUTANT EMISSIONS, KT 305-7



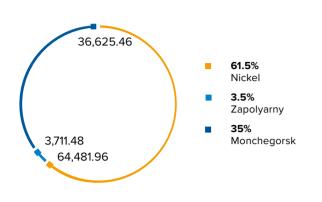




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Official deadlines for reaching maximum permissible emission rates at Polar Division were set forth in a decree of the government of the Krasnoyarsk Territory.

REDUCTION OF SO, EMISSIONS AT KOLA MMC. TONNES



In 2018, the Group's pollutant emissions increased 5%, while Kola MMC's emissions went down 3.6%.

Implementation of emission reduction initiatives in 2018

Polar Division

In 2018, the Company continued bringing emissions gradually down to below the maximum permissible concentration levels set for MMC Norilsk Nickel's Polar Division

One of the projects aimed at achieving this goal was completed at Copper Plant's Smelting Shop. The flue gas extraction process was rearranged to bring gas from holding furnaces, slag siphons and charging doors of Vanyukov's furnaces 2 and 3 to DT-1 flue gas stack. With the new process introduced in 2018, nearly 11 ktpa of emissions from shut-down low-height sources at Copper Plant (gas bleeders of matte and slag holding baths of Vanyukov's furnaces) were eliminated and redirected to DT-1 flue-gas stack. Estimated ground level concentrations of pollutants in Norilsk residential areas were reduced by 2.65 permissible limit values for sulphur dioxide and by 0.36 permissible value for lead.

During 2018, much work was done at Polar Division's facilities to overhaul and repair gas cleaning units, dust exhausting units and dust collectors, which resulted in the reduction of dust emissions from stationary emission sources:

- Copper Plant (Smelting Shop, Drying Shop, and PGM Concentrator): routine repair of dust exhausting units at Converters 2–7;
- Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant (Smelting Shop 1, Feedstock and Charge Makeup Shop, Elemental Sulphur Production Shop 1).

In 2018, the Company continued its efforts to control pollutant emissions during unfavourable weather conditions. During the reporting period, a total of 140 emission control interventions were made at Nornickel's metallurgical operations.

On 28 December 2018, Deputy Prime Minister Aleksey Gordevey approved the Integrated Action Plan to Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions in 2019-2024 that requires Polar Division to invest a total of RUB 123.2 bn to cut its gross emissions by at least 75% by 2023. Additionally, the action plan provides for the Federal Budget and the Krasnovarsk Territory Consolidated Budget to allocate RUB 210 mln in 2019–2024 to finance Rosprirodnadzor's and Rosgidromet's air monitoring activities in Norilsk and Rospotrebnadzor's social hygiene monitoring system.

Kola MMC

An upgrade project started at Zapolyarny Concentrator. The project provides for the construction of a facility to separate low-grade (marketable quality) concentrate and high-grade concentrate and construction of a new building to dehydrate and ship low-grade concentrate to third-party consumers. High-grade concentrate will go through a new high-performance thickener and will be further processed at the Concentrator's briguetting line and at Kola MMC's smelting facilities using the existing technology. The project has environmental implications. When it is completed, the utilisation rate of Smelting Shop in Nickel will decrease substantially enough to decommission one of its ore-thermal furnaces and bring sulphur dioxide emissions in Nickel down to the maximum permissible level (31 ktpa).

In Monchegorsk, the Company continued working on the project named Nickel Electrowinning from Chlorine Dissolved Tube Furnace Nickel Powder with 145 ktpa Electrolytic Nickel Output. The project provides for the redesign of cathode nickel production in Nickel Tankhouse and replacement of the existing soluble anode electrorefining technology with nickel electrowinning from chlorine solutions. The new technology will reduce air emissions thanks to the elimination of anode smelting.

Climate risk management

Climate change risks are increasingly gaining attention of the investment and financial community. They are subject to government regulation in many countries. Russia is in the process of developing its regulatory framework in this area. As it evolves, the Company will additionally integrate these requirements into its CAPEX plans.

To minimise its impact on the climate, the Company implements a long-term strategy providing for the upgrade of its production facilities using the best available technologies, improving energy efficiency, and implementing measures that encourage energy saving and lower energy consumption. The Company's strategy already addresses key non-financial risks, including climate risks, and factors in recent trends in this area.

Nornickel has adopted a proactive approach in responding to GHG regulatory risks in Russia and abroad by:

- keeping record of GHG emissions;
- developing and implementing a corporate GHG emission management system;
- disclosing information on GHG emissions on a voluntary basis;
- monitoring domestic and international climate regulations;
- assessing the prospects of GHG reduction.

The Board's Audit and Sustainable Development Committee examines climate change risk data published in Norilsk Nickel Group's quarterly risk reports. The Board of Directors reviews climate risks while discussing the Company's Environmental Development Framework and progress reports on major investment projects and treats them as a priority in setting Nornickel's targets and development strategy. Climate change matters are overseen by the First Vice President and Chief Operating Officer.

305-1 305-4

Direct GHG emissions of Norilsk Nickel Group total about 10 mt of CO₂ equivalent.¹

The direct GHG emission intensity is 13.7 tonnes of CO equivalent per RUB 1 mln of consolidated revenue.

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The Group uses mostly low-carbon fuels in its production and power generation processes, with natural gas accounting for about 90% of fuels used. The Company also generates renewable energy at its Taimyr HPP Cascade. In 2017, the Company's HPPs generated 51% of total power consumed in the Norilsk Industrial District. Electricity produced by the HPPs account for 44% of the Group's total power consumption.

Use of ozone-depleting substances

305-6

The Group neither produces nor uses ozone-depleting substances (ODS), except for extremely limited amounts used as a chemical agent for laboratory-based chemical analysis as well as for filling and topping compressors in air conditioning units and carbonated water machines that produce water used as a cooling agent for mediumand low-temperature refrigerating equipment. The Company reports on the use of ODS to the Russian Ministry of Natural Resources as required.

Protection of water bodies

103-2 306-5

The Group uses water from surface and underground sources for its drinking, production and process supply needs as well as for community and shipping needs. Water is withdrawn in compliance with the preapproved limits, without any major impacts on water bodies. No water is withdrawn either from the Ramsar Wetlands or from other protected natural areas.

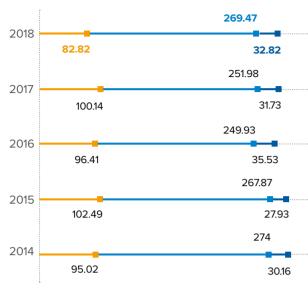
The Company's wastewater effluents generally do not exceed the pre-approved limits, including admissible impact limits, or have any major impact on biodiversity of water bodies and related habitats.

The Company holds stakes in many subsidiaries so that most production processes emitting greenhouse gases fall within the Company's perimeter, i.e.

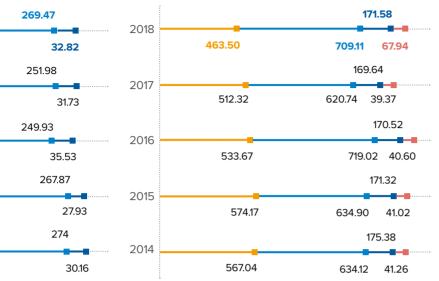
¹ An estimate that includes carbon dioxide (CO₂) and methane (CH₄) emissions.

part of direct emissions from the fuel and energy assets will be considered indirect emissions of the production assets in so far as energy is supplied for production needs, etc. Also, when calculating its emissions, the Company takes into account its transport and logistics units that ship cargoes and commercial products for the Company's benefit (e.g. Murmansk Transport Division). Therefore, the entire Group produces approximately the same amount of Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions in terms of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol

TOTAL WATER WITHDRAWAL,¹ MCM 3333



TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTION, MCM



Polar Division and Norilskenergo

- NTEK
- Kola MMC

Polar Division
 NTFK

- Kola MMC
- Other business units and subsidiaries

In 2018, the Group's water withdrawal² grew 6.3% year-on-year and totalled 356.8 mcm. This was mostly associated with an increase in power generation and resulting growth of water consumption to cool turbine generating units at NTEK's TPP 2.

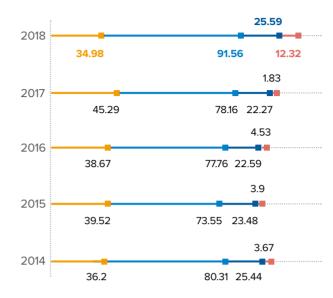
Besides, the natural inflow of mine water increased by 2.3 mcm at Polar Division and Medvezhy Ruchey and by 1.3 mcm at Kola MMC.

Group-wide use of recycled water increased by 73 mcm (6.6%) due to enhanced water recycling at NTEK's TPP 2 and Kola MMC.

Water consumed by Polar Division decreased by 48 mcm because Zapolyarny Mine and Norilsk Concentrator were transferred to the Medvezhy Ruchey mine.

Reused and recycled water makes 85.7% of total water consumed by the Group.

TOTAL EFFLUENTS, MCM



- Polar Division and Norilskenergo
- NTEK
- Kola MMC
- Other business units and subsidiaries

306-1

In 2018, the Group's effluents grew by 17 mcm (11.4%) year-on-year and reached 164.4 mcm. This was mainly due to a 13.4 mcm increase in the discharge of standardquality treated water used to cool turbine generating units at NTEK's TPP 2.

The amount of effluents treated to standard quality at treatment facilities grew by 457,000 m 3 (7.5%).

Pollutants in effluents discharged by Polar Division and Norilskenergo (branch of MMC Norilsk Nickel) decreased by 0.3 kt to 72.7 kt.

In 2018, Kola MMC's effluents grew 16.45% year-on-year, mainly due to an increase in wastewater discharge at the Monchegorsk site where water intake for its production needs increased. At Zapolyarny and Nickel sites, effluents increased on the back of growing discharge of mine drainage and wastewater. Pollutants discharged grew by 5 kt as effluents increased. In 2018, the Company continued implementing its plan to bring effluents in Norilsk gradually down to maximum permissible discharge rates for each controlled pollutant:

109

- local treatment plants were built at wastewater outlets
 61 and 62 of United Motor Transport Enterprise;
- multiple activities are in progress to optimise water utilisation and disposal at Talnakh Concentrator;
- a wastewater treatment technique was developed to treat industrial effluents in the mixed storm water collector and utility tunnel of Nadezhda Metallurgical Plant;
- design documents were developed to upgrade Copper Plant's Cooling Tower 2;
- pilot tests on the technology developed by Srednyaya
 Volga to treat Mayak Mine's drained water delivered positive results; it was decided to use this technology as a basis for the Mayak Mine Water Treatment
 Project;
- search for an appropriate technique is in progress to treat water from Kayerkansky Open Pit and Limestone mine and utility effluents from Copper Plant; work is in progress to develop an alternative treatment method for drained water from Anhydride mine.

Waste management

MM3 103-2

Over 90% of the Group's production waste is classified as hazard class 5 waste (almost non-hazardous waste). This includes rock and overburden, tailings, and metallurgical slags. To minimise the environmental impact, mining waste and tailings are stored at special waste disposal sites and are used (utilised) at the Group's facilities or by other licensed specialist companies. Mining waste and tailings are used to make filling compounds or smelting fluxes, construct and reinforce tailing dumps or railroad groundwork, as road filling, etc.

All of the Group's waste disposal sites are listed on the national disposal site register. The sites are regularly monitored in line with designated environmental programmes. Tailings pits are monitored additionally as required by safety standards for hydraulic structures.

Production and consumption waste is treated in accordance with waste generation standards and waste disposal limits.

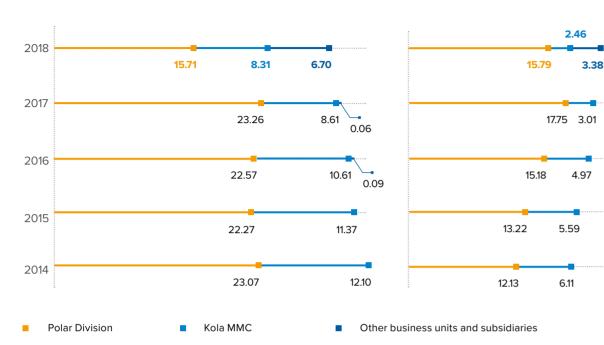
 ¹ The total for Polar Division, Norilskenergo Branch and other operations of the Group includes water withdrawal from NTEK.
 ² Water withdrawal is measured with flow metering instruments.

WORILSK NICKEL GROUP'S



WASTE GENERATION AND RECYCLING, MT 3062

Waste generation



In 2018, the Group generated 1.2 mt less waste than in 2017. The 7.55 mt reduction of waste generation at Polar Division and 1.96 mt decrease in waste recycling is explained by the spin-off of Zapolyarny Mine (both the underground and open-pit mines) and Norilsk Concentrator, which were transferred to Medvezhy Ruchey.

The year-on-year reduction of waste generation at Kola MMC in 2018, specifically the 0.3 mt decrease in overburden generation and the 0.5 mt decline in waste reuse, was due to the shutdown of open-pit operations

and decreased utilisation of overburden rock to rehabilitate depleted open pits.

In-house waste recycling

In 2018, Norilsk Nickel Group re-used 70% of all produced waste and is committed to increasing this share. 🚾

Per-unit indicators of environmental impact

Most per-unit environmental impact indicators of the Group show consistent downward trends.

| Indicator | UoM | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Per-unit air emissions | t/RUB mln | 4.404 | 4.077 | 3.530 | 3.438 | 2.643 |
| Per-unit water withdrawal | thousand m ³ /RUB mIn | 0.772 | 0.689 | 0.599 | 0.625 | 0.489 |
| Per-unit water consumption | thousand m ³ /RUB mln | 3.109 | 2.808 | 2.668 | 2.500 | 1.937 |
| Per-unit effluents | thousand m ³ /RUB mIn | 0.319 | 0.277 | 0.262 | 0.275 | 0.226 |

| Indicator | UoM | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Pollutants in effluents, per unit | t/RUB mln | 0.308 | 0.302 | 0.352 | 0.404 | 0.319 |
| Per-unit waste generation | kt/RUB mln | 0.077 | 0.066 | 0.061 | 0.059 | 0.042 |

All RUB mln figures are hereinafter given per RUB mln of consolidated revenue.

Biodiversity conservation

103-2

Nornickel recognises the importance of biodiversity and seeks to minimise any potential negative environmental impact of its operations. The Company's approach is documented in its Biodiversity Conservation Policy approved by the Board of Directors.

Its focus areas include land rehabilitation, cooperation with nature reserves, and reproduction of aquatic bioresources. The Let's Do It environmental marathon plays an increasingly important role and brings together thousands of Company employees and local community members to support nature reserves, clean up certain areas, transplant young trees, and carry out other environmental initiatives.

Nornickel supports programmes aimed to study and preserve rare and endangered species listed on Russia's Red Data Book, including Siberian bighorn sheep, polar bears, lesser white-fronted geese and others.

Land rehabilitation

The Company is developing Oktyabrskoye, Talnakhskoye and Norilsk-1 Deposits on the Taimyr Peninsula, Zhdanovskoye, Zapolyarnoye, Kotselvaara and Semiletka Deposits on the Kola Peninsula, and Bystrinskoye Deposit in the Trans-Baikal Territory.

