

FINAL REPORT
(January 2011- June -2012)

Detailing to accelerating opportunities and minimizing adverse impacts to lives and livelihoods in distress migration

Submitted to
Jamsetji Tata Trust
Mumbai

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1. Summary

The section should consist of an extended summary of the report. It should address outputs produced, outcomes, project efficiency, effectiveness and relevance

ACTIVITIES DURING SECOND SIX MONTH OF MIGRATION PROJECT (JANUARY-JUNE, 2012)

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
1	Set up Sramika Sahayata "o" Soochana Kendra at Sindhekela of Bangomunda Block and another one is at Titlagarh .Two center open and work started	July 2011	- To know the information regarding the distress migrant and it is a helping center to the migrant labor. Information and public relation center and in the center Registration and issue of identity card to the distress migrant.	-2 blocks Titlagarh & Bangomunda -9 GP -Village leaders -9 sarpanch and PRI members -2 BDOs of Block -Sub- Collector of Titlagarh Subdivision	Programme coordinator and GP coordinator directly moved to all operational area including GP Headquarters and Block, Subdivision Office	Rapport building with the community and PRI and Introduced ourselves about project goal and activities, it is a information and public relation center ,	-Staff placed Discussed the concept of distress migrants, issue, survey, registration of Migrants with local PRI & Govt. officials

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2	Campaign on enrollment of distressed migrants, inclusion in current census and Government Scheme and program, 2011	July 2011 Bangomunda & Titilagarh	-Organized rally, -meetings and awareness speech, slogan -Distribution leaflets to the people of migration area.	-2 blocks Bangamunda 5GPs and Titilagarh, - 4 GPs - 58 villages of both the block	Udyama ,CBOs and local volunteers organized the programme	Migrants got information and directly involved in 2011 census at source as well as destination	participants from Migrants and non Migrants' families are sensitized. Women and youth participated in the rally.

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3	Set up MRC Shramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra	August and September, 2011 Bangomunda & Titilagarh	2 Kendras have set up in the operational area in each block	-2 MRC in each Block -Sramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra, Titilagarh (for Titilagarh Block -Sramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra, Sindheikela, (for Bangamunda)	-Staff are maintaining a record of incoming of migrants to the MRC	-Direct service reaching to Migrants Providing basic information related to distressed migration on source and destination -registration and issue of identity cards and allied information -motivating and mobilizing to registered their name before moving to their work place	Migrant and Youth directly taking benefit of the MRC Local labor are also paid frequent visit to MRC

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
4	Organized village labour meeting	January to June 2012 Bangomunda & Titilagarh Block	Meeting is organized in each village Discussions with all participants especially labor including PRI and Migrants.	-2 blocks -58 village level meeting At both the block in each village.	-Organized meeting at village level	-Migrants directly understood the activity and goal of our project They became conscious and extend their interest and cooperation to involve in house hold survey and registration Made members and village leaders are started to mobilize migrants to registered their detail and move to destinationn. They understand the importance of ID card and Sramik Sahayata Soochana Kendra.	-Migrants and non migrant family -Ward members and samiti savya, Sarapanch - Anganwadi worker expressed their cooperation to the Project implementation.

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
5	House hold survey/base line survey and Data base developme nt/ Analysis of Data at GP and Block Level.	January 2011 to June, 2012 Bangomunda & Titilagarh Block.	Direct door to door survey made by the volunteers and GP Coordinators and Data base development and baseline data entry and Data Analysis at GP and Block Level	-2 Block Like Bangomunda and Titilagarh 9GP(Kholan, Comprising 58 Villages	GP coordinator and Volunteers under the supervision of Programme Coordinator are Filling up Baseline survey format and Data entry and data base development.	-11397 house hold survey is already done -5643 Migrant families are identified.	Migrant Family and Non-Migrant family in the selected villages are included in the survey.

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
6	Registration of migrants	January 2011 to June 2012 Bangomunda & Titilagarh	Organized Abhiyan, Campaign at busy/ crowd place. Posted and distribute Poster and leaf plate Organized Village level meetings Motivating and mobilizing the migrants	-2 Block Like Bangomunda and Titilagarh -9GP () are completed status of covering the Registration. - Comprising 58 Villages	-In each village a volunteer is being selected and its responsibility was to maintain records at the Village. -Sramik sahayata Soochana Kendra members and udyama staff directly involved in registration of migrants in sramik sahayata Soochana Kendra and at village level coordinator coordinates the process of registration in the area Sramik Mitras are cooperating the process of registration.	-1894, application for registration are being collected from migrants -1551 identity cards has already issued -1551 identity cards have already been distributed to migrants -it provided information regarding the volume of migration at destination and also helped to get information about their working sector and other relevant data.	Most of the Migrants in the operational area have registered to get ID card This will be their Identity at Destination

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7	Issue and distribution of migration Identity Card	January 2011, to June, 2012Both the block Titilagarh & Bangomunda	Identity cards are being distributed to each registered migrants	-Bangomunda Block(5GP Alanda, Arsatala, Mundpadar, Jharial, Themra) -Titilagarh Block (4 GP- Ghodar, Naren Kholan and Sihini	Program Coordinator in consultation with GP Coordinator and Sarapanch issued the migrant identity card	-1894 applications for registration are collected. -1551identity card have already issued and -1551,identity card have already been distributed to migrants -By this UDYAMA Identified the migrants in those area This card helped them to show their identity at the time of identity verification and entitlements from time to time at destination	All migrants at source and destination using those card as identity prove