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| |

Pursuant to the Russian laws, design documents for capital construction projects, including field development, must have a section describing environmental protection and monitoring initiatives to track changes across the ecosystem resulting from ongoing development, construction or accidents.

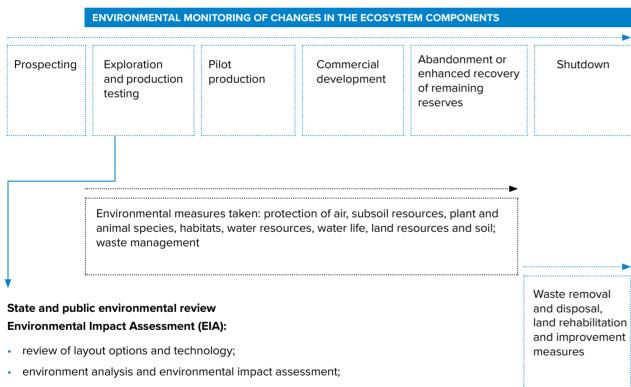
The Company has field development, mine liquidation and land rehabilitation project documents in place for all of its deposits, with special provisions made for rehabilitation activities. The project design documents provide for layouts, slopes, hydraulic and irrigation structures, and other technical measures. Importantly, the Company's deposits are in commercial development, exploration or production test stages with liquidation or abandonment not expected until 2050.

The Company complies with all applicable regulations for land rehabilitation and other environmental protection initiatives associated with field development, construction and other operations.

DISTURBED AND REHABILITATED LAND AREA IN 2018, HA¹ MM

| Indicator | Total | Including | | | |
|--|-----------|---------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| | | during mining | during construction | during disposal of solid domestic and industrial waste | during other activities |
| Total disturbed area, beginning of period | 14,889.43 | 13,225.82 | 428.95 | 66.34 | 1,168.32 |
| Total rehabilitated area | 31.70 | 31.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total disturbed area in the reporting period | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total disturbed area, end of period | 14,915.33 | 12,724.32 | 430.75 | 591.84 | 1,168.40 |

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND MONITORING MEASURES TAKEN DURING THE DEPOSIT LIFE CYCLE (304-3) (MM)



- potential negative impact mitigants provided for in the monitoring programme;
- · public discussions with local communities.

¹ Medvezhy Ruchey was included in the reporting perimeter in 2018.

Nornickel traditionally takes part in urban greening projects in Norilsk, Dudinka, Monchegorsk, Zapolyarny, and Nickel. The disturbed area reclamation programme is implemented in cooperation with local authorities and volunteers and seeks to clean up and improve public spaces and areas around motorways, protect water bodies and water reserves, and revamp tourist camping sites.

In 2003, Kola MMC started implementing a land rehabilitation programme as advised by nature reserves. In just 14 years, Kola MMC had over one million trees and bushes planted over an area of about 100 ha, including as part of a pilot project to restore damaged land adjacent to the Company's production site in Monchegorsk implemented jointly with Kola Science Centre of the Russian Academy of Sciences.

Cooperation with nature reserves

304-1 304-2

Kola MMC is located 15 km from the Pasvik Nature Reserve and 10 km from the Lapland Biosphere Reserve, while Polar Division's sites are some 80– 100 km away from the buffer zone of the Putoransky Nature Reserve. Bystrinsky GOK is located 160 km away from the Relict Oaks State Reserve (the Trans-Baikal Territory). At present, the Company's operations do not produce any significant impact on areas that are in relative vicinity to the nature reserves and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas. The Company' cooperation with nature reserves focuses on developing research and technology and supporting their social, volunteering and environmental awareness programmes.

Taimyr Peninsula

The **Putoransky** State Nature Reserve has been on the UNESCO world heritage list since 2010. It is one of the biggest nature reserves in Russia with a total area of over 1,887,000 hectares. The reserve is part of the Joint Directorate for Taimyr Nature Reserves, which also includes the Taimyrsky and Big Arctic reserves, as well as the Purinsky and Severozemelsky natural protected areas.

The Joint Directorate for Taimyr Nature Reserves implements environmental projects selected under Nornickel's World of New Opportunities charitable programme to support socially important initiatives. The projects focus on raising environmental awareness, environmental protection, engagement of local communities, land improvement, and landscaping.

In 2018, the Company helped Taimyr's nature reserves to organise environmental raids and transport research groups to remote locations.

Kola Peninsula

The Company cooperates with the Lapland and Pasvik Nature Reserves in multiple areas. The key ones are environmental monitoring and vegetation restoration in the vicinity of Kola MMC's production sites.

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The Pasvik State Nature Reserve is featured as one of the Wetlands for the Shadow List of Ramsar Sites under the name of Fjarvann — Schaanning's Field Base. It covers a total area of over 14,000 ha. **Pasvik** is the only Russian nature reserve holding the EUROPARC Federation's certificate, which is awarded to the best protected areas worldwide. Such certification is an important condition for international cooperation with foreign nature reserves.

Since 2006, the Pasvik Nature Reserve has been carrying out an assessment of the natural environment in the area of Pechenganickel Plant (including Zapolyarny, Nickel and their suburbs, as well as the Pasvik State Nature Reserve), and developing a longterm environmental monitoring programme. The reserve is also working on several projects that received grants under the World of New Opportunities charitable programme. The projects seek to reach out to Russian and Norwegian audiences and cover a variety of topics, including traditional use of natural resources, raising environmental awareness among schoolchildren, and promoting research. In 2018, the Company donated a mobile environmental laboratory that is based on a fourwheel drive KAMAZ vehicle and fully adapted to work in the Arctic conditions.

Pasvik's Visitor Centre, which was built with support of the Company, is an international platform for academic forums and educational activities focused on environmental protection issues.

With an area of 278,000 ha, the **Lapland State Nature Biosphere Reserve** is one of the largest protected areas in Europe and also one of Russia's oldest nature reserves (founded in 1930). In 1985, it was included in the UNESCO Network of Biosphere Reserves.

In 2002, Kola MMC and the Lapland Biosphere Reserve signed contracts for the development of a methodology to reclaim disturbed natural environments in the areas affected by permanent emissions from Severonickel Plant and monitoring of the Monchegorsk District and the Lapland Biosphere Reserve. Research results provided a basis for further rehabilitation of disturbed lands and for sanitary and fire protection improvements in forest areas.

The Company supported creation of multiple ecotrails, including the first ecotrail for children called "A Curious Child out in the Woods," and publication of books on the reserve founders.

In the Rybachy and Sredny Peninsulas Natural Parks, environmental routes and information facilities are

developed on the territory covering over 83,000 ha under an agreement between the Company and the Murmansk Region Government.

Trans-Baikal Territory

The oak grove in the Gazimuro-Zavodsky District is Siberia's only grove of natural origin that has survived to the present day. The grove spans 30,000 ha and is located along the Argun River. As part of the agreement with the region's government, Nornickel provides financial aid in effectively protecting and exploring the ecosystems within the Relict Oaks State Reserve. The Company financed the acquisition of video monitoring devices and camera traps for the reserve. It also plans to help put in place research facilities and run educational programmes for children and adults. WEB

Reproduction of aquatic bioresources

The Company provides annual financing for the measures to breed valuable fish species, including those listed on Russia's Red Data Book, and release them into natural water bodies. Every year, certain populations of juvenile Siberian sturgeon and grayling are released into the Yenisey River in the Krasnovarsk Territory; Atlantic salmon is released into the Umba River in the Murmansk Region. Specialised fish farms and research institutions are engaged in taking these measures. Another "green" project to restore and preserve the fish population will be implemented in the Trans-Baikal Territory.

Impacts from transport operations WEB

| Fleet | Transported products | Social and environmental responsibility | Outcome |
|---|---|---|---|
| Group's own fleet | Products of the Group com- panies Products procured to meet | Compliance with international conventions, codes, guidelines, Russian laws, regulations and requirements | No significant environmental impact produced |
| | the Group's internal needs Commercial and social cargo | Four freight-forwarding licences, all environmental permits in place Multi-stage control from the Group companies, other transportation participants and supervisory bodies | by the Company's freight and personnel transportation |
| | | Security and industrial health and safety management systems in place at facilities | |
| Fleet chartered by the Group's Metal Trade Overseas | Norilsk Nickel Group's products | Compliance of the fleet's environmental parameters with the requirements of international environmental conventions | |

Impacts from foreign operations

Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta has necessary environmental permits and an integrated management system certified to ISO 9001, ISO 14001, and OHSAS 18001.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT METRICS OF NORILSK NICKEL HARJAVALTA

Indicator

Industrial wastewater (thousand m³)

Pollutants in industrial wastewater (t)

- Ni
- SO²⁻
- NH⁺ (rebased to nitrogen)

Total water consumption (mcm)*

Total air pollutant emissions (t)

- Ni
- NH3

Waste generation (kt)

Waste disposal (kt)

Power consumption (GWh)

Power consumption for heating/cooling (GWh)

Steam consumption (GWh)

Environmental expenses, USD mln

* Over 95% is water withdrawn from surface sources (Kokemäenjoki River).

In 2018, Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta met all permit requirements for emissions, discharges and waste disposal volumes. Lower waste volumes resulted from switching to the Company's feedstock that is less contaminated with impurities as compared to third-party materials. The increase in effluents and pollutant emissions was driven by the growing output.

Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta's main environmental impact consists in the emissions of ammonia (NH₂) and nickel (Ni), and discharges of nickel, sulphates (SO $_{4}^{2-}$) and ammonia ions (NH $_{4}^{+}$)

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| 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------|---|--------|
| 771 | 899 | 988 |
| | | |
| 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| 22,457 | 25,853 | 30,189 |
| 49.5 | 60.3 | 70 |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | |
| 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.8 |
| | | |
| 71.6 | 70.7 | 85.2 |
| 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.2 |
| 70 | 69 | 84 |
| | | ~ ~ ~ |
| 7.0 | 5.5 | 2.8 |
| | | |
| 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| | | |
| 180 | 182 | 209 |
| | | |
| 130 | 145 | 150 |
| | | |
| 225 | 235 | 327 |
| | | |
| 2.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| | | |

Energy saving and energy efficiency

103-2

The Company's distinguishing feature is that most of its production facilities and workforce operate and live in the harsh Arctic climate. Nornickel uses an integrated approach to the energy infrastructure development, combining goals of reliability

improvement with those of low-carbon economy. Nornickel makes continuous efforts to reduce consumption of such fuels as diesel fuel, coal and natural gas, as well as to provide its subsidiaries with reliable and efficient energy sources in the long term.

The Company's priority renewable source of energy is hydropower generated at the Ust-Khantayskaya and Kureyskaya HPPs (481 MW and 600 MW of installed capacity respectively). These unique HPPs are among the world's northernmost ones constructed in the Arctic. The use of other renewables such as solar, geothermal and wind energy is constrained by geographic factors, such as long polar night and unsteady wind intensity.

Development of the fuel and energy assets is governed by the Fuel and Energy Development Strategy and the Programme to Upgrade, Revamp and Replace the Norilsk Industrial District's Power Facilities through 2025. For the purposes of implementing a uniform R&D policy and meeting the targets of the Fuel and Energy Development Strategy, the Company established an energy section with its R&D Council.

NORNICKEL'S FUEL AND ENERGY ASSETS

- NTEK supplies electric power, heat and water to Norilsk and all facilities in the Norilsk Industrial District
- Taimyrgaz
 develops the Pelyatkinskoye Gas Condensate Deposit
- Norilskgazprom develops the Severo-Soleninskoye Gas Condensate Field, Yuzhno-Soleninskoye Gas Condensate Field, and Messoyakhskoye Gas Field
- Norilsktransgaz transports natural gas and condensate produced by Norilskgazprom and Taimyrgaz
- Arctic-Energo is Kola MMC's default supplier based in Monchegorsk

ELECTRICITY AND FUEL RESOURCES THROUGHPUT AND CONSUMPTION BY THE GROUP, TJ $_{\tt 3023}$

| No. | Indicator | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-----|---|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|---------|
| 1 | Fuel consumption | 162,301 | 161,710 | 172,425 | 156,569 ¹ | 148,910 |
| 2 | Energy from renewable sources (HPPs) | 11,900 | 17,027 | 11,856 | 12,414 | 14,877 |
| 3 | Electricity and heat procurement from third parties | 15,547 | 15,528 | 8,968 | 10,483 | 10,931 |
| 4 | Electricity and heat sales to third parties | 20,440 | 17,918 | 19,882 | 19,503 | 18,926 |
| 5 | Group's total energy consumption (1 + 2 + 3 – 4) | 169,308 | 176,347 | 173,367 | 159,962 | 155,792 |
| | Energy intensity, GJ/RUB mln ² | 371 | 348 | 316 | 298 | 214 |

¹ The 2017 figures were revised due to adjustments in the calculation methodology and actual data on diesel fuel and fuel oil consumption.
² RUB mln of consolidated revenue.

FUEL CONSUMPTION BY THE GROUP, TJ

| Indicator | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Fuel consumption | 162,301 | 161,710 | 172,425 | 156,568 | 148,910 |
| Natural gas | 146,200 | 145,266 | 151,081 | 134,709 | 129,335 |
| Coal | 4,417 | 4,170 | 2,132 | 1,460 | 1,660 |
| Diesel fuel and fuel oil | 11,684 | 12,274 | 15,423 | 15,221 | 13,788 |
| Gasoline and aviation fuel ¹ | _ | _ | 3,789 | 5,178 | 4,127 |

To achieve its energy development goals and targets, the Company runs investment projects approved by the Investment Committee. In 2018, the Company continued to enhance the reliability of generating equipment, grid and gas transportation infrastructure and boost gas output.

The Ust-Khantayskaya HPP is implementing a largescale project to replace equipment in hydroelectric units. The fourth unit was commissioned in 2018. In 2012, the Company made a decision to replace adjustable blade hydroelectric units that had been

FUEL AND ENERGY SAVINGS RESULTING FROM ENERGY CONSUMPTION REDUCTION AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT INITIATIVES, TJ (2024)

| No. | Indicator | Polar Division | NTEK | Kola MMC | |
|--------|--------------------------|----------------|------|----------|--|
| 1. | Total savings | 1,674 | 378 | 1,046 | |
| | including | | | | |
| 1.1. | Electric power | 315 | 8 | 206 | |
| 1.2. | Heat in water and steam | 220 | 217 | 25 | |
| 1.3. | Fuels | 1,138 | 152 | 815 | |
| | including | | | | |
| 1.3.1. | Coal | 0 | 22 | 22 | |
| 1.3.2. | Natural gas | 1,138 | 130 | 0 | |
| 1.3.3. | Diesel fuel and fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 793 | |

¹ Consolidated data has been reported since 2016.

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| |

operating for over 40 years. The new units boast better reliability and a service life of at least 50 years.

The Company was also implementing its Polar Division Energy Saving and Energy Efficiency Programme for 2013–2018, which was approved by Polar Division's First Deputy Director and Chief Engineer.

Each year, the Company develops and implements organisational and technical action plans to save fuel, heat, power and water.

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

120 The Company's contribution to the development of local communities

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- 121 Employment of local population
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123 Infrastructure development

123 Development of local communities

- 123 Charitable programmes
- 125 Corporate volunteer programme
- 125 Norilsk Development Agency
- 126 Support for sports projects
- 128 Support for cultural projects

128 Assessment of social programmes

129 Transport accessibility

SUPPORT AND DEVELOPMENT OF SPORTS

For many years, MMC Norilsk Nickel has provided support to the international university sports movement. Since 2015, the Company has been a general partner to the 2019 International Winter Universiade in Krasnoyarsk. In total, Nornickel contributed in excess of RUB 2.1 bn to the 2019 Winter Universiade.







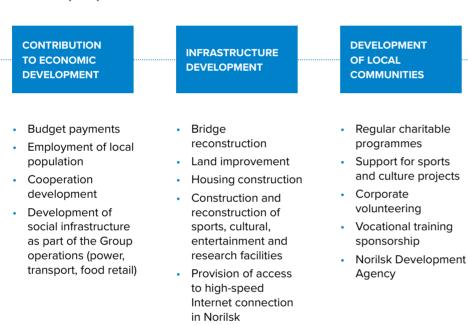


Nornickel is one of the major employers and taxpayers in Russia.¹

The Company makes a significant contribution to the development of local communities by implementing a range of social programmes that address current and potential future issues.

THE COMPANY'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES

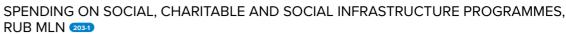
The Group's operations as a backbone of local economies 203-2

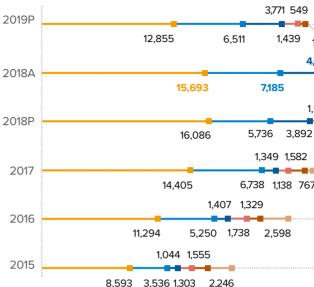


The Company's key regions of operation in Russia include the cities of Norilsk and Monchegorsk, the Taimyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District of the Krasnoyarsk Territory, the Pechengsky District of the

Murmansk Region, the Tazovsky District of the Yamal-Nenets Autonomous Area, and the Gazimuro-Zavodsky District of the Trans-Baikal Territory. Saratov hosts Nornickel's Shared Services Centre. In the Tver Region, the Company is engaged in the construction of housing for its employees under My Home and Our Home programmes.

¹ The information presented in this section refers to the Company's Russian operations.





Budget payments

TAX AND NON-TAX PAYMENTS¹ TO LOCAL, REG

| Budget | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| Total tax and non-tax payments, including | 79.2 | 88.7 | 91.5 | 100.3 | 115.6 |
| Federal budget | 13.5 | 11.9 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 18.3 |
| Krasnoyarsk Territory consolidated budget | 37.1 | 43.6 | 41.6 | 47.8 | 55.9 |
| Norilsk budget | 4.1 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.2 |
| Murmansk Region budget | 7.0 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 10.6 |
| Trans-Baikal Territory budget ² | _ | _ | _ | 0.9 | 1.2 |

Changes in the tax and non-tax payments for 2018 were due to the higher income tax (on the back of increased revenue) and property tax (as a result of growing CAPEX), as well as the planned payroll budget increase.

Employment of local population

As the major employer across its footprint, the Company provides ample career guidance and job opportunities for local communities, including younger population groups.

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| 460 | 25,285 | • | Social programmes and benefits for employees |
|---|--------|---|---|
| 160 . 417 1,583 | | | Charity 203-1 |
| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 30,897 | | Sponsorship (sports projects) |
| 1,224 795 | | • | Repair and maintenance of social infrastructure 203-1 |
| 2 1,200 | 29,890 | • | Investments in social projects and social infrastructure development 2031 |
| 7 | 25,979 | • | Breakthrough infrastructure projects |
| | 23,616 | | |
| | 18,276 | | |

| SIONAL AND | FEDERAL | BUDGETS, | RUB BN |
|------------|---------|----------|--------|
| | | , | |

The main target audience of career guidance events are children and young people under 35 years old. The Company builds partnerships with educational organisations and engages young workers, while also providing robust support for talented teachers, engineering training and whipping up interest in engineering and blue-collar jobs.

To reduce unemployment, MMC Norilsk Nickel and Norilsk Employment Centre signed an agreement aimed at retraining those out of work for the most needed blue-collar jobs.

¹ Tax and non-tax payments include all taxes paid, net of VAT and dividend income tax, as well as insurance payments and customs duties.

² Payments to the Trans-Baikal Territory budget have been presented separately since 2017.

2.5

Cooperation development

As part of its social and economic partnership agreements signed in 2009 and 2016, the Company has been cultivating cooperation with the companies of the Krasnoyarsk Territory and the Murmansk Region. Integration of local businesses into the Group's production chain (mainly through long-term contracts) makes a sizeable contribution to the development of the regions of operation, particularly by supporting small and medium-sized businesses.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN KEY COMMUNITIES,¹% Norilsk 0.7 0.8 Krasnoyarsk Territory Taimyrsky 0.9 Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District Murmansk 1.5 Region 2.1 Zapolyarny 2.2 Monchegorsk

COOPERATION DEVELOPMENT IN FIGURES

| Indicator | Across | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | the Krasnoyarsk Territory | the Murmansk Region | |
| Procurement tenders for goods and services held by the Company | 1,516 | 673 | |
| Locally awarded procurements as a share of tenders held by the Company, % | 57.7 | 49.5 | |
| The Group's spending on local procurements, RUB mln | 12,503.8 | 1,792.8 | |
| including | | | |
| services | 9,434.8 | 1,579.8 | |
| materials | 2,209.7 | 213 | |
| food supplies | 859.3 | 0 | |

Nickel

Podsolnukh store chain

The Podsolnukh store chain, a part of Norilsk Nickel Group, takes its fair share of the retail market in the Norilsk Industrial District with nine stores, including one hypermarket. The SKU range of the chain includes socially significant goods (vegetables, fruit, cereals, dairy products, meat, canned foods, eggs, sugar, etc.) that are offered at substantially lower prices than in other regional stores. The average retail prices in the Podsolnukh store chain grew notably slower than the official inflation rate. Infrastructure development

The Company is actively involved in the development and renovation of social infrastructure, looking to create accessible and comfortable environments for working and living in the regions. Nornickel sponsors improvement of public areas, supports construction and renovation of sports facilities, transport infrastructure and housing, and promotes

KEY SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS IN 2018

| Focus area | Projects | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Land improvements | Architectural lig mark structure | | |
| | Improvement o adjacent territo | | |
| | Installation of s mobile charger | | |
| | Landscaping of | | |
| Sports | Construction of Norilsk | | |
| | Development o | | |
| Education | Supporting the QC System with | | |
| Transportation | Reconstruction Reconstruction | | |
| | | | |
| Housing | Implementatior Tukhard, Taimy | | |
| Land improvements | Reconstruction Improvement o | | |
| | Land improvements Sports Education Transportation Housing | | |

Development of local communities

Charitable programmes

Since 2014, the Company has been implementing World of New Opportunities, a charitable programme to encourage and promote sustainable development of local communities. The programme is designed to develop soft skills in local communities, demonstrate and introduce new social technologies, support and promote public initiatives, and encourage cross-sector partnerships.

In 2018, after the commissioning of Bystrinsky GOK in the Trans-Baikal Territory, the World of New Opportunities geography expanded to cover the Gazimuro-Zavodsky District, which now hosts Nornickel's Socially Responsible Initiatives Competition, Arctic.PRO R&D marathon and School of Urban Competencies. development of educational infrastructure. While delivering these initiatives, the Company is committed to creating a barrier-free environment for individuals with mobility impairments, including physically challenged and elderly people, pregnant women, etc.

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The Company's expenses on social infrastructure development projects totalled RUB 3.6 bn in 2018.

| ighting at the Kommunalny Bridge over the Yenisey River, a land- in Krasnoyarsk |
|--|
| of left embankments of the Yenisey River and Kacha River and ories |
| smart bus stops fitted out with safety and surveillance systems, rrs, Wi-Fi hotspots and other capabilities in Krasnoyarsk of the Dolgoye Lake embankment in Norilsk |
| of a multi-purpose sports and recreation centre for team sports in |
| |
| of a golf field in Krasnoyarsk |
| e Development Laboratory for Dynamic Mining and Processing th the Siberian Federal University |
| n of road bridges in Norilsk |
| n of Norilsk airport |
| n of the Comfortable Taimyr project to construct housing in |
| yrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District |
| n of Dekabristov Square in Chita |
| of public areas in the Trans-Baikal Territory |

- Partnership, Innovations and Development are three focus areas of the World of New Opportunities programme.
- **Partnership** focuses on supporting volunteer initiatives of local activists, fostering new skills and developing local expertise.
- Its key initiatives comprise:
- workshops on social design, expert review and assessment of projects/programmes, creative thinking, and social engineering;
- a socially responsible initiatives competition;
- School of Urban Competencies for schoolchildren;
- We Are the City! social technologies forum;
- School of Urban Event Managers for local activists;
- We Are the City! PicNick urban event. WEB

¹ As at the end of the reporting year

All events arranged by the Company served to raise charity awareness in local communities and encourage publicprivate partnerships. In 2017, the Socially Responsible Initiatives Competition, which aims to support public initiatives, received 426 project bids, 116 of which were approved for funding. The pool of grants totalled RUB 125 mln.

Another focus area, Innovations, centres around the implementation of advanced technologies, R&D potential and innovations in engineering. Its target audience are schoolchildren, university students and adult activists interested in science and frontier technologies.

Its key initiatives comprise:

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- Arctic.PRO R&D marathon;
- FabLab R&D creativity laboratories;
- Science 0+ festival in Krasnovarsk and Murmansk;
- I Make young inventors competition. WEB

The third focus area, **Development**, targets active citizens and SMEs with the goal of addressing local communities' social issues with the benefit of business processes.

Its key initiatives comprise:

- Social Entrepreneurship training course;
- Convention of Social Entrepreneurs from the North.

The World of New Opportunities programme had the following social impact:

- local communities became the driving forces of social activity and change;
- more young people were involved in community affairs;
- new services emerged in education, culture, physical

activity and sports, and so did new forms of recreation for both children and adults;

- strong partnerships were established;
- a pool of local social engineering and project assessment experts was formed;
- travel grants were established for community leaders to participate in regional and national conferences and forums and grow professionally;
- social technologies.

The World of New Opportunities charitable programme shows the Company's commitment to migrating from the paternalistic model to social partnerships and active community involvement. A competition-based approach helps selecting the most interesting projects, achieving specific results in social issues and using social investments in the most efficient way. Along with providing financial assistance, the Company shares knowledge with the programme participants and creates an environment for the development of community initiatives and support of innovative ideas.

Targeted charitable support

The Company continued providing targeted charitable donations in response to special requests from organisations. In 2014, Polar Division and Kola MMC set up dedicated charity committees to review such requests. Certain donations are also approved by the Company's management. The Company supports entities dealing with vulnerable groups of population (veterans of World War II, disabled people, multichild families, children with special needs, financially disadvantaged citizens) and finances the participation of local non-profit organisations and institutions in various sports competitions, creativity contests, etc.

Vocational training sponsorship

Every year Polar Division provides financial support to Norilsk's institutions of secondary and higher vocational education by buying books and specialised equipment for students, contributing to the maintenance works, and thus improving the quality of training. The Company primarily focuses on the training of specialists for the most in-demand jobs.

Corporate volunteer programme

Volunteering is a vital part of the Company's corporate culture as it unites employees based on shared values and helps identifying and developing employee competencies that are essential for the purposes of sustainable development, particularly mobility, responsibility and leadership.

In 2018, about 400 initiatives were carried out in Moscow, Norilsk, the Kola Peninsula, and Chita as part of the Plant of Goodness corporate volunteer programme. Volunteers participate in environmental activities, such as clean-up campaigns, master classes and other training events, hospital clowning, charitable runs, performances and fairs. In addition, the Company launched an employee personal donation programme that collected nearly RUB 4.3 mln in 2018.

In 2018, Andrey Urgant presented his volunteer play entitled Travel Notes about Nornickel Volunteers. Income from ticket sales was donated to the House with Tail animal shelter in Monchegorsk and the Giving

CORPORATE VOLUNTEER PROGRAMME: 2018 HIGHLIGHTS

| Initiatives | R |
|---|----------------------|
| Andrey Urgant's Travel Notes about Nornickel Volunteers | 50 RI |
| Let's Do It environmental marathon | 37 43 29 12 |
| Personal donations | R |
| Catch the Eco Wave environmental quest | 45 78 |
| Dobronickel festival | 1,5 |
| Norilsk, Run with Me! charity run | 3, RI |

Hope charity foundation helping stray animals. Leading roles were played by the volunteers who participated in Let's Do It. Nornickel's environmental marathon.

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Started as a local movement in Monchegorsk in 2015, the Let's Do It environmental marathon transformed into a large year-round event uniting thousands of employees, local volunteers and concerned citizens from across the regions where the Company operates. As part of the marathon, the Company organises clean-up days, shoreline garbage collection initiatives, bush and tree planting, support of natural reserves, and eco-friendly lifestyle workshops.

The Plant of Goodness programme won prizes at several prominent Russian and international competitions, receiving acclaims from the expert community. WEB

Norilsk Development Agency¹

Activities of the Norilsk Development Agency are yet another example of how the regional social policy is implemented and how the government and businesses collaborate in social impact areas.

The Agency's mission is to lay the foundation for accelerated development of the city's service economy as a way of improving Norilsk's living standards and promoting local products and services on external markets. The Norilsk Development Agency is a longterm partnership project of Nornickel, Norilsk municipal authorities and Vladimir Potanin Foundation.

| Results/participants |
|---|
| 60 corporate volunteer actors RUB 361,540 collected for charity |
| 975 environmental campaigns and initiatives 13 corporate environmental teams 25,000 trees planted 2,000 local residents participated |
| RUB 4,295,303 collected for charity |
| 150 participants 18 environmental teams |
| 500 employees and their family members participated |
| 8,300 participants RUB 930.000 collected for charity |

The Agency's key focus areas are as follows:

- Business (Norilsk as a city of developed service economy);
- Development (Norilsk as a city of modern selling spaces);
- Tourism (Norilsk as a city attractive for tourists);
- Social and Cultural Projects (Norilsk as a city of rich social and cultural life).

In 2018, the Agency carried out a total of 21 projects and 35 initiatives that involved 46,470 people. The Norilsk Development Agency is a partner to more than 100 organisations.

Among its 2018 achievements were a spatial development concept for the city of Norilsk, a website for the Ready-Made Business and Franchising Centre, and a survey entitled the City Resident's Social Portrait. The Agency also developed the first-ever municipal programmes for the promotion of tourism in Norilsk and the Taimyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District in 2019–2025.

The plans for 2019 are to launch an SME Business Navigator website, organise training courses for entrepreneurs, develop a sketch design of the Arctic Museum of Contemporary Art, establish a vocational training infrastructure for the tourism industry personnel, assist in the establishment of tourist information centres, etc.

Support for sports projects¹

As an active supporter of sports, Nornickel sponsors major Russian and international sports organisations and provides financing for the upgrade of sports facilities, construction of sports schools and playgrounds.