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8	Workshop at Panchayat Level	January to June 2012 At Kholan GP , Ghodar GP, Naren GP, Sihini of Titlagarh Block and Alanda GP, Mudpadar GP, Themra GP, Jharial GP, Arsatula GP of Bangomunda Block.	Organized Workshop at GP Level. All the people from migration prone areas has been participants and mainly consisting from migrant families, PRI member and civil society organization were actively participated on the GP level workshop	Kholan GP , Ghodar GP, Naren GP, Sihini GP, of Titlagarh Block and Alanda, Mudpadar, Themra , Arsatula GP, Jharial GP of Bangomunda Block. and few leaders and PRI members from neighboring GP	Basic Information and detail agenda relating to the workshop was shared by the coordinator with PRIs and Shramik Mitras	About 1600 migrant laborers gained the knowledge on different possible alternative to address the problem on migration at source and destination. They got information on life skill development training for their rehabilitation. -Orientation facilities for Migrant are also discussed.	Migrant, PRIs, Civil Society Organization. Local Govt officials have participated and got information and clarification.

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9	Block level workshop	June & December of 2011 and March of 2012 Bangomunda Block and Titilagarh Block.	3 Block Level Workshop Organized at Ranipur-Jharial (Bangamunda Block)Participated about 70(migrants, PRI member, from 5 Gram Panchayat CSO,Government officials, media persons. from the block) and organized at Titilagarh block also said things discussed at the block level meeting around 134 participant participated on that workshop . and another one is at Titilagarh Block total 75 Participant participated and said things discussed in the workshop.	-Bongomunda block (Covering 5 GP) and Titilagarh Block (Covering 4 GP)	The sarapanchs of 9 GPs, CSOs, PRI members and Block officials, Police personnel, Advocate and media person were invited to share their knowledge and expertise to address the migration related issues, process and approach in solving distress migration, poverty reduction, infrastructure development and life skill development for their rehabilitation	This programme outreached to about 280 migrant families. They knew the legal provision and became conscious about their rights and entitlements from government. They are well informed about the rehabilitation through life skill development organized by UDYAMA and Government of ODISHA through Block	Migrants, PRI members Govt. Officials, Civil Society Organization, Legal advisor actively participated and understand the importance of the program.

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10	District Level Workshop	November, 2011 Both the Bangomunda and Titilagarh Block	Organized District level workshop on Adverse impact of distress migration “and handling over certificates to utrainee youths boys and girls at Titilagarh. On that Program around 247 participants participated in that program and discussed about the labor law and its govt. provision.	Whole district of Bolangir, especially Bangomunda block and Titilagarh Block.	The sarpanchs of 9 GPs, CSOs, PRI members and Block officials, Police personnel, Advocate and media person were invited to share their knowledge and expertise to address the distress migration related issues, process and approach in solving distress migration, poverty reduction	The district level workshop the distress migrant labor and other participants gained some knowledge about the labor law, ACT, and government scheme and provision. Distribution of identity card around 186 distributed and 98 different vocational training like plumbing, mason, tailoring, motor cycle repairing certificate was distributed on that workshop. Encourage and gain some knowledge about the placement.	District Labor Officer, Sub-Collector, Print media and electronics media person visit to district level program for highlighted the migrant issue. 186 identity cards was distributed and 98 different vocational training like plumbing, meson, tailoring, motor cycle repairing certificates distributed on that workshop.

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
10	Review and Reflection	<p>Last week or the First week of every month</p> <p>May 2012</p> <p>(3rd Quarterly meeting at Titlagarh Project Office)</p> <p>December, - 2011</p> <p>(Third quarter at BBSR Head Office)</p>	<p>Monthly review meeting</p> <p>Quarterly meeting for one day for the project staff was held where the secretary had presided over the session to review the project implementation and planning for its qualitative growth</p> <p>Actively participated on discussion and Planning.</p>	<p>-All Staff involved in Migration project</p> <p>-project advisory committee</p> <p>-Programme coordinator</p> <p>-Partner organization and CSO</p>	<p>-Monthly review meeting had organized at the end / first week of every month</p> <p>-Program Coordinator finalized the date and venue for the review and reflection</p>	<p>preparation of Action plan for the following month</p> <p>Program Reviewed and reflected evaluated on progress and status during last 06 month and focused on points of action for last phase of project implementing procedure</p> <p>-Learning from the mistakes</p> <p>-Filling the Gap</p> <p>-Action Plan for the 3rd Quarter and 4th Quarter was made</p>	<p>-Udyama Project Staffs participated & Suggested their view and opinion for the improvement of project implementation.</p> <p>-It helps in learning and involvement of CBOs</p> <p>- Suggestions were made to improve and solve the short coming from the project implementation</p>

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
11	Staff Training and orientation Programme on EDP, (capacity Building) and Legal Aid Workshop at Bhubaneswar	September, 2011 (BBSR Head .office) October, 2011 (Titlagarh Project office) December, 2011 (Titlagarh project Office) August 30 th & 31 st 2012 Legal Aid Workshop at Bhubaneswar	Mr. Srikant Pattanaik from EDI, Eastern Zone, Bhubaneswar Branch, participated as Resource person, had delivered training and orientation programme.	-All Staff of UDYAMA to staff and few trainees of FVTRS	It was suggested that Job oriented Training and placement of trainees with revenue model should be at project level	-Increased knowledge on EDP, process practice, information flows . -Migration problem and prospective -Team trained and gained knowledge on EDP, issues, and dimension and problem and prospective	Udyama migration project Staff & few trainees of FVTRS