SUPPORT OF SPORTS ORGANISATIONS AND COMPETITIONS

| 200 | Russian Olympic Committee | Partner |
|--|---|------------------|
| | International University Sports Federation (FISU) | Partner |
| | Football Union of Russia | Official partner |
| | Russian Futsal Association | General partner |
| Received and the second | Norilsk Nickel Futsal Club | General sponsor |



Ice Hockey Federation of Russia



Night Hockey League



CSKA professional basketball club



Russian Curling Federation



WCT Arctic Curling Cup international compet



All Russian Federation of DanceSport and Ac Rock'n'Roll





Rosgonki and Sochi Autodrom



29th International Winter Universiade in Krasnoyarsk (2–12 March 2019)

For many years, MMC Norilsk Nickel has provided extensive support to the international university sports movement. Since 2015, Nornickel has been a general partner to the 2019 International Winter Universiade in Krasnoyarsk.

According to current estimates, the Company will spend over RUB 2.1 bn to organise and hold the 2019 Winter Universiade.

| •••••• | |
|----------|-----------------|
| | |
| | General partner |
| | General sponsor |
| | General sponsor |
| | General partner |
| ition | General partner |
| crobatic | Partner |
| | Partner |

In 2018, several large projects were implemented by the Company in the run-up to the 2019 Winter Universiade in Krasnoyarsk:

- a large-scale upgrade of the Bobrovy Log Fun Park, including a comprehensive renovation of its secutrity systems;
- establishment of a landscaped park along the Bazaikha River in Krasnoyarsk;
- sponsorship of training courses for mid- and top-level managers and volunteers involved in the preparation for the Winter Universiade;
- promotion of the 2019 Winter Universiade in the media. WEB

¹ For more details please see the online version of the Report at www.nornickel.com.

Support for cultural projects

Cultural projects are an integral part of the Company's general strategy to improve the guality of life across the regions of operation. Consistent efforts in this area are integrated into the World of New Opportunities programme, activities of the Norilsk Development Agency and other initiatives.

The Follow up Siberia! project was shortlisted by the Eventiada IPRA Golden World Awards, the largest communications award in Eastern Europe. This cross-cultural initiative was launched by Nornickel in the run-up to the 29th International Winter Universiade 2019 in Krasnoyarsk.

Along with holding corporate events and competitions attracting tens of thousands of employees and their families each year, the Company also supports prominent all-Russian cultural projects. In 2018, such projects were:

- Follow up Siberia! international cross-cultural initiative in support of the 29th International Winter Universiade 2019:
- Golden Mask festival, the main annual theatrical event in Russia, held in Chita for the first time. The Zabaikalsky Regional Drama Theatre hosted famous directors, scriptwriters, theatre and cinema stars. The festival programme also included workshops;
- Dancing Sky pan-Russian dancing competition (Norilsk);
- Intermuseum 2018 international festival (Moscow):
- Nordic Character: Green Screen international environmental and social cinema festival (Nickel, the Murmansk Region);
- Living Classics young readers competition;
- a series of meetings with prominent art professionals from Europe, the USA and Russia as part of the Culture Unlimited. Dialogues with Present-Day Cultural Leaders programme (Moscow);
- 3rd Taburetka International Literature Festival (Monchegorsk, the Murmansk Region);
- · Centres for Social Innovation in Culture, a competition aimed at finding and promoting successful social and cultural models (Russia);
- Museum for Everyone!, a pan-Russian inclusive initiative aimed at creating a comfortable museum environment for each visitor. This is the second

large-scale event arranged as part of the Inclusive Museum project (Russian cities);

- Museum 4.0 Competition to support national museums (Russia);
- Museum Leaders professional development programme as part of the Museum. Power of the Place initiative. The event was attended by 30 representatives from 16 Russian cities (Moscow).

In 2018, Andrey Urgant presented his Travel Notes about Nornickel Volunteers, a unique play featuring volunteers as leading actors. The play became a link between the Year of Volunteers and the Year of Theatre in Russia.

Assessment of social programmes

103-2 103-3

The Company has a comprehensive assessment system for social programmes and projects in place. The key criterion used to select social projects for implementation is their social impact, i.e. effects they have on various aspects of life and society. The social impact is assessed throughout the lifecycle of the programme or project implemented and upon their completion. Assessment tools vary from targeted stakeholder surveys and opinion studies to actual performance indicators, including those set out in the programme specifications or social and economic cooperation agreements.

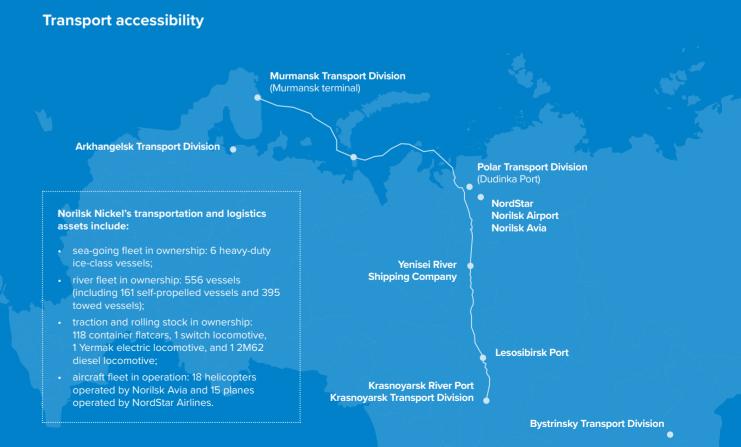
Nornickel's strong social and environmental commitment involves a framework of social programmes and benefits going far beyond the minimal statutory programmes required by law. When developing and implementing its social policy, the Company carries out the following:

- assessment of social climate in teams through designated meetings on social and labour issues;
- annual employee engagement surveys;
- annual polls among social programme participants (health resort treatment, children's vacation, corporate gifts programmes, cultural, entertainment and sports events);
- quarterly surveys and annual assessment of My Home/Our Home and Corporate Subsidised Loan housing programmes;
- regular performance assessment of the World of New Opportunities charitable programme;
- · performance assessment of the social projects financed with the Company's grants (at the financing decision stage, during the monitoring and implementation).

The Company also makes a monthly report on the social climate in the regions of its operations and participates in competitions to have its initiatives independently assessed and publicly recognised.

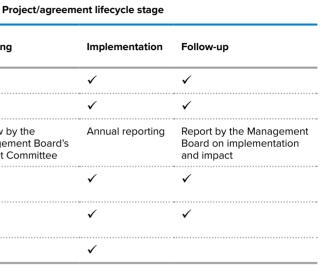
ASSESSMENT OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP PROJECTS

| | | P | |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|
| | Strategy | Plannin | |
| Social impact | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Efficiency for the Company | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Top management involve- ment in impact assessment | Review by the Board of Directors and the Management Board | Review Manage Budget | |
| Assessment of regional-level impact | √ | √ | |
| Assessment of project-level impact | ✓ | √ | |
| Integration in KPIs | ✓ | | |
| | | | |



| Public-private partnerships are assessed at different | |
|---|--|
| management levels to support optimal sustainability | |
| decisions in the regions where the Company | |
| operates. | |

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With its reliable state-of-the-art transport infrastructure, Nornickel is capable of meeting any freight logistics challenges and ensures continuity and sustainability of operations and well-being of local communities.

The Company's dry cargo fleet provides yearround freight shipping services between Dudinka, Murmansk, Arkhangelsk, Rotterdam, and Hamburg sea ports while also covering other destinations.

The Yenisey tanker is used to transport gas condensate from the Pelyatkinskove Gas Condensate Deposit to European ports and other destinations.

Dry cargo transported by the Company's fleet amounted to 1.4 mt in 2018, up 7.7% year-on-year. Transportations by the Yenisey tanker rose to 222 kt. a 37.2% increase year-on-year.

The Company and other companies of the Group handle cargo in the ports of Dudinka, Murmansk, Lesosibirsk and Krasnoyarsk.

Dudinka Port (Polar Transport Division) is the world's only port flooded every year during spring high water and accessible by both sea and river vessels. Its cargo turnover in 2018 increased 9.3% year-on-year.

Bystrinsky Transport Division is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the 227 km Naryn (Borzya) - Gazimursky Zavod railway line (Trans-Baikal Territory).

Yenisey River Shipping Company transports socially important cargoes to destinations across the Krasnoyarsk Territory. During the short period of spring floods, it delivers fuels and lubricants, food and other goods to locations with limited transport accessibility on the Podkamennaya and Nizhnyaya Tunguska rivers and in other areas, including Dikson, Russia's northernmost settlement. The shipping

company operates its own search and rescue fleet and takes part in emergency response missions on internal water routes of the Yenisey Basin.

Murmansk Transport Division is responsible for local shipments in the lower reaches of Yenisey, to the north of Dudinka Port. Dudinka Port receives foods and delivers socially important cargoes for local residents, including indigenous peoples of the North, ships cargoes for the Russian Emergency Situations Ministry and transports residents of remote coastal areas.

Destinations covered by NordStar Airlines include more than 30 Russian and CIS cities. With passenger traffic in excess of 1 million people per year, NordStar operates year-round direct flights from Norilsk to over 10 destinations in Russia and annually reaffirms its status of Russia's major air carrier. In 2018, the air carrier transported 1.44 million passengers. It offers regular and charter flights and transports passengers to interregional budget subsidised destinations, with tickets sold at reduced tariffs.

Norilsk Avia is the only air operator capable of responding to both industrial and social emergencies in the region (the Norilsk Industrial District and the Taimyrsky Dolgano-Nenetsky Municipal District). The Company meets regional demand for passenger and commercial traffic, including emergency ambulance flights as part of search and rescue operations spanning up to 280 km from Norilsk Airport. According to regulations, emergency flights are a mandatory condition for all air transportation services in the region, including long-haul flights.

In 2018, the third construction season, the upgrade of Norilsk (Alykel) Airport's runway was finally completed. Today, the runway meets the latest flight safety requirements. It was reconstructed while the airport continued its operations, which had never been done before either in Russia or abroad.

Awards and accolades and

Awards of MMC Norilsk Nickel

Safety and security:

- letter of gratitude from the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP) for a significant contribution to improving industrial safety regulations and creating a favourable investment climate;
- 16th National IT Leader Award 2018 in the Non-Ferrous Metallurgy category for introducing personnel and machinery positioning and radiocommunication systems at Zapolyarny Mine.

Environment:

- letter of recognition from the Russian President for the contribution to the Year of the Environment in Russia;
- certificate of honour from the Federation Council for a major contribution to reducing the environmental impact:
- ranked by RAEX rating agency as the winner of the Business Leaders: Environmental Expenses nomination:
- Best Environmental Volunteer Team (Let's Do It environmental marathon award).

Society:

- Vladimir Putin, President of the Russian Federation, honoured Nornickel's employees with government awards for the construction of a fibre optic communication line between Novy Urengoy and Norilsk;
- Annual Innovation Time 2018 award (Follow Up Siberia! international communication initiative won the Project of the Year in the Mass Media and Mass Communications category);
- grand prize of the Skolkovo Trend Award 2018 for corporate educational initiatives;
- HR Brand of the Year award by HeadHunter and RBC Media Group (the corporate volunteering programme won the Big Heart nomination);
- Russia's Best Employers ranking by HeadHunter and RBC Media Group (winner in the Best Employer in the Russian metals and mining industry category);
- GRADUATE AWARDS 2018 (the Company's School of Urban Competencies project won the nationwide competition as the Best Schoolchildren Engagement Programme);
- ranked fifth by RAEX rating agency in the Business Leaders: Social Partnership category;
- Leaders of Corporate Charity (special award for the efficient management of charitable programmes);
- Leaders of Corporate Charity in Siberia regional competition award (ranked first for the consistent approach to corporate charity management);





- Leaders of Corporate Charity in Siberia regional competition award (the Company's Convention of Social Entrepreneurs from the North project won the Best Programme to Promote Local Communities category);
- Leaders of Corporate Charity in Siberia regional competition award (Kola MMC won the Evaluation of Charity Approach special category);
- letter of gratitude from the Russian Cerebral Palsy Football Federation for supporting athletes with disabilities.

Non-financial reporting:

- RSPP's 2017 Leaders of Russian Business: Dynamics and Responsibility contest (winner in the High Quality of Reporting on Sustainable Development nomination);
- winner of the 21st Annual Report Competition held by the Moscow Exchange and RCB Media Group in the Best CSR and Sustainability Report category;
- MarCom international public reporting award (the Company's Sustainability Report received the Platinum Awards Statuette in the Best Report and the Best Design nominations);
- RAEX rating agency's award (the Sustainability Report won the Best Design of CSR Report category);
- Deloitte's Green Frog Award for the Sustainability Report;
- 2017 Sustainability Report short-listed for Corporate Register Reporting Awards 2019 (CRRA 2019).

Corporate governance and innovations:

- Nornickel is on Forbes' Top 100 Most Innovative Companies list;
- Nornickel is a Top 10 company in the ESG ranking by RAEX;
- 8th All-Russian Corporate Governance Forum award (Roger Munnings, Chairman of the Audit and Sustainable Development Committee, won the Chairman of the Audit Committee nomination);
- Extel Survey 2018 award (Sergey Malyshev, Nornickel's Senior Vice President, recognised as the best CFO in the European metals and mining industry);
- Extel Survey 2018 award for the Best Corporate IR among European and Russian metals and mining companies:
- Best Corporate Website winner at the 2018 Corporate & Financial Awards.

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| | | map of material okt topics (aspects) |

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| 2018 Consolidated Financial Statements: www.nornickel.com/ Investors/Reports and Results | _ |
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¹ For the SDG Mapping Service, GRI Services reviewed that the disclosures included in the content index are appropriately mapped against the SDGs. The service was performed on the Russian version of the report. ² See the About the Report section.