S I N O	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
1 2	Exposure visit of staff of UDYAMA and Distress migrant youth of coverage area for financial inclusion	December, 2011 SEBA JAGAT, EKTA PARISAD TRUST, and Mahashakti Foundation Bothar well equipped with job oriented programs and Financial Inclusion	-Staff and Distress Migrant Youth Participated -Field visit and SHG/groups functioning. -Orientation and Training Workshop -Team visit to different location to gained knowledge on SBD and encourage of distress youth for skill training. - field visit with distress migrant youths and seen the different profit activities in the operating area like the press Khali and Dana/leaf plate making, Turmeric powder, Soap making etc.	-Udyama Staffs and Distress migrant youths	Participation of Staff in the training and orientation programme organized by UDYAMA.	to involve community women from marginalized sector for profit activities and Marketing the goods of the SHG/group promotion at source Vocational training, skill building and their placement. -Good exposure of the staffs in managing huge groups on financial involvement Increased the existing knowledge of staff on group building of migrants -better management skill building strategy and understanding on SBD	Migration Project Staff of UDYAMA and Distress migrant youths of the operational areas of Titlagada.

SI No	Activities during this period	Area and Date wise progress	Approach & strategy	Coverage	Implementation	Outcome	Efficiency, effectiveness & Relevance
13	Exposure visit of staff to Aajeevika Bureau Udaipur, Rajasthan and MRCs	May 2012 Exposure visit of staff to Aajeevika Bureau Udaipur, Rajasthan and MRCs Gogunda of Rajasthan.	-Team visit to different location to gain knowledge about the Migration Project and its proper implementation.	Migration project staff of Udyama.	Participation of staff in the training and orientation programme organized by Aajeevika Bureauat Udaipur, Rajasthan	<p>-Increased knowledge on process practice, program, information flow, laws and policy and issues related to migration</p> <p>-Team trained and gained knowledge on the legal issues, and dimension and problem and prospective of migration for better implementation of project</p> <p>- Staff had good orientation on various activities</p> <p>-Increased knowledge within the members of MRCs</p> <p>- Staff learnt about management strategies to facilitate effective implementation of the project and to achieve the project's goal</p>	<p>Migration project staff of Udyama</p> <p>Useful and worth for visiting</p>

2. Background:

This section should consist of information on the rationale of the project, background information on the project scope, baseline information on the project area and the people's scope. It should also provide information on the objective of the project.

Bolangir, part of KBK (Kalahandi-Bolangir-Koraput) is one of the high distress migration areas followed by recurrent drought-prone is one of the poorest districts in the country. The district is surrounded by Bargarh, Boudh and Sonepur, Nuapada and Kalahandi districts on the north, east, west, and south respectively. Originally the abode of indigenous tribes like Kutia Kondhs, Binjhals and Gonds, it was later inhabited by other castes including the Bhulias and Kosthas, who are master craftsmen in cotton and tassar fabrics. 61% of its population lives Below Poverty Line (BPL) and about 30% of its population is undernourished.

The situation in Bolangir district is particularly worst in relation to wage, employment generation. The district is one of the most drought prone regions in the country, with hardly any irrigation infrastructure in place (less than 10%). The landless agriculture workers and the marginal farmers are affected the most in a drought situation due to erratic monsoon behavior and fluctuation climatic variations combined with temperature hot spot. The latter resort to distress mortgaging or selling of their little yet precious land (also other household articles) to none other than the big farmers who are also labour contractors and migrate out along with their families including school going children, especially girls to far off places like the brick Kilns in Andhra Pradesh, the carpet industry in Utter Pradesh, construction sites in Maharashtra and for rickshaw pulling in Chattisgarh, laborer in Gujarat in search of wage employment.

While the elders migrate out due to poverty and debt, they drag out along their school going children, forcing them to drop out of basic education. About 45% of the total enrolled children drop out to join their parents in their economic pursuit too far off places. Though villages in Bolangir still practice caste-based community living, when it comes to depleting sources of livelihood, there is no sharing. Families barely manage to access food for eight months a year and unable to afford to feed even a single extra mouth. So, the migrating parents cannot even think of leaving their children and infants behind with relatives and neighbors.

Recurrent drought damages social and other economic assets in the village and depict them unproductive for many years. Damage due to drought occur to the agricultural land, grazing or rangeland, and forest land, thereby affecting the resources flow, loss of topsoil, loss of soil nutrients by leaching, decrease in water holding capacity of the soil etc.

Labor is pooled in villages in order to carryout agricultural activities. Labour is exchanged in various other activities such as construction of houses, thatching the house etc; also they maintain traditional grain banks from where a member can take grain loans in need and can return in easy installment. Also many traditional practices lead to the conservation of natural resources. Social sanctions and traditional conventions regulate use natural resources in a village. However due to drought the consequent food insecurity problems, these social sanctions and traditional conventions are over ruled, Thus it leads to economic, social, psychological misery to make poor to poorer. Working under unhygienic conditions result in health degeneration, forced separation from family members which causes mental stress and

remaining away from the villages for a fairly long time excludes the poor people from the decision making process and political participation in the village and deleted from the social entitlements.