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| 128 and 130): www.nornickel. | |
| com/Sustainability/Reporting on Sustainability | |
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| There are no changes in the reporting | |
| mere are no changes in the reporting | _ |
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| See also the Scope of Data Collection | - |
| appendix in the interactive version of the Report | |
| | 1, 5, 8, 16 |
| _ | 1, 5, 6, 10 |
| _ | _ |
| _ | 2, 5, 7, 8, 9 |
| Risks posed by climate change are not | 13 |
| measured financially | |
| _ | _ |
| | - |
| The Group did not receive significant | - |
| government grants for the 12 months ended 31 December 2018 | |
| | |

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| There are no such sites | 6, 14, 15 |

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| The Company did not assess indirect | 3, 12, 13, 14, 15 |
| energy-related GHG emissions. Regular GHG emission reporting to authorities is not required by law | 3, 12, 13, 14, 15 |
| - | 13, 14, 15 |
| The Company did not assess indirect energy-related GHG emissions. Regular GHG emission reporting to authorities is not required by law | 13, 14, 15 |
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| - | 3, 12, 13, 14, 15 |

| GRI standard | Indicator number | Page | Excluded information/comments | UN sustainable development goal |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Effluents and waste | | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 99, 109, 115 | - | 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | - |
| GRI 306: | 306-1 | 109, 149 | - | 3, 6, 12, 14 |
| Effluents and Waste (2016) | 306-2 | 110, 151 | - | 3, 6, 12 |
| | 306-3 | _ | There are no significant spills | 3, 6, 12, 14, 15 |
| | 306-4 | - | There are no such waste or waste transportation | 3, 12 |
| | 306-5 | 107, 147 | | 6, 15 |
| Environmental comp | oliance | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | _ |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 99, 104, 108 | - | 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | _ |
| GRI 307: Environmental Compliance (2016) | 307-1 | 56, 104 | _ | 16 |
| Environmental comp | oliance | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 66, 67, 99 | _ | 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | _ |
| Employment | | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | _ |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 60, 81, 83, 99, 128 | - | 5, 8, 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 60, 81, 128, 131 | - | _ |
| GRI 401: | 401-1 | 83, WEB | - | 5, 8 |
| Employment (2016) | 401-2 | 154 | - | 8 |
| | 401-3 | WED | Information is provided about employees on maternity leave and/or child care leave | 5, 8 |

| GRI standard | Indicator number | Page | E |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Occupational health | and safety | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | Se ar th |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 91, 93 | _ |
| | 103-3 | 51, 92, 131 | _ |
| GRI 403: | 403-1 | 92, 96 | _ |
| Occupational Health and Safety (2016) | 403-2 | 94, 96 | N ge re |
| | 403-3 | 96, WEB | _ |
| | 403-4 | 96 | _ |
| Training and educat | ion | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | Se ar th |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 81, 84 | _ |
| | 103-3 | 51, 128, 131 | _ |
| GRI 404: Training and | 404-1 | 84 | N la |
| Education (2016) | 404-2 | 84 | - |
| | 404-3 | 51 | - |
| Freedom of associat | tion and colle | ctive bargaining | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | Se ar th |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 60, 99 | _ |
| | 103-3 | 60, 131 | _ |
| GRI 407: Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining (2016) | 407-1 | - | Tł |
| Rights of indigenous | s peoples | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | Se ar th |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 77, 99 | _ |
| | 103-3 | 77, 131 | _ |
| GRI 411: Rights of Indigenous Peoples (2016) | 411-1 | 77 | Tł |
| - | MM5 | - | TI ar m |

Excluded information/comments

UN sustainable development goal

| See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | _ |
|---|-------------|
| - | 16 |
| - | - |
| _ | 8 |
| No breakdown of injury rates by gender due to the lack of centralised records | 3, 8 |
| _ | 3, 8 |
| | 8 |
| - | 0 |
| | |
| See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| - | 16 |
| - | _ |
| No breakdown by gender due to the lack of centralised records | 4, 5, 8 |
| - | 8 |
| - | 5, 8 |
| | |
| See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| - | 5, 8, 16 |
| - | _ |
| There are no violations | 8 |
| | |
| | |
| See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| - | 1, 5, 8, 16 |
| - | _ |
| There are no violations | 2 |

| The Group does not have any formal | 1, 2 |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| arrangements with indigenous northern | |
| minorities | |

| GRI standard | Indicator number | Page | Excluded information/comments | UN sustainable development goal |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Local communities | | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 99, 120 | - | 1, 5, 8, 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | _ | - |
| GRI 413: Local Communities (2016) | 413-1 | - | Such programmes are implemented in 4 out of 74 (5.4%) Group entities operating in Russia (the Company's Head Office, Kola MMC, Polar Division, and Nornickel — Shared Services Centre) within the reporting perimeter | - |
| | 413-2 | 104 | - | 1, 2 |
| - | MM6 | 77 | None | 1, 2 |
| _ | MM7 | - | No disputes | 1, 2 |
| Supplier social asses | sment | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 66, 67 | - | 5, 8, 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | - |
| Public policy | | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 62 | - | 5, 8, 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | - |
| GRI 415: Public Policy (2016) | 415-1 | _ | No contributions were maid to political goals | 16 |
| Socioeconomic com | oliance | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 56 | - | 5, 8, 16 |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | _ |
| GRI 419: Socioeconomic Compliance (2016) | 419-1 | 56 | - | 16 |

| GRI standard | Indicator number | Page | E | |
|---|---------------------|------------|-------------|--|
| Emergency preparedness | | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | s a t | |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32, 96 | - | |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | |
| _ | MM3 | 109, 152 | - | |
| Closure planning | | | | |
| GRI 103: Management Approach (2016) | 103-1 | 142, 144 | s a t | |
| | 103-2 | 30, 32 | - | |
| | 103-3 | 51, 131 | - | |
| - | MM10 | _ |] | |

| Excluded information/comments | UN sustainable development goal |
|---|------------------------------------|
| | |
| See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| - | 16 |
| - | _ |
| - | 3, 6, 12 |
| | |
| See also the Scope of Data Collection appendix in the interactive version of the Report | - |
| - | 1, 5, 8, 16 |
| - | - |
| The IFRS financial statements reflect a decommissioning provision for 9% of the operations within the reporting perimeter. As at 31 December 2018, this provision stood at RUB 23,415 mln | - |

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Appendix 2 Scope of data collection¹ (10246) (1031)

| GRI topics | MMC Norilsk Nickel's Head Office | Foreign assets ² | Exploration | Production | Research and development | Support functions | Fuel and energy |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Economic performance ³ | | | | | | | |
| Market presence ⁴ | | | | | | | |
| Indirect economic impacts | | | | | | | |
| Energy⁵ | | | | | | | |
| Water | | | | | | | |
| Biodiversity | | | | | | | |
| Emissions | | | | | | | |
| Effluents and waste | | | | | | | |
| Environmental compliance | | | | | | | |
| Supplier environmental assessment | | | | | | | |
| Employment ⁶ | | | | | | | |
| Occupational health and safety | | | | | | | |
| Training and education ⁷ | | | | | | | |
| Freedom of association and collective bargaining | | | | | | | |
| Rights of indigenous peoples | | | | | | | |
| Local communities | | | | | | | |
| Anti-corruption practices | | | | | | | |
| Assessment of suppliers and contractors by social criteria | | | | | | | |
| Socioeconomic compliance | | | | | | | |
| Closure planning | | | | | | | |
| Emergency preparedness | | | | | | | |

- Information is collected on all companies of the business block .
 - information is collected on key companies of the business block

The detailed table including the names of the Group companies and branches can be found in the interactive version of this Report. WEB

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|---------|--|
| | |

| d | Transport and logistics | Distribution and sales | Other business units of the Group |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|
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¹ The scope of data collection is set in such a way as to describe all of the Group's material impacts. The scope has not undergone any significant changes compared to the previous reporting period. The Report provides results for all the companies within the scope against each aspect. In addition to the Occupational Health and Safety, the working group has classified the following aspects beyond the Group as material: Anti-Corruption, Product and Service Quality Compliance, Emergency Preparedness. These have been described in the Report by disclosing the Company's approaches to implementation of responsible practices in its supply chain.

² For the purposes of data collection, foreign assets mean Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta.

³ As regards pension plans, the reporting perimeter includes only the Group's business units benefiting from the Co-Funded Pension Plan.

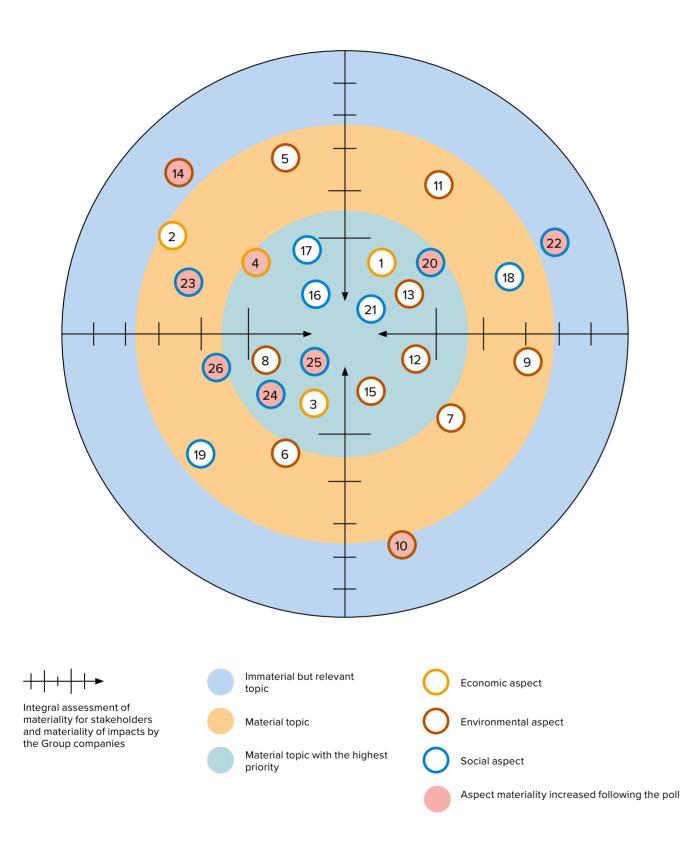
⁴ As regards nationality, the reporting perimeter includes all business units of the Group.

⁵ As regards energy conservation, the reporting perimeter includes Polar Division, Kola MMC and NTEK.

⁶ As regards benefits offered to employees, the reporting perimeter includes only Polar Division and Kola MMC.

⁷ As regards staff assessment, the reporting perimeter includes only the Head Office, Polar Division, Kola MMC and Pechengastroy.

Appendix 3 Map of material GRI topics (aspects)¹ (10249 (1034)



¹ In order to update the materiality matrix, the Company polls external and internal stakeholders, monitors mass media coverage and stakeholder dialogues, and holds interviews with top executives. Stakeholders were polled in 2018 (as part of the 2017 Sustainability Report preparation process).

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- 1. Economic performance
- 2. Market presence
- 3. Indirect economic impacts
- 4. Anti-corruption practices
- 5. Energy
- 6. Water
- 7. Biodiversity
- 8. Sulphur dioxide and solid emissions²
- 9. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions
- 10. Emissions of ozone-depleting substances (ODS)
- 11. Emissions of other substances
- 12. Effluents³
- 13. Waste
- 14. Supplier environmental assessment
- 15. Environmental compliance
- 16. Employment
- 17. Occupational health and safety
- 18. Training and education
- 19. Freedom of association and collective bargaining
- 20. Human rights: Rights of indigenous peoples⁴
- 21. Local communities
- 22. Supplier social assessment
- 23. Public policy
- 24. Socioeconomic compliance
- 25. Emergency preparedness
- 26. Closure planning

³ Topics 12–13 are covered by the GRI Effluents and Waste standard.

| 1/6 | |
|---------|--|
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² Topics 8–11 are covered by the GRI Emissions standard.

⁴ Topic 20 is covered by the GRI Rights of Indigenous Peoples standard.

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Appendix 4 GRI indicators

Environmental performance

Total water withdrawal 303-1

| Indicator, mcm | | | Total water withdrawal: | Including | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | from surface water bodies | from under- ground sources | effluents from third parties | natural water inflow | from municipal and other water utilities (excluding Norilsk-Taimyr Energy Company) | from Norilsk- Taimyr Energy Company ¹ |
| Group's total | | 2018 | 356.79 | 254.28 | 28.275 | 21.28 | 44.15 | 8.84 | 96.70 |
| | | 2017 | 335.64 | 233.46 | 31.88 | 20.67 | 40.59 | 9.04 | 93.58 |
| | | 2016 | 328.44 | 230.45 | 33.24 | 15.42 | 40.82 | 8.51 | 98.99 |
| | | 2015 | 348.52 | 254.92 | 28.66 | 21.15 | 34.84 | 8.94 | 96.44 |
| | | 2014 | 351.96 | 258.93 | 31.16 | 21.07 | 31.84 | 8.96 | 94.08 |
| Includ- | | 2018 | 82.82 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 15.68 | 22.41 | 0.00 | 44.71 |
| J | Division and Norilskenergo | 2017 | 100.14 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 15.07 | 29.44 | 0.00 | 55.61 |
| | | 2016 | 96.41 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 9.78 | 26.15 | 0.001 | 60.46 |
| | | 2015 | 102.49 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 15.48 | 28.60 | 0.00 | 58.39 |
| | | 2014 | 95.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 15.38 | 23.57 | 0.00 | 56.05 |
| | Norilsk-Taimyr | 2018 | 269.47 | 241.23 | 28.24 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Energy Company | 2017 | 251.98 | 220.42 | 31.57 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | 2016 | 249.93 | 216.68 | 33.24 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | 2015 | 267.87 | 239.21 | 28.66 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | 2014 | 274.00 | 242.84 | 31.16 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Kola MMC | 2018 | 32.82 | 11.75 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 12.39 | 8.65 | 0.00 |
| | | 2017 | 31.73 | 11.60 | 0.30 | 0.04 | 11.11 | 8.68 | 0.00 |
| | | 2016 | 35.53 | 12.39 | 0 | 0.11 | 14.63 | 8.40 | 0.00 |
| | | 2015 | 27.93 | 12.84 | 0 | 0.12 | 6.19 | 8.79 | 0.00 |
| | | 2014 | 30.16 | 13.04 | 0 | 0.13 | 8.22 | 8.77 | 0.00 |

Water sources 306-5 303-2

Branches and subsidiaries

Polar Division of MMC Norilsk Nickel

Polar Transport Division of MMC Norilsk Nickel Krasnoyarsk Transportation Branch of MMC Norilsk Nickel Norilsknickelremont Polar Construction Company Norilsk Support Complex Norilskgeologiya Taimyr Fuel Company Taimyrgaz¹ Yenisey River Shipping Company Norilsk Airport Norilsk-Taimyr Energy Company

Norilskpromtransport

Norilsk Trading and Production Association

Murmansk Transport Division of MMC Norilsk Nickel

Kola MMC

| | Scale of impact associated with the Group companies' water withdrawals | Scale of impact associated with the Group companies' effluents |
|---|---|---|
| • | Water withdrawals from the Yenisei River, water bodies of the Norilo-Pyasinskaya water system and the Kara Sea do not affect the environment and cannot change the ability of the ecosystem to perform its functions | Water bodies of the Yenisei River and Norilo-Pyasinskaya water system are used to discharge wastewater |
| | | |
| | Withdrawals do not affect the | Effluents are discharged |

Withdrawals do not affect the water sources (water bodies of the Barents Sea basin)

Effluents are discha Effluents are discharged into the water bodies of the Barents Sea basin

Water recycled and reused 303-3

| Indicato | r, mcm | | Total water used | Including | | | | Water recycled and |
|----------|--------------------|------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | utility water | production | | | reused as percentage |
| | | | | | water reused | water recycled | of total water used, % | |
| Group's | total | 2018 | 1,412.13 | 20.08 | 1,392.04 | 31.46 | 1,178.47 | 85.7 |
| | | 2017 | 1,342.07 | 18.53 | 1,323.54 | 32.64 | 1,105.40 | 84.8 |
| | | 2016 | 1,463.81 | 20.72 | 1,443.09 | 36.73 | 1,219.70 | 85.8 |
| | | 2015 | 1,421.41 | 21.29 | 1,400.12 | 40.13 | 1,275.62 | 92.6 |
| | | 2014 | 1,417.80 | 25.02 | 1,392.75 | 39.41 | 1,269.55 | 92.3 |
| Includ- | Polar Division | 2018 | 463.50 | 12.13 | 451.37 | 29.25 | 389.50 | 90.4 |
| ing: | | 2017 | 512.32 | 11.81 | 500.51 | 30.49 | 426.18 | 89.1 |
| | | 2016 | 533.67 | 12.09 | 521.58 | 34.43 | 442.82 | 89.4 |
| | | 2015 | 574.17 | 12.51 | 561.66 | 37.7 | 478.07 | 89.8 |
| | - | 2014 | 567.04 | 11.41 | 555.63 | 37.38 | 473.59 | 90.1 |
| | Norilsk- Taimyr | 2018 | 709.11 | 1.00 | 708.12 | 1.11 | 578.17 | 81.7 |
| | Energy | 2017 | 620.74 | 1.00 | 619.74 | 1.05 | 503.43 | 81.3 |
| | Company | 2016 | 719.02 | 1.79 | 717.24 | 1.03 | 607.85 | 84.7 |
| | | 2015 | 634.9 | 2.34 | 632.56 | 0.89 | 537.68 | 84.8 |
| | | 2014 | 634.12 | 6.96 | 627.15 | 0.93 | 525.9 | 83.1 |
| | Kola MMC | 2018 | 171.58 | 1.75 | 169.82 | 0.00 | 158.59 | 92.4 |
| | | 2017 | 169.64 | 1.79 | 167.85 | 0.00 | 157.47 | 92.8 |
| | | 2016 | 170.52 | 1.9 | 168.62 | 0.17 | 150.72 | 88.5 |
| | | 2015 | 171.32 | 1.79 | 169.53 | 0.00 | 146.67 | 85.6 |
| | | 2014 | 175.38 | 1.93 | 173.45 | 0.00 | 150.48 | 85.8 |

The Group's total reused and recycled water is 339.1% of its water withdrawal. This percentage is the largest for Polar Division (505.6%) and Kola MMC (483.3%), and stands at 215.0% for Norilsk-Taimyr Energy Company.