Even there are no major industries in the district to provide opportunity for wage employment and also influence the economy of the area. A few small scale industries such as Plywood, medicine, soap and paddy-milling industries within Industrial centres at Bolangir, Patnagarh, Sudpara, Chatamakhane, Rugudiapara. Titilagarh and Kantabanji do exist but hardly are able to generate adequate employment opportunities. The total number of 173 SSI units with an investment of Rs. 394 lakhs provides only employment to 528 persons.

Although there is an ordinance factory in the district, the employment of locals in this factory is very negligible. Apart from petty trading through SHGs or small business, there is no option left to the inhabitants for eking out a living in commercial activities. So agriculture continues to remain as the primary source of livelihood in the district. But since agriculture is dependent on the vagaries of rainfall, and due to inadequate irrigation facilities leads to crop loss resulting in large scale unemployment and distress migration.

FEW EMERGING CASES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

HISTORY AND HUNGER REPEAT

***Starvation stalks Balangir, government in denial *** Even as the state government refuses to accept the cause behind the recent 50 starvation deaths reported by the media, hunger stalks the people of Balangir and other KBK districts in Odisha portending more such tragedies, writes Pradeep Baisakh. Times* reported 50 chronic hunger-related deaths in Balangir district of Odisha. The lead story laid bare five deaths in the family of Jhantu Bariha in Gudighat village, of the district, which occurred between September 2009 and December 2009.

There were also reports in the local language media on this issue.

*Balangir district is part of the undivided Kalahandi-Balangir-Koraput (KBK) region of Odisha which is notorious for starvation deaths, child sale cases, overwhelming malnourishment, and acute poverty. About 62 percent of the 13.4 lakh people (Census 2001) in Balangir district live below the poverty line, official estimates suggest. "During off-seasons in our village, we get to eat only when we get work; otherwise we almost go hungry. After my father's death, the food intake of our family is worse than ever before"

- Starvation deaths continue as officials
- Starvation persists in Odisha

However, despite the buzz in the media, the government denied the starvation deaths of Jhantu Bariha's family and submitted its own findings based on an inquiry carried out by the district administration. While some doubted the veracity of the number of deaths reported, others heaved a sigh of relief as this grave issue was finally being discussed at the national level.

Padmani, wife of Late Rahasa Bhoi. Pic: Pradeep Baisakh.

Rahasa Bhoi, Aged 45, belonging to ST community in Chhuinnara village, died in January 2009. He was a seasonal migrant worker for many years and used to migrate to Bangalore and Cuttack district of Odisha along with his family. In

2009, while the family was in Bangalore, he suffered from fever and severe headache. He was brought back to the village as the treatment he received in Bangalore did not help. His health deteriorated even after a one-and-a-half month stay at the Patnagarh government hospital. His case was referred to the Burla hospital, one of the best government hospitals in the state. By then the family had spent Rs 60,000 on his treatment by selling its two acres of land, gold, etc. A chronically ill Rahasa Bhoi died. At the time of his death, he was unable to lift his head, move his legs and hands, or speak. "The doctor could not tell what the disease was", says Brindavan Bhoi, nephew of Rahasa who used to attend on him at the hospital. Rahasa is survived by wife Padmani Bhoi, four daughters, and a minor son.

Nidhi Biswal, 50, who lived in Tara village of Kapani GP in Belpara block, had a small patch of low-yielding agricultural land. The family used to migrate to Hyderabad to eke out a living. While at home, they used to depend on the rarely available work. In 2006, while in Odisha, Nidhi fell ill to diabetes and sickle-cell disease and consulted a private clinic at Belpada. His wife Bhumi's efforts to ensure proper treatment by borrowing money turned futile. The predicament went on for two years. Nidhi was bed-ridden for a year and passed away in January 2009. BALANGIR: Enter any village under Belpada block of Balangir district and see how people battle for their existence and how hunger can kill hundreds. Starving and emaciated, villagers often succumb to their circumstances.

.Socio-economic profile

The population Below Poverty line in the district was 47% (1997). Poverty is an overwhelmingly rural phenomenon and is clearly linked to lack of physical access to land, low productivity, and faulty implementation of government food, nutrition and social security schemes. As per the Meher's Report the larger percentages of seasonal migrant households in the sample are scheduled tribes (36.55%) and scheduled castes (34.54%). Next to them, 26.10 per cent of the migrant households are from other backward classes (OBC). The survey data further reveal that among the literates (53.66%), the bulk of them (47.24%) are having an education level of only one to seven years of schooling. Only 5.67 per cent of the people among the surveyed migrant families are reported to be matriculates, 0.66 per cent is intermediates and 0.10 per cent is graduates and post graduates. The average size of holding is very small. It is only 1.66 acres. The majority of the land owning families is marginal farmers owning less than 2 acres of land. It is found that the majority of the migrant households suffer from the problem of borrowing from the private moneylenders-cum-petty traders of the region at a very high rate of interest. It is reported that they pay at the rate of Rs.10 per month as interest for every hundred rupees borrowed from the private moneylenders without giving any collateral security. That means the rate of interest charge by the local moneylenders is 120 per cent per annum. It is found that more than 85 per cent of them live in either kutcha thatched roof or kutcha tiled roof houses. The rest 13.05 per cent semi-pucca and pucca category houses are in fact built by the poor beneficiaries under the IAY (Indira Awaas Yojana) scheme. The villages in the study area are found to be malaria prone. Malaria is endemic to the region and the poorer category households of the region are prime victims of this disease round the year. Apart from the malaria, the poorer category households are vulnerable to cold fever and diarrhoea round the year due to intake of impure and polluted water. Especially, during rainy season many suffer from the problem of acute diarrhoea and dysentery. The poverty headcount rate is 47 percent. Poverty is an overwhelmingly rural phenomenon and is clearly linked to lack of physical access to land, low productivity, and faulty implementation of government food, nutrition and social security schemes.