Total effluents¹ and pollutants discharged 306-1

| Indicato | or, mcm or kt | | Total effluents, | Including | | | | Pollutants in effluents, kt |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| | | | mcm | insufficiently treated | contaminated untreated | treated to standard quality at treatment facilities | standard clean (without treatment) | |
| Group's | total | 2018 | 164.45 | 30.96 | 34.26 | 6.59 | 92.60 | 232.367 |
| | | 2017 | 147.55 | 28.63 | 33.52 | 6.13 | 79.26 | 216.63 |
| | | 2016 | 143.55 | 29.81 | 26.94 | 5.26 | 81.54 | 192.99 |
| | | 2015 | 140.45 | 29.71 | 27.73 | 5.92 | 77.1 | 153.1 |
| | | 2014 | 145.62 | 30.90 | 28.55 | 5.47 | 84.0 | 140.52 |
| | Polar Division and Norilskenergo | 2018 | 34.98 | 3.69 | 28.69 | 1.86 | 0.72 | 72.661 |
| | | 2017 | 45.29 | 6.28 | 33.40 | 4.96 | 0.66 | 73 |
| | | 2016 | 38.67 | 6.42 | 26.83 | 4.71 | 0.73 | 71.83 |
| | | 2015 | 39.52 | 6.01 | 27.54 | 5.18 | 0.78 | 76.92 |
| | | 2014 | 36.20 | 5.94 | 25.43 | 4.13 | 0.70 | 67.47 |
| | Norilsk-Taimyr | 2018 | 91.56 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 91.55 | 1.36 |
| | Energy Company | 2017 | 78.16 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 78.15 | 0.392 |
| | | 2016 | 77.76 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.003 | 77.76 | 1 |
| | | 2015 | 73.55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 73.55 | 0.48 |
| | | 2014 | 80.31 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 80.31 | 0.27 |
| | Kola MMC | 2018 | 25.59 | 25.47 | 0.13 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 148 |
| | | 2017 | 22.27 | 22.25 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 142.925 |
| | | 2016 | 22.59 | 22.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 119.32 |
| | | 2015 | 23.48 | 23.48 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 75.62 |
| | | 2014 | 25.44 | 24.60 | 0.84 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 72.68 |

¹ Effluents are measured instrumentally with certified gauges and also based on the Calculation of Water Consumption and Water Discharge Guidelines and other indirect indicators as approved by the territorial office of the Federal Water Resources Agency.

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NOx, SOx and other significant air emissions, including their type and weight¹ (305-7)

| Indicator, kt | | | Group's total | Polar Division | Norilsk- Taimyr Energy Company | Kola MMC |
|---------------|----------------|------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Total amount | | 2018 | 1,926.63 | 1,789.01 | 11.69 | 117.45 |
| | | 2017 | 1,845.55 | 1,705.00 | 11.51 | 121.88 |
| | | 2016 | 1,936.44 | 1,787.57 | 8.2 | 132.9 |
| | | 2015 | 2,063.52 | 1,883.24 | 6.33 | 169.79 |
| | | 2014 | 2,008.27 | 1,828.09 | 9.74 | 165.44 |
| Including: N | lOx | 2018 | 11.22 | 0.61 | 8.02 | 1.76 |
| | | 2017 | 11.40 | 1.56 | 7.88 | 1.23 |
| | | 2016 | 10.12 | 1.52 | 6.89 | 1.12 |
| | | 2015 | 9.84 | 1.64 | 6.32 | 1.18 |
| | | 2014 | 11.53 | 1.61 | 8.11 | 1.12 |
| S | 0 ₂ | 2018 | 1,869.62 | 1,764.65 | 0.002 | 104.82 |
| | | 2017 | 1,784.97 | 1,675.85 | 0.003 | 109.07 |
| | | 2016 | 1,877.97 | 1,758.18 | 0.003 | 119.72 |
| | | 2015 | 2,009.11 | 1,853.92 | 0.008 | 155.05 |
| | | 2014 | 1,947.58 | 1,797.18 | 0.044 | 150.20 |
| Solids | | 2018 | 14.51 | 5.55 | 0.003 | 7.57 |
| | | 2017 | 13.42 | 6.06 | 0.004 | 6.87 |
| | | 2016 | 14.3 | 6.18 | 0.006 | 7.38 |
| | | 2015 | 20.67 | 8.95 | 0.006 | 10.61 |
| | | 2014 | 23.09 | 9.68 | 0.007 | 11.76 |

Total weight of waste by type and disposal method, mt 306-2

| Indicator | | | Total, mt | Incl | uding |
|---------------|---|------|-----------|----------------|----------|
| | | | | Polar Division | Kola MMC |
| Waste-related | Generation | 2018 | 30.72 | 15.71 | 8.31 |
| activity | | 2017 | 31.93 | 23.26 | 8.61 |
| | | 2016 | 33.27 | 22.57 | 10.61 |
| | | 2015 | 33.64 | 22.27 | 11.37 |
| | | 2014 | 35.17 | 23.07 | 12.1 |
| | Waste input from third parties ¹ | 2018 | 3.07 | 3.04 | 0 |
| | | 2017 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0 |
| | | 2016 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0 |
| | In-house waste recycling | 2018 | 21.63 | 15.79 | 2.46 |
| | | 2017 | 20.76 | 17.75 | 3.01 |
| | | 2016 | 20.15 | 15.18 | 4.97 |
| | | 2015 | 18.81 | 13.22 | 5.59 |
| | | 2014 | 18.24 | 12.13 | 6.11 |
| | In-house waste treatment ¹ | 2018 | 0.0062 | 0.0001 | 0.0060 |
| | | 2017 | 0.0005 | 0.0001 | 0.0003 |
| | | 2016 | 0.0003 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 |
| | Waste transfer to third parties | 2018 | 1.52 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| | (for recycling or treatment) | 2017 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| | | 2016 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| | | 2015 | 0.041 | 0.024 | 0.017 |
| | | 2014 | 0.044 | 0.027 | 0.017 |
| | Waste transfer to third parties | 2018 | 1.64 | 0.08 | 0.00 |
| | (for disposal) | 2017 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0 |
| | | 2016 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.0002 |
| | | 2015 | 0.049 | 0.049 | 0.0003 |
| | | 2014 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0 |
| | Waste disposal at in-house waste | 2018 | 10.97 | 3.72 | 5.83 |
| | disposal sites | 2017 | 12.67 | 7.08 | 5.59 |
| | | 2016 | 13.54 | 7.88 | 5.66 |
| | | 2015 | 14.75 | 8.99 | 5.76 |
| | | 2014 | 16.81 | 10.84 | 5.97 |

¹ Air pollutant emissions are determined on the basis of the Environmental Monitoring and Industrial Control data: emissions are calculated as per the applicable methodologies using data on feedstock and equipment running time, through sampling and analysing flue gases, direct measurements with gas analysers, etc.

¹ Calculated since 2016.

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Waste management in 2018 by hazard class and waste type, t MM3

| Indicator, t | Hazard class 1 | Hazard class 2 | Hazard class 3 | Hazard class 4 | Incl. mining waste and tailings | Hazard class 5 | Incl. mining waste and tailings | Total | Incl. hazard classes 1–4 waste (% of total) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Generation | 62.704 | 1,125.651 | 15,235.915 | 1,190,610.718 | 0.000 | 29,517,073.601 | 25,026,726.550 | 30,724,108.589 | 3.93 |
| Waste input from third parties | 0.000 | 14.109 | 1,426.789 | 18,071.807 | 0.000 | 3,054,711.069 | 2,965,332.940 | 3,074,223.774 | 0.63 |
| In-house waste recycling | 0.000 | 1,100.176 | 2,852.541 | 1,487.927 | 0.000 | 21,627,645.963 | 16,533,911.770 | 21,633,086.607 | 0.03 |
| In-house waste treatment | 0.000 | 18.714 | 5,991.824 | 94.062 | 0.000 | 59.097 | 0.000 | 6,163.697 | 99.04 |
| Waste transfer to third parties (for recycling or treatment) | 63.835 | 23.157 | 2,840.073 | 724.468 | 0.000 | 1,518,368.434 | 1,464,683.000 | 1,522,019.967 | 0.24 |
| Waste transfer to third parties (for disposal) | 0.000 | 0.771 | 2.841 | 55,402.776 | 0.000 | 1,586,162.267 | 1,500,649.936 | 1,641,568.655 | 3.38 |
| Waste disposal at in-house waste disposal sites | 0.000 | 0.000 | 282.052 | 1,150,554.404 | 0.000 | 9,818,987.367 | 9,594,798.654 | 10,969,823.824 | 10.49 |

Total energy consumption by Norilsk Nickel Group, TJ 302.1

| No. | Indicator | 2016 | 2017 | 2018, total | Incl | | |
|-----|---|---------|---------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | electric power | heat (hot water and steam) | |
| 1 | Fuel used to generate heat and electric power ¹ and for other purposes, ² TJ | 172,425 | 156,569 | 148,910 | x | x | |
| | (1) including | | | | x | x | |
| | Polar Division | 27,816 | 26,021 | 24,429 | x | x | |
| | Norilsk-Taimyr Energy Company | 123,075 | 107,514 | 103,203 | x | x | |
| | Kola MMC | 9,677 | 9,794 | 8,932 | x | x | |
| | (2) including | | | | x | x | |
| | coal | 2,132 | 1,460 | 1,660 | x | x | |
| | natural gas | 151,081 | 134,709 | 129,335 | x | x | |
| | diesel fuel and fuel oil | 15,423 | 15,221 | 13,788 | x | x | |
| | gasoline and aviation fuel | 3,789 | 5,178 | 4,127 | x | x | |
| 2 | Energy from renewable sources (Group's HPPs) | 11,856 | 12,414 | 14,877 | 14,480 | 396 | |
| 3 | Electric power and heat procured from third parties | 8,968 | 10,483 | 10,931 | 10,688 | 243 | |
| 4 | Electric power and heat sold to third parties | 19,882 | 19,503 | 18,926 | 3,572 | 15,355 | |
| 5 | Total energy consumption by the Group (line 1 + line 2 + line 3 - line 4) | 173,367 | 159,962 | 155,792 | x | x | |

Electric power and heat consumption by the Group companies, TJ

Indicator

Electric power and heat consumption by the Group companies

including

Polar Division

Norilsk-Taimyr Energy Company

Kola MMC

HPP share in total electric power consumption in the Norilsk Industrial District

HPP share in total electric power consumption by the Company

HPP share in total energy consumption by the Company

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018, total | Including | |
|---|--------|--------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | | electric power | heat (hot water and steam) |
| | 65,221 | 61,963 | 63,691 | 33,242 | 30,449 |
| | | | | | |
| | 41,684 | 35,936 | 34,040 | 14,954 | 19,085 |
| | 6,887 | 6,489 | 6,446 | 4,245 | 2,201 |
| | 9,990 | 12,528 | 12,112 | 9,189 | 2,923 |
| | 38.0% | 43.6% | _ | 51.4% | - |
| y | 35.7% | 37.6% | _ | 43.6% | - |
| | 18.2% | 19.6% | 22.7% | _ | - |

¹ Including fuel used to generate electric power for Norilsk.

² All the Group companies, including transportation, logistics and support functions.

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Social performance

Benefits for employees of Polar Division 401-2

| Benefits | Full-time work | | Temporary work ¹ | | Seasonal work | | Part-time work |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | full-time work | part-time work | full-time work | part-time work | full-time work | part-time work | |
| reimbursement of vacation travel expenses (incl. return fare) | + | + | +2 | +2 | +2 | +2 | _3 |
| All kinds of financial aid | + | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| Health resort treatment and vacations | + | + | - | _ | _ | - | - |
| Vouchers for children's wellness recreation tours | + | + | - | _ | - | - | - |
| Pension plans | + | + | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Termination benefits (apart from those prescribed by the applicable law) | + | + | +4 | +4 | +4 | +4 | +4 |

Benefits for employees of Kola MMC

| Benefits | Full-time work | | Temporary work⁵ | | Seasonal work ⁶ | | Part-time work | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | full-time work | part-time work | full-time work | part-time work | full-time work | part-time work | | |
| reimbursement of vacation travel expenses (incl. return fare) | + | + | + | + | - | - | - | |
| All kinds of financial aid | + | + | + | + | - | - | _7 | |
| Health resort treatment and vacations | + | + | + | + | - | - | _7 | |
| Vouchers for children's wellness recreation tours | + | + | + | + | _ | - | _7 | |
| Pension plans | + | + | + | + | _ | _ | _7 | |
| Termination benefits (apart from those prescribed by the applicable law) | + | + | + | + | - | _ | - | |

¹ Work under a fixed-term employment contract.

² According to the collective bargaining agreement and local regulations, such categories of employees are not excluded from benefits; however, in practice, travel expenses are not reimbursed since no vacation is granted to such employees.

³ According to the local regulations such categories of employees are excluded from the reimbursement of expenses associated with relocation.

⁴ According to the collective bargaining agreement and local regulations such categories of employees are not excluded from the reimbursement of expenses associated with relocation, it is practically possible. No severance pay is provided by mutual agreement.

⁵ Work under a fixed-term employment contract.

 $^{\rm 6}\,$ At Kola MMC, there is no seasonal work; employees do not work seasonally.

 $^{\rm 7}\,$ In-house employees doing bywork can be granted benefits by their primary employer.