Migrants get advance money which is helpful to their families on monetary side but in long run, migration has adverse effect. The advance money acts as a slow poison to them. Firstly, due to migration, their families disturbed as they are bonded with the Sardars and employers. They do not get chance to come to their home in case of any problem or to perform some social ceremonies. Secondly, the education of the children disturbed in the absent of their parents. Children, who move with their families, are dropped out from the school. Some children were motivated to engage in brick making from their childhood. Though somewhere, the crèches are run by the government to take care and to give education to the children of migrants, but in practice, those are not well functioning. The children are not able to get their education in systematic way. So, the future of their children is uncertain. Thirdly, as the names of migrants are not registered, so the employers at the work place, not giving importance to the welfare and health condition of the workers. At many places, it is found that, they work in very distress and unhygienic condition. It is due to these reasons, while they return to village, the migrants come with several disease and they looked very weak and ugly. One can feel how distress the migration is, if he observes the return journey of migrants at the railway station, as pointed out by some non-migrants.

Many workers are being tortured by some body at the work place. If any worker does not attend the target he is paid less towards his food expenses. Some villagers did not denied the sexual harassment faced by the female workers. Somewhere they are being tortured by the supervisor who is called as munsu at the work place. Some death and murder cases are even found in some work places.

2. Programme findings

This section should provide a summary of the information on the key findings of the project.

3a Fulfillment of objectives

This section should use the log frame or the objectives mentioned previously and enumerate the Satisfactory rating of achievements along with rationale for the same. The satisfactory rating could consist of the following categories- very satisfactory, satisfactory, and less satisfactory

Sl NO.	Project intervention	Key outputs	indicators	Satisfaction level on progress
1	Staff recruitment in house preparation	-Staff recruited - capacity building of migration staff of Udyama - Rapport Building with PRIs and Local Govt officials and community people	-well understanding on concept - motivated	Satisfactory The staff and Programme coordinator and secretary visited almost all operational area and build up rapport.
2	Campaign on enrollment of distressed migrants in 2011 census	-around 50 migration prone village of 2 block are covered during the awareness programme - leaflets and pamphlets are distributed to almost 3000 peoples -4 gps level rally conducted -one Block level workshop organized	- community awareness generation -people wait for registration, supported survey team Common awareness created on entitlements don BPL inclusion	Very Satisfactory The programme reached to many more migrant labor interior village of the Block - This campaign sensitized community and spread the message of enrollment in 2011 census.
3	information communication on Sramik Sahayata Kendra	- 1000 leaflets distributed to many visitors village campaign	People are owning it Asking and taking information	Quite satisfactory Message on MRC reached to only about 1000 people on the date.

4	Sharing with concept of distress migrants issue, survey, enrollment and registration with local PRIs, block and district level officials	9- sarpanchas participated -Around 70 ward members and PRI members involved -2 BDOs of both Block Meeting with sub collector of Titilagarh subdivision	-Support from government gathered - Knowledge shared -Caricature touched to each one	Very Satisfactory shared the concept , goals, and objectives with many local PRIs and Block officials and district administrator
5	Setting up MRC Sramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra	-2 MRC clinic in each block Titilagarh & Bangomunda	- People are owning it Asking and taking information	Satisfactory The MRC are quite smoothly facilitating, supporting migrants by providing relevant information.
6	Village labour Meeting	-52 village labour Meeting have been organized so far - all category of people are participating	- registration accelerated -well response from community	Very satisfactory This meeting directly brought clarification on registration, ID cards and Mobilizing to the Migrants -participants put many queries on ID Card and Life skill Development
7	Base line/house hold survey	11397 house hold survey completed -5643 migrant family have been identified -9 Gps covered -58 village covered -2 Block covered like Titilagarh & Bangomunda.	-information gained -document prepared - Data base development and base line data entry completed - Data Analysis at GP level and block level	Less satisfactory As per the target it is failed to achieve household survey as it was very challenging to motivate and earn the cooperation of people initially.
8	Identification of Migrant family	-5643 family identified	- accelerated village survey	Quite satisfactory -as per the target it is fail to identified the migrant family
09	Registration of Migrant	-registration Application are collected and ID distributed	accelerated registration	Satisfactory It took very delay in convincing and mobilizing the migrant about the registration.
11	Issue and distribution of Id card	-1551 card have been issued and distributed to migrant	- well response from community	Satisfactory Though the Number of Id card is small but people felt very encouraged and extend their cooperation and interest by looking the hard copy of ID card as Identity proof after distributed to them
12	Organizing GP level workshop	-9 Gp level workshop conducted at different GP of Titilagarh and Bangomunda Block such program details given below (Kholan, Sihini, Naren, Ghodar of Titilagarh Block and Alanda, Arsatula, Jharial, Mundpadar, Themra GP of Bangomunda Block) -Around 600 migrant(from 9 GP TIG and BBGM)	-Mass awareness gained and basic information passed -Well response from community and panchayat -Sarapanch, word member and local people cooperate to well function of migration program.	Satisfactory 9 GP level workshop conducted smoothly and participant gained the knowledge regarding the migration.

		-9 Sarpanchs -60 ward members got benefit out of it,		
13	Organisnig Block level workshop	- 3 Block Level Workshop conducted at 3 different place of Titilagarh and Bangomunda Block such place are given below (Jharial GP, Naren GP, Titilagarh) Total Participant of 3 Block level workshop -9 sarpanchs- - 48 Ward members -2 advocate - DLO - BDO -2media person -message reached to 280 migrants in 9 GPs of Bangamunda and Titilagarh Block	-Involvement of GP /block level functionaries gathered -PRI member and migrant people actively involvement in the Block level workshop	Satisfactory The block level workshop was very smooth and effectively conducts at three different places of Titilagarh and Bangomunda Block. The message to the migrant was effective and relevance. Discussion and advocacy for migrant before PRIs and Govt. officials -understand about their rights an entitlements - Importance of identity card and Registration was well informed.
14	Scouting candidates for skill development	Campaign and counseling for the life skill development	-interest generated for skill development	Quite Satisfactory Migrants and dropout youth expressed to enroll in vocational training
15	Skill Development Training for Youth	130 youth involved in skill development training which is organized by UDYAMA, that training are Mobile Repairing and Driving Training for youth. Among the trainees 50 youth are completed mobile repairing training which duration is 3 month of training. And 80 are completed Driving Training which duration is 2 months of training. All the driving trainees are completed their training and got the Driving License as well as Certificate.	Gained knowledge about the trade and successfully completed the driving and mobile repairing training. All of the trainees must be Self employment Distress migration can be check Some how	Very Satisfactory Migrant and dropout youth was involved in skill development training and successfully completed both Driving and Mobile Repairing training. Youth are very much happy with this training. Among the youth some of them are engaged in different place for their sustained livelihood. There is huge demand for mobile repairing trainees. Most of them are opened their own Shop for mobile repairing and successfully going on their shop. Unemployment can be decrease and Long distance distress migration can be checked. This skill development training is very much satisfactory and fruitful to every youth in migration prone areas

3bPROJECT DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

The project area spread over 58 villages of the proposed 9 GPs are from Titlagarh and Bangamunda block of Bolangir District of Odisha. The details of the area are below:

Sl.No	Block Name	GP. Name	No of Villages	Village Name
1	Titlagarh	Kholan	7	Kholan, Brahmanpada, Gandhargala , Jampada Patharla, Sialijhudungi, Tankarupada
2	Titlagarh	Ghodar	2	Ghodar Antarla
3	Titlagarh	Naren	5	Naren, Badapatrapali, Junapada, Minapali Sanpatrapali
4	Titlagarh	Sihini	6	Sihini, Bachhajuja ,Chittalol ,Kendumundi ,Kumuda ,Udeypur
5	Bangamunda	Arsatlula	4	Arsatula, Balabenga, Dehli, Kurtiamunda
6	Bangamunda	Jharial	7	Jharial Baghabal Balkhamar Beherabhata Budhpadar Pudpali Ranipur
7	Bangamunda	Alanda	9	Alanda,Bagartypara , Bahalgubha, Bakagura Banjupadar ,Pandaripani, Pitamahul ,Putulatalai Tetelpad
8	Bangamunda	Themra	7	Themera, Barkani, Fulbandha, Golabandha Jamtara, Malkasada, Utkela
9	Bangamunda	Mundpadar	11	Mundpadar, Beherabahali, Dhundimahul, Titisilet Dumermunda, Gobindapur, Godaramunda Khandabahal, Kansil, Khairapadar, Sagunbhadi
Total	2	9	58	

3c PROJECT OUTPUTS AND DIMENSION

Sl. no	Block Name	G.P. Name	Village Name	Work Progress Status
1	Titilagarh	Kholan	Kholan, Brahmanpada, Gandhargala, Jampada, Patharla, Sialijhudungi, Tankarupada	-Base line survey is completed in all villages -Registration and issue of identity card are some village completed and some are in the process -GP Level workshop is over -Awareness program on different Govt. scheme are completed and some are in the process
2	Titilagarh	Ghodar	Ghodar, Antarla	-Base line survey completed -Registration and issue of identity card are completed -Awareness program on Basic Health, Sanitation and Nutritional food are completed -Exposure visit with migrant youth
3	Titilagarh	Naren	Naren, Badapatrapali, Junapada, Minapali, Sanpatrapali	-Base line survey is completed in all villages. -Registration and issue of identity card completed and some of the village are in the process
4	Titilagarh	Sihini	Udeypur, Bachhajujha, Chittalol, Kendumundi, Kumuda, Sihini,	-Base line survey is completed. -Registration is in the process -village level meeting also completed
5	Bangomunda	Arsatlula	Arsatula, Balabenga, Dehli, Kurtiamunda	-Base line survey is completed -Registration of Migrant are in the process
6	Bangomunda	Jharial	Baghabal, Balkhamar, Beherabhata, Budhpadar, Jharial, Pudapali, Ranpur	-Base line survey is completed in all villages Village level meeting was organized in 4 villages
7	Bangomunda	Alanda	Alanda, Bahalgubha, Bagartypara, Bakagura, Banjupadar, Pandaripani, Pitamahul, Putulatalai, Tetelpada	-Base line survey completed and Registration are in the process -GP level workshop organized at alanda,
8	Bangomunda	Themra	Barkani, Fulbandha, Golabandha, Jamtara, Malkasada, Thamera, Utkala	-Baseline survey completed, -Registration are in the process -financial inclusion and exposure visit under the process
9	Bangomunda	Mundpadar	Beherabahali, Dhundimahul, Dumermunda, Gobindapur, Gokaramunda, Khandabahal, Kansil, Khairapadar, Mundapadar, Sagunbhadi, Titisilet	-Baseline survey and data analysis report completed -Registration village are some completed and some are in the process -Baseline survey and data analysis report completed