Appendix 5 UNCTAD indicators

| UNCTAD indicator | | Page | Disclosure status | Information/comments |
|---|---|------|------------------------|---|
| A Economic indicato | rs | | | |
| A.1 Revenue and/or | A.1.1: revenue | 56 | Disclosed | - |
| (net) added value | A.1.2: added value | _ | Disclosed | RUB 506,162 mln |
| | A.1.3: net added value | - | Disclosed | RUB 462,808 mln |
| A.2 Payments to the Government | A.2.1: taxes and other payments to the Government | 121 | Disclosed | VAT is not included in taxes since this tax is indirect and actually paid by end consumers of products and services rather than by the reporting entity. VAT is also excluded from the calculation of profit (loss) and is not disclosed in the Income Statement |
| | | | | RUB b Total for 201 Income tax 49. Insurance contributions 25. Property tax 6 Others 33. Total 115. |
| A.3 New investment/ expenditures | A.3.1: green investment | 104 | Disclosed | The expenditures in question make 4.45% of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018 |
| | A.3.2: community investment | 121 | Disclosed | The expenditures in question make 4.2% of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018 |
| - | A.3.3: total | _ | Disclosed | RUB 204.9 mln |
| | expenditures on research and development | | | The expenditures in question make 0.03% of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018 |
| A.4 Local supplier/ purchasing programmes | A.4.1: percentage of local procurement | _ | Partially disclosed | Data is collected for materials and supplies only. As for other procurement categories, there is no centralised data collection broken down by the location of suppliers. Materials and supplies procured from Russian suppliers make 82.8% of total procurements in this category |
| B Environmental ind | icators | | | |
| B.1 Sustainable use | B.1.1: water recycling | 148 | Disclosed | _ |

| UNCTAD indicator | | Page | Disclosure status | Information/comments |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|------------------------|--|
| A Economic indicato | rs | | | |
| A.1 Revenue and/or | A.1.1: revenue | 56 | Disclosed | - |
| (net) added value | A.1.2: added value | - | Disclosed | RUB 506,162 mln |
| | A.1.3: net added value | - | Disclosed | RUB 462,808 mln |
| A.2 Payments to the Government | A.2.1: taxes and other payments to the Government | 121 | 21 Disclosed | VAT is not included in taxes since this tax is indirect and actually paid by end consumers of products and services rather than by the reporting entity. VAT is also excluded from the calculation of profit (loss) and is not disclosed in the Income Statement |
| | | | | RUB br |
| | | | | Total for 2018 Income tax 49.9 Insurance contributions 25.0 Property tax 6, Others 33. |
| A.3 New investment/ | 0 | 104 | Disclosed | Total 115.6 The expenditures in question make 4.45% |
| expenditures | investment | | | of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018 |
| | A.3.2: community investment | 121 | Disclosed | The expenditures in question make 4.2% of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018 |
| | A.3.3: total | _ | Disclosed | RUB 204.9 mln |
| | expenditures on research and development | | | The expenditures in question make 0.03% of the Company's consolidated revenue for 2018 |
| A.4 Local supplier/ purchasing | A.4.1: percentage of local procurement | - | Partially disclosed | Data is collected for materials and supplies only. As for other procurement categories, there is |
| programmes | | | alcoloccu | no centralised data collection broken down by |
| | | | | the location of suppliers. Materials and supplies |
| | | | | procured from Russian suppliers make 82.8% of total procurements in this category |
| B Environmental ind | icators | | | |
| B.1 Sustainable use | B.1.1: water recycling | 148 | Disclosed | - |

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| B Environmental indicators | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------|---|--|
| B.1 Sustainable use of water | B.1.1: water recycling and reuse | 148 | Disclosed | - | |
| | B.1.2: water use efficiency | 146 | Disclosed | The ratio between water withdrawal and net added value is 0.771 thousand cu m/RUB mln | |
| | B.1.3: water stress | 146 | Disclosed | No water is withdrawn in water-scarce areas | |
| B.2 Waste management | B.2.1: reduction of waste generation | 151 | Disclosed | In 2018, waste generation decreased by 1.21 mt y-o-y from 31.93 mt to 30.72 mt. The ratio between waste generation and net added value went down from 0.103 kt to 0.066 kt/RUB mln | |

| NCTAD indicator | | Page | Disclosure status | Information/comments | UNCTAD indicator | | P |
|--|--|------|------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | B.2.2: waste reused, re-manufactured and recycled | 151 | Disclosed | In 2018, the amount of waste recycled increased by 0.87 mt y-o-y from 20.76 mt to 21.63 mt. The ratio between waste recycling and net added value went down from 0.067 kt to 0.045 kt/RUB mln | | C.2.2: expenditure on employee train- ing per year per employee | - |
| | B.2.3: hazardous waste | 152 | Disclosed | In 2018, hazard classes 1–4 waste generation increased by 1,915.24 t y-o-y from 1,205,119.75 t to 1,207,034.99 t. The ratio between such waste generation and net added value went down from 3.91 t to 2.61 t/RUB mln | | C.2.3: employee wages and benefits | 8 |
| B.3 Greenhouse gas emissions | B.3.1: greenhouse gas emissions (scope 1) | 107 | Disclosed | While the absolute value of the indicator remained flat, the relative amount of scope 1 greenhouse gas emissions decreased from 32.54 t to 21.68 t of CO ₂ equivalent per RUB mln of net added value | | with breakdown by employment type and gender | |
| | B.3.2: greenhouse gas emissions (scope 2) | _ | Not disclosed | The Company did not assess indirect energy-related GHG emissions. Regular GHG emission reporting to authorities is not required by law | C.3 Employee health and safety | C.3.1: expenditures on employee health and safety | |
| B.4 Ozone-depleting substances and chemicals | B.4.1: ozone-deple- ting substances and chemicals | 107 | Not disclosed | Emissions negligible | | C.3.2: frequency/ incident rates of oc- cupational injuries | ç |
| B.5 Energy consumption | B.5.1: renewable energy | 153 | Partially disclosed | The Report discloses the amount of electric power generated by HPPs and its share in total energy consumption. The current metering system does not allow for the disclosure to be made in full compliance with UNCTAD guidelines. Along with in-house | C.4 Coverage of collective agreements | C.4.1: percentage of employees covered by collective agree- ments | (|
| | | | | generation, Nornickel Group purchases electric power from third parties connected to Russia's unified energy | D Institutional area | | |
| | | | | system (the share of electric power purchased on the wholesale electricity market is 27.5%) The Company accounts for 72.5% of total electric power consumption in the Norilsk Industrial District | D.1 Corporate governance disclosures | D.1.1: number of Board meetings and attendance rate | |
| | | | | For more details please see the Energy Conservation and Efficiency section and the Electric Power and Heat Consumption by the Group Companies table on page 153 of the Report | | D.1.2: number and percentage of female Board members | |
| | | | | Share of renewable energy in total energy consumption: Total: 6.954.031 thousand kWh | | D.1.3: Board members by age range | ; |
| | | | | HPP-generated: 3,587,627 thousand kWh (51.6%) | | | |
| | | | | Electric power sold to retail consumers and third parties: Total: 837,224 thousand kWh | | D.1.4: number of meetings of the | |
| | | | | HPP-generated: 431,929 thousand kWh | | audit committee and attendance rate | |
| | B.5.2: energy efficiency | - | Disclosed | In 2018, the ratio between total energy consump- tion by the Group and net added value was 0.337 TJ/RUB mln | | D.1.5: compensation: total compensation per Board member (both executive | Į |
| C Social area | | | | | | and non-executive directors) | |
| C.1 Gender equality | C.1.1: proportion of women in managerial | - | Partially disclosed | HR records are not broken down by category or gender | D.2 Anti-corruption practices | D.2.1: amount of fines paid or payable due | |
| | positions | | | The proportion of women on the Management Board is 31% (4 out of 13 members) | | to settlements | |
| C.2 Human capital | C.2.1: average hours of training per year per employee | 84 | Disclosed | - | | D.2.2: average hours of training on anti- | |

| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | 157 | |
|---|-----|--|

| Disclosure status | Information/comments |
|------------------------|---|
| Disclosed | Expenditure on employee training per year per employee: Total: RUB 13,643 per employee Blue-collar employees: RUB 6,549 Managers: RUB 42,675 White-collar employees: RUB 17,862 |
| Partially disclosed | Data is disclosed on wages and remuneration package (excluding insurance contributions); the data disclosed is broken down by region. There is no statistics on wages and benefits broken down by labour contract type, employment type, age or gender |
| Disclosed | Expenditures on employee health and safety make 1.45% of the Group's consolidated revenue |
| Partially disclosed | The Report discloses information about the occupa- tional injury rate and lost day rate in accordance with the GRI requirements. The lost day rate is calculated on the basis of days, not hours, lost (as required by the GRI) |
| Disclosed | - |

| Disclosed | Number of the Board of Directors meetings: 45 Attendance rate: 100% |
|------------------------|--|
| Disclosed | The proportion of women on the Board of Directors is 7.69% (1 out of 13 members) |
| Disclosed | 2018 Annual Report (page 158): www.nornickel.com/Investors/Reports and Results/2018 |
| Disclosed | Number of meetings of the Audit and Sustainable Development Committee: 18 Attendance rate: 97% |
| Partially disclosed | The Report discloses the total amount of compensa- tions paid to the members of the Board of Directors. Personal compensations are not disclosed for confi- dentiality reasons |
| Disclosed | _ |
| Partially disclosed | No records are kept on the length (in hours) of anti- corruption training. Reporting in the Company is based on the GRI standards; it means the Report discloses the number and proportion of employees trained in anti- corruption policies and practices |
| | |

Appendix 6 List of abbreviations

| ADRs | American depositary receipts |
|---------|---|
| JSC | Joint-stock company |
| GDP | Gross domestic product |
| PMRU | Paramilitary mine rescue unit |
| FOCL | Fibre optic communication line |
| TJ | Terajoule |
| UNGC | UN Global Compact |
| ММС | Mining and metallurgical company |
| GOK | Mining and processing plant |
| GOST | State standard |
| GRK | Exploration company Mining company |
| Group | Norilsk Nickel Group |
| HPP | Hydropower plant |
| PPP | Public-private partnership |
| VHI | Voluntary health insurance |
| EU | European Union |
| PD | Polar Division |
| IT | Information technology |
| CIMS | Corporate Integrated Quality and Environmental Management System |
| KPI | Key performance indicators |
| CSR | Corporate social responsibility |
| IPA | International Platinum Group Metals Association |
| PGM | Platinum group metals |
| IUCN | International Union for Conservation of Nature |
| IFRS | International Financial Reporting Standards |
| EMERCOM | Ministry of the Russian Federation for Civil Defence, Emergencies and Elimination of Consequences of Natural Disasters |
| VAT | Value added tax |
| NID | Norilsk Industrial District |
| OJSC | Open joint-stock company |
| UN | United Nations |
| LLC | Limited liability company |
| OECD | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development |
| PJSC | Public joint-stock company |
| OHS | Occupational health and safety |
| MPE | Maximum permissible emissions |
| KPID | Kola Peninsula Industrial District |
| | |

| AML/CTF | Anti-money laundering/counter-terrorism fin |
|---------|--|
| RBC | RosBusinessConsulting |
| RSPP | Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepre |
| RF | Russian Federation |
| BoD | Board of Directors |
| PPE | Personal protective equipment |
| MM | Mass media |
| CIS | Commonwealth of Independent States |
| JSC | Joint-stock company |
| USA | United States of America |
| EMS | Environmental Management System |
| СНРР | Combined heat and power plant |
| FZ | Federal law |
| UNESCO | United Nations Educational, Scientific and C |
| UNICRI | United Nations Interregional Crime and Jus |
| BVC | Bureau Veritas Certification |
| EBITDA | Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciatio |
| ERP | Enterprise resource planning |
| ESG | Environmental, social and governance |
| FIFR | Fatal injury frequency rate |
| FISU | International University Sports Federation |
| НСМ | Human capital management |
| ISO | International Organization for Standardizati |
| GRI | Global Reporting Initiative |
| LTIFR | Lost time injury frequency rate |
| OHSAS | Occupational Health and Safety Assessme |
| R&D | Research and development |
| SDG | Sustainable Development Goal |
| SGS | Societe Generale de Surveillance |
| SLA | Service Level Agreement |
| UNCTAD | United Nations Conference on Trade and D |

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Appendix 10 Opinion of RSPP Council on Non-Financial Reporting (0256)

Opinion of the RSPP Council on Non-Financial Reporting on Norilsk Nickel Group's 2018 Sustainability Report for the purposes of public verification



прошел общественное заверение в Совете РСПП по нефинансовой отчетности

Развернутое заключение Совета РСПП об общественном заверении Отчета об устойчивом развитии Группы компаний «Норникель» за 2018 год направлено в Компанию, которая может публиковать его без каких-либо изменений и использовать как для внутрикорпоративных целей, так и в целях икаций с заинтересов ыми сторонами



The Council on Non-Financial Reporting of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (the "Council") established as per the Management Bureau's Resolution dated 28 June 2007, reviewed, at the request of MMC Norilsk Nickel (the "Company", the "Group", "Norilsk Nickel") Norilsk Nickel Group's 2018 Sustainability Report (the "Report").

The Company requested the RSPP to arrange for the public verification of the Report, with the Council on Non-Financial Reporting providing an opinion on the materiality and completeness of the Report's information about the Company's operations from the perspective of the Social Charter of the Russian Business. The Charter sets out key principles of responsible business conduct aligned with those of the UN Global Compact, as well as domestic and international CSR standards.

From 29 April to 20 May 2019, the Council members reviewed the content of the Company's Report and issued this Opinion in accordance with the Council's Procedure for Public Verification of Corporate Non-Financial Reports.

The Council members possess all the required competencies in corporate responsibility, sustainable development and non-financial reporting, comply with the ethical requirements for independence and impartiality, and provide their personal expert opinion rather than the opinion of organisations they represent.

The Report was assessed based on the below-listed criteria of information completeness and materiality.

Economic freedom and responsibility. The Report presents the Company's operational and financial results, highlighting its contribution to Russia's economy and its engagement in Information is considered to be material if it reflects the company's efforts to implement the principles of the Arctic. It notes the rise in the output of key metals and responsible business conduct set out in the Social Charter revenue driven by greater production efficiency across the of the Russian Business (see www.rspp.ru). board. Information is provided on the commissioning of advanced Bystrinsky GOK and the launch of the Sulphur Completeness implies that the company provides a Project at Polar Division's Copper Plant. Other highlights include a significant improvement in health and safety performance. The Report outlines the Company's strategic priorities. It states that Nornickel embarked on the second stage of its environmental programme, launching initiatives to upgrade infrastructure, accelerate digitalisation, and other The procedure for the public verification of the Report projects. The Report discloses the Company's corporate governance structure and approaches to sustainable development management. It highlights Nornickel's contribution to achieving the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Information is presented on recertification audits for compliance with international standards of the quality The Company is responsible for the information and and environmental management system. Also included is information on the employee performance management and competence assessment systems, and the risk management system. The Report informs that the Company has adopted a number of regulations on the information security of This opinion has been prepared for MMC Norilsk Nornickel's assets and operations. It also identifies focus areas and outlines the Company's efforts in preventing and combating corruption, including the corruption risk assessment performed across the Group's business units.

comprehensive overview of its operations, including the underlying values and strategic benchmarks, governance systems and structures, accomplishments and key results, and the stakeholder relationship framework.

factors in the Company's application of international reporting frameworks; this Opinion does not, however, purport to assess the Report's compliance with such international frameworks.

statements provided in the Report. The accuracy of the Report's information is beyond the scope of the public verification procedure.

Nickel. The Company may use it for both corporate and stakeholder communication purposes by publishing the original version without any changes.

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| | |

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the review of the Report and the information publicly available on the Company's official website, and following a collective discussion of the results of the Report's independent assessment undertaken by the members of the Council on Non-Financial Reporting, the Council confirms as follows.