The Project Achievement record

- Base line survey has completed in 4 GPs of Titilagarh Block Like (Kholan, Naren, Sihini, Ghodar) and 5 GPs of Bangomunda like (Alanda, Arsatula, Themra, Mundpadar, Jharial)
- Data Analysis Report 9 GP completed
- Base line survey has too completed in 58 villages of Both Block.
- Registration of Migrant are in the process in all villages of Titilagarh block
- Registration of Migrant are in the process in all villages of Bangamunda Block
- 1894 registration application have been submitted by migrant for the Identity Card
- 1551 Identity card have been issued and distributed to Migrant of Both the Block
- 47 Village Labour Meeting have organized in Both the Block
- One Block level workshop has organized in Bangamunda Block
- Two Block level workshops have organized in Titilagarh Block
- 9 GP level workshops have organised at different place like Kholan, Sihini, Ghodar, Alanda, Mundapadar, Arsatula, Jharial, Themera and Naren GP of Both the Block.
- All the Sarapanch of 9 GP have well informed about the project goal and activities
- 2 BDOs and Sub collector have well informed about the goal ,objective and different dimension of the Project
- Collector, DLO, Project Director of DRDA have well informed about the goal and objective of the program.

3d CAPACITY BUILDING AND ADVOCACY PROGRAMME

- **Village level Meeting:** Organized 47 Village Labour Meetings at each village. Detail information was shared



among the labours, Anganwadi workers, and Ward Members regarding Registration, Id Card, vocational Training for the Rehabilitation, Generating Awareness on Problem of Migration and about the utility of MRC (Sramik Sahayata “O” Suchana Kendra in both the Block.

- **Campaign on enrollment :UDYAMA** organized campaign on enrollment of distressed migrants in Bangamunda and Titilagarh Block in the month of August where its operational area is covered. Leaflets and pamphlets and rally were organized block level and panchayat level to sensitize the migrant as well as non migrant's family to involve in current census 2011. The

participants were youth man and SHG women group, CBOs and PRI members.

BLOCK LEVEL CAMPAIGN ON ENROLLMENT OF MIGRANTS IN 2011 CENSUS: A block level workshop was held on dated 24th February 2011 the venue was Digisora Gram Panchayat. In that meeting the women SHG



members, ward members, farmers group from various Gram Panchayat Viz.Kurusud, Digsira, kusokela, silua, pathosora, Gandharla had participated. The secretary of APICAL Mr. Balkrushna Rath was the chief guest to address the audience.. The main objective of the workshop was to generate awareness agro based incentives, information among the farmers on creating agro-based infrastructure, individual and community water related activities to engage migrants family. He stressed towards inclusion the name in BPL enrollment in 2011 census.

Staff Training and orientation (Capacity building): Team of organization well oriented and trained on the legal issue, policy, laws dimension and problem and prospective of migration and different types of human resources management which helps in the reduction in the distress migration. Information on the different development program and reduction in the distressed migration.

Capacity building on Forma and formats: Staffs are oriented on filling up survey format and registration procedure, special tips given how to behave and deal with community people and how to mobilize the migrant's family and hold meeting and discussion on migration issue with PRI members and village leaders.

- **Review Reflection :** -monthly and quarterly review and reflection meeting held at project to know the Status of the project activities, and find out the short coming from the project implementation, suggestion for improvement and Action plan for the following month and Quarterly Plan are adopted through active participation discussion, review reflection by programme coordinator with all staff involved in Migration Project.
- **Panyachayat level workshop:** (Advocacy and workshop) Around 80 migrant laborer gained the knowledge on different alternative of income to address the problem .
- Reached to about 2 GPs of Titlagarh Block.of Bolangir District.

BRIEF REPORT ON G.P LEVEL WORKSHOP AT ALANDA GP OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK, BOLANGIR



G.P level workshop on Migration and its rehabilitation was organized at Alanda GP of Bangomunda Block of Bolangir district on dated 28th December, 2011. The programme was started about 12.P.M and that program was organized by UDYAMA (Sramika Sahayata “o” soochana Kendra, Bangomunda). The programme was presided over by Mr. Pankaj Panigrahi and Mr. Manohar Sunani was to coordinate the whole programme of that day. The total numbers of Participants were around 87 including men and women. The project coordinator Mr. Manohar Sunani delivered welcome speech followed by aims and objectives. The Sarapanch of Alanda Gram Panchayat Mr. Pareswar Sahu was the Chef Guest.. Mr. Sahu inaugurated meeting and unfolded Identity Card and he distributed one by one to the entire identity card holders. He spoke very emotionally about the distress migration and how they are facing the problem at destination and during travel. He also presented the current status and situation of his operational or coverage area of his G.P and also encouraged to all the participants those who are going to outside the state He emphasized that he or she must be registered their name with 3SK UDYAMA before going to outside. The meeting was successfully ended with vote of thanks to all the participants.