Norilsk Nickel Group's 2018 Sustainability Report covers the key areas of responsible business conduct in accordance with the principles set out in the Social Charter of the Russian Business, and provides sufficient information about the Company's operations in relation thereto.

The recommendations made by the Council following the public verification of Norilsk Nickel Group's 2017 Report were largely implemented in the 2018 Report. In particular, the report offers more detailed comments on changes in indicators and provides additional references to information sources, including the annual report. The report also addresses the performance of the Norilsk Development Agency, covers the sustainability efforts of the Board of Directors' dedicated committee, and provides more information on the alignment of the Company's activities with the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

The Company's 2018 Report contains relevant information relating to the below-listed aspects of responsible business conduct.

Business partnerships. The Report presents a stakeholder map together with the description of key stakeholder engagement mechanisms and initiatives. It specifies the details of meetings with institutional and target investors focused on responsible investment, and the launch of a dedicated section of the corporate website with a view to improving investor relations and those with ESG assessment agencies. The Report prioritises personnel development and describes respective management approaches and programmes implemented in employees' interests, as well as health and safety strategy and performance. It also covers social partnership framework across the Group and discloses information on feedback channels for employees. The Report provides information on supplier relations with a focus on equal competition, corruption control, and feedback channels. It states that ESG requirements are incorporated into standard master agreements with suppliers and contractors, and presents information on the monitoring of contractors' compliance with health and safety requirements when carrying out the work, as well as on incorporating a binding anti-corruption clause into supplier agreements. It also provides information on quality assurance measures, customer satisfaction monitoring, new formats of interaction with regional authorities, continuous engagement in expert and consulting working groups established by government authorities to implement socially important projects, as well as on close interaction with business associations and NPOs. It describes strategic partnerships with Russian and foreign organisations set up with a view to achieving sustainable development goals and promoting green economy, and covers cooperation in creating a global mechanism to ensure reliability of precious metals supplies and addressing the global information security agenda.

Human rights. The Report covers regulatory and managerial aspects of the Company's respect of human rights, noting that Nornickel has a Human Rights Policy in place and that the principle of respecting human rights is set out in the Company's by-laws governing the HR, environmental, social and other matters. The Report also focuses on the respect of employees' social and labour rights, offering them a competitive salary, social benefits, decent working conditions, professional development, and career growth. It describes the procedures in place for identifying human rights violations, stating that no such violations were recorded in the reporting period. It covers key areas of Nornickel's interaction with indigenous northern minorities and the Company's relevant commitments set forth in its Indigenous Rights Policy. In 2018, Nornickel and the Federal Agency for Ethnic Affairs (FAEA) signed a cooperation agreement to provide support to indigenous northern minorities who reside in the areas where the Company operates.

Environmental protection. The Report includes information on starting the second stage of the Company's environmental programme, approving the Integrated Action Plan to Reduce Air Pollutant Emissions at Polar Division in 2019–2024, and launching a concentrator upgrade project at Kola MMC. It presents details on the environmental management system and efforts to manage the climate impact, reduce greenhouse emissions, save energy, improve energy efficiency and develop the Company's energy infrastructure. It traces changes in quantitative indicators associated with the Company's environmental impact, broken down by key facilities, including its foreign asset Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta, as well as environmental expenditures and costs. The Report evaluates the impact of the Company's vehicle fleet as insignificant and describes Nornickel's approaches to biodiversity conservation, land rehabilitation and other environmental protection initiatives associated with field development, construction and other operations. It offers insights into cooperation with nature reserves, employee involvement in environmental initiatives, and environment-related interaction between the Company and broader community.

Contribution to the development of local communities.

The Report highlights the Company's contribution to the development of local communities as the largest taxpayer and employer and also as participant of important regional and federal programmes and major infrastructure projects. It specifies the key focus areas of implementing social and economic agreements with government authorities in five regions across the Group's footprint (Krasnoyarsk Territory, Murmansk Region, Trans-Baikal Territory, Tver Region and Saratov Region). It presents information on key socially important economic and environmental projects implemented in these regions and covers the details of fostering cooperation with local businesses. The Report notes the Company's career guidance focus seeking to facilitate the employment of population, including young people. It discloses the performance results of the Norilsk Development Agency and provides the list of key social infrastructure development projects of 2018. It details the results of the World of New Opportunities charitable programme across three focus areas – Partnership, Innovations, and Development, along with major projects implemented by the Company as the General Partner of the 29th International Winter Universiade 2019 in Krasnoyarsk. It also addresses the Plant of Goodness corporate volunteer programme, describes approaches to the assessment of social programmes and public-private partnerships, and discloses information on social spending.

Final provisions

Information in the Report generally reflects the Company's consistent work towards the integration of corporate social responsibility and sustainable development principles into its business practices. The Report contains a significant amount of information about the Company's impact on the society and environment, its strategy and policies in the key focus areas, and the effect of the related programmes. It covers the main focus areas and formats of stakeholder engagement, including those used as part of the reporting process.

The Report was prepared using internationally and domestically recognised reporting tools (e.g. the GRI

Standards, Comprehensive option, GRI Sector Disclosures and the RSPP Reference Performance Indicators), which ensures comparability of the Group's information with that of other Russian and international companies. The Report is also in line with the UN Global Compact and the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

The 2018 Report is the Company's fifteenth non-financial report, which demonstrates its determination to consistently develop reporting processes and enhance transparency. The Company uses various forms of independent assessment and confirmation of disclosed information (professional audit and public verification). This reflects the Company's commitment to keeping stakeholders informed and maintaining the high quality of disclosures.

RECOMMENDATIONS

While acknowledging the Report's strengths, the Council calls attention to some aspects of disclosures' materiality and completeness, which should be addressed in the future reporting cycles.

The Report outlines Nornickel's strategic priorities and we regard this data as material for the stakeholders. However, the Company's strategy deserves a more detailed disclosure in the sustainability report, and it is therefore recommended to use more references to the sources where the relevant information is presented in more detail (e.g. the annual report). Cross-references in the Company's public reports ensure a more complete disclosure of material information without a significant increase in the size of reports, while also enabling comparability of information contained in different sources.

The Report reflects the results of the inventory of significant projects and programmes in line with the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Nornickel is advised to continue disclosing information on the progress towards the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, using it among other criteria for assessing implementation of the goals and objectives of the Company's strategic priorities.

The Report states that the Company's by-laws provide for the control over compliance with the anti-corruption clause in agreements with suppliers and contractors, as well as their implementation of the work safety recommendations. It is advised that future reports describe the Company's impact on their business ethics, and social and environmental

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responsibility practices in more detail. It would be useful to provide examples of how ESG aspects are monitored as part of assessing the reliability of business partners, and how the latter implement relevant policies and standards into their business practices. Taking into account the new practice of the Company's adherence to the codes of conduct devised by foreign manufacturers, it seems reasonable to describe the Company's experience in this area going forward.

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The Report highlights the Company's high degree of transparency and the use of various formats of stakeholder engagement. It would be appropriate to add a description of how feedback from stakeholders is used in management practices, namely in improving business processes and refining social programmes. In particular, this also applies to disclosing the results of the Company's Social Portrait of a City Resident analytical survey in the Krasnoyarsk Territory and the Murmansk Region.

The Company's reports generally provide full information on energy consumption and environmental impact across all key divisions. To improve this area of disclosure, it is further advised to report on the relevant performance of support functions (transportation, gas production, electricity generation) and smaller units, such as Bystrinsky GOK.

The Report contains information on Nornickel's efficiency improvement programme seeking, among other things, to introduce innovative management solutions. In future reporting cycles, it is advisable to give more detailed information on the achievements in this area, including the set of KPIs related to sustainable development.

Taking into account the Company's active role in implementing national priorities as stated in the Report, it would be useful to provide more details on its further participation in national projects, such as the Environment, the Digital Economy, and the Smart City initiatives, going forward. This would enable a more complete understanding of the Company's social and environmental impact as one of the major players in the Russian business market.

The RSPP Council on Non-Financial Reporting hereby takes a positive view of this Report, supports the Company's commitment to responsible business practices, notes consistency in developing the reporting process, and confirms that Norilsk Nickel Group's 2018 Sustainability Report has passed the public verification procedure.

Российский союз промышленников и предпринимателей")

Appendix 11 Independent assurance report¹ 102-53



INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONER'S LIMITED ASSURANCE REPORT [TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN ORIGINAL

To the management of Public Joint Stock Company "Mining and Metallurgical Company "Norilsk Nickel". We have undertaken a limited assurance engagement of nature and level of Public Joint Stock Company "Mining and Metallurgical Company "Norilsk Nickel" (hereinafter referred to as MMC Norilsk Nickel) compliance with the principles of the AA1000 Accountability Principle (2018) (hereinafter referred to as AA1000 AP 2018) in the process of stakeholder engagement in sustainability activities as well as compliance of the accompanying Norilsk Nickel Group's 2018 Sustainability Report (hereinafter referred to as the Report)1 with the requirements of GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards to the report prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive option.

Responsibility of MMC Norilsk Nickel

MMC Norilsk Nickel is responsible for its compliance with the principles of the AA1000 AP 2018 in the process of stakeholder engagement in sustainability activities as well as preparation of the Report in compliance with the requirements of GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards to the report prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive option. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation of the Report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Rules of Independence of the Auditors and Audit Organizations and The Code of Professional Ethics of the Auditors, which are in accordance with Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards

Board for Accountants, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements

The firm applies International Standard on Quality Control 1, Quality Control for Firm that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements, and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements

Our Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a limited assurance conclusion on nature and level of MMC Norilsk Nickel compliance with the principles of the AA1000 AP 2018 in the process of stakeholder engagement in sustainability activities as well as compliance of the Report with the requirements of GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards to the report prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive option based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised), Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information. as well as in accordance with AA1000 Assurance Standard 2008 (type 2, as defined by AA1000AS 2008). These standards require that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain limited (moderate as defined by AA1000AS 2008) assurance about whether MMC Norilsk Nickel complies with the principles of the AA1000 AP 2018 in the process of stakeholder engagement in sustainability activities and whether the Report is free from material misstatement.

A limited assurance engagement undertaken in accordance with these standards involves assessing the following criteria (hereinafter referred to as Criteria):

- Nature and level of MMC Norilsk Nickel compliance with the principles of the AA1000 Accountability Principle 2018 - inclusivity, materiality, responsiveness and impact - in the process of stakeholder engagement in sustainability activities:
- · Compliance of the Report with the requirements of GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards to the report prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive option.

A limited assurance engagement is substantially less in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement in relation to both the risk assessment procedures, including an understanding of internal control, and the procedures performed in response to the assessed risks.

The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgment and included inquiries, inspection of documents, analytical procedures, evaluating the appropriateness of quantification methods and reporting policies, and agreeing or reconciling with underlying records.

Given the circumstances of the engagement, in performing the procedures listed above we have performed the following procedures

- Study and selective testing of systems and processes implemented by MMC Norilsk Nickel to ensure and analyze the compliance of the activities with the AA1000 AP 2018 principles; collection of evidence confirming practical implementation of these principles
- Interviewing the management and employees of MMC Norilsk Nickel and obtaining documentary evidence.

¹ The Report includes information on MMC Norilsk Nickel, its Russian subsidiaries and Norilsk Nickel Harjavalta. Information on the total number of employees and revenue (within consolidated revenue) of other abroad subsidiaries is also included in the Report

TRANSLATION NOTE: Our report has been prepared in Russian and in English. In all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the Russian version of our report takes precedence over the English version.

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- · Attending the 'We Are the City' social technologies forum in Norilsk (on February 15, 2019) and in Monchegorsk (on March 2, 2019), including dialogues with stakeholders.
- context of sustainable development.
- Nickel Group activities, in order to check validity of the declarations made in the Report.
- Selective review of documents and data on the efficiency of the management systems of economic, environ and social aspects of sustainable development in Norilsk Nickel Group.
- to be included into the Report.

· Analysis of information in the Report for compliance with the requirements of Criteria. The procedures were performed only in relation to data for the year ended 31 December 2018. The evaluation of reliability of the information on performance in the Report was conducted in relation to compliance with the requirements of Standards to the report prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive option and information referred to in the annex to the Report "GRI Content Index". In respect to the quantitative performance indicators the conformity assessment to external and internal reporting documents provided to us was performed. The procedures were not performed in relation to forward-looking statements; statements expressing the opinions, beliefs and intentions of MMC Norilsk Nickel as the parent company of Norilsk Nickel Group to take any action relating to the future; as well as statements based on expert opinion.

The procedures were performed in relation to the Russian version of the Report, which includes information to be published in a hard-copy form as well as in digital form on the MMC Norilsk Nickel website. We had no chance to verify that the report was published on the MMC Norilsk Nickel website as well as that Global Reporting Initiative was notified of the use of the Standards in the Report preparation, due to the fact that the date of signing this Assurance Report preceded the planned dates of these procedures completion. The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had we performed a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a reasonable assurance opinion about MMC Norilsk Nickel adherence to the principles of the AA1000 AP 2018 as well as about compliance of the Report, in all material respects, with the Criteria.

Limited Assurance Conclusion

Nature and extent of compliance of MMC Norilsk Nickel with AA1000 AP 2018 principles Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes as to believe that MMC Norilsk Nickel stakeholder engagement in sustainability activities has not complied, in all material aspects, with the criteria of AA1000 AP 20018 in respect to adherence of MMC Norilsk Nickel to the principles (Inclusivity, Materiality, Responsiveness and Impact).

Compliance of the Report with the GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards (Comprehensive option) Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Report has not complied, in all material aspects, with requirements of GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards to the report prepared in accordance with the Comprehensive option. Recommendations

Based on the results of the limited assurance engagement we recommend:

- · Increase the extent of disclosure of indicators in relation to which requirements of GRI Standards is not fully taken into account (disclosures with omissions).
- · In case of disclosure with omissions due to absence of a recording system, provide more specific information about

plans to obtain data in future. The recommendations are not intended to detract from the practitioner's conclusion. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of the matters referred to in the recommendations.



FBK. LLC Practitioner

Partner

acting under Power of Attorney No. 76/18 of December 17, 2018 The Russian Federation, Moscow, May 20, 2019

TRANSLATION NOTE: Our report has been prepared in Russian and in English. In all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the Russian version of our report takes precedence over the English version.

¹ The auditor of the Sustainability Report was approved by the Senior Vice President for HR, Social Policy and Public Relations

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· Study of information available on the websites of companies of Norilsk Nickel Group related to their activities in the

· Study of public statements of third parties concerning economic, environmental and social aspects of the Norilsk

Analysis of non-financial reports of companies working in the similar market segment for benchmarking purposes.

· Study of the existing processes of collection, processing, documenting, verification, analysis and selection of data

It is reasonable to disclose GRI indicators in relation to target values and plans for the future.

V Y Skobarev

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Nornickel on social media

https://www.facebook.com/NornickeIRU/ https://twitter.com/NornikOfficial https://vk.com/nornickel_official https://www.youtube.com/user/NornikOfficial https://www.instagram.com/nornickel_official feeds.feedburner.com/nornik/AIDB

Norilsk through the eyes of its residents

http://norilskfilm.com/