REPORT ON G.P LEVEL WORKSHOP AT ANTARLA OF GHODAR G.P, TITILAGARH, BOLANGIR, ODISHA_ :G.P level workshop on Migration and its rehabilitation was organized at Antarla of Ghodar Panchayat of Titlagarh Block of Bolangir district on dated 25th August 2011. The programme was started about 11.a.m and organized by UDYAMA (Sramika Sahayata “o” soochana Kendra, Titlagarh). The programme was presided over by Mr. Pankaj Panigrahi and Mr. Manohar Sunani facilitated the whole programme . The total numbers of Participants were around 56 including men and women.

In an another Program at Ghodar the Sarapanch of Gram Panchayat Mr.Nilamber Chhura was the Chef Guest of that G.P level programme

At the out set the project coordinator Mr. Manohar Sunani give the welcome speech and introduction to all the guest and participants, he spoke about the purpose of the workshop followed by distress migration occurrences and impacts. Mr. chhura inaugurated Identity Cards and distributed. He spoke about the misery of the migrants during travel and at the work site. He suggested if any permanent wage opportunity would have created, distress migration will be reduced. He assured all kinds of supports that Panchaya can provide if UDYAMA takes any kind of propoor activity, He appreciated the effort taken by UDYAMA and distributed one by one to the entire identity card holder. Meeting ended with vote of thank to each one by Mr. Sunani.

G.P LEVEL WORKSHOP AT MALKASADA OF THEMRA G.P, BANGOMUNDA, BOLANGIR

A G.P level workshop on Migration and its rehabilitation was organized at Malkasada of Themra GP of Bangomunda Block of Bolangir district on 7th October, 2011. The programme started at 1030AM. The total numbers of Participants were around 121 including men and women.

At out set Mr. Manohar Sunani welcomed Mr.Jaldhar Meher ,Sarapancha of Themera and all the guest and participants Mr Sunani he delivered speech on objective meeting .The Sarapanch of Themra Gram Panchayat Mr.Jaldhar Meher was the Chef Guest of that G.P level programme. Mr. Meher unfolded the distress migration Identity Card. he addressed to gathering on issues and miseries on people going out in distress. He also said that panchayat is not providing full employments for whole year. And this areas the dry and crop loss is occurring every year. Hence people are going out for job and employments. He urged the gathering to get registered and carry the card and that will support during travel or at destination. He assured UDYAMA to extend all possible support from panchayat . He distributed the ID cards to Migrant youth at he workshop. The meeting was ended with vote of thanks to Sarapanch and participants.

CAMPAIGN ON ENLIST NAME IN BPL, SURVEY ,ACCESSING MNREGA, RTI, NRHM, DPEP, MDM, SANITATION, PDS

A month long campaign held during the October to November, 2011 in the both the blocks of Titlagada and Bongamunda. This was for generating common awareness and makes a campaign to transmit the message for resource



poor, vulnerable community to enroll the name in BPL updating drive by government. The message was clear for all that do not go out in this period and support the survey team to be enlisted in BPL updatation. More important this was to avail and access MNREGA to get wage and demand for that at community,, RTI, PDS, NRHM, Basic Health, Sanitation and Nutritional Food, Insurance from the mainstream Since there was severe drought please demand for crop insurance& Support UDYAMA in Registration of Identity Card of distress migrant, avail MDM, and get opportunity for all the new scheme and programme of the Government was thrust of the campaign.



The Campaign was in the form of the cultural activities followed by group meeting village meeting and using the local language. In health program the JANANI SURAKSHYA YOJNA, and In ICDS, new MAMATA schemes were also shared, and in education SARVASIKSHYA AVIYAN and DPEP and MDM etc wre shared since it was in local dialects it was generating good response from community. Guru Chitaman Majhi of Bangomunda and with 3 were conducted the campaign.

DISTRICT LEVEL WORKSHOP ON MIGRATION

District level workshop on minimizing adverse impact of distress migration “and handling over certificates to unemployed youths boys and girls at Titilagarh on dated 16th November 2011”

Background and Current Status of Distress Migration in Western Odisha of KBK region

Distress migration in Western Odisha regions has been a cause of concern for the policy maker, development elites and civil society organizations. This is high time to understand and find out a lasting solution through a wide range of development programs. Despite all good intentions the vulnerability of migration in this region is increasing unabated. The key regions behind is that distress migration has not been understood properly nor has it been handled holistically or finding a way forward to locate opportunity to minimize distress and suffering.

Minimizing adverse impact of distress migration is a long term process initiative. On the contrary, conglomeration of various stakeholders head-hand-heart is necessary like community, government, nongovernment and PRIs to work together linking process-program-practice and policy to reduce vulnerability. Looking at various factors at the ground reality to reduce distress migration, UDYAMA has undertaken Skill Development program in Titilagarh.

- Integration with other resource organisation for value addition & life skill development
- Undertake innovative activities at source and destination with life skill promotion for the youths and dropouts
- Ultra poor migrants adoption for financial inclusion exclusively for women groups
- Undertake rights based approaches for ultra poor migrants towards entitlements and accessing basic needs towards community engagements and safe migration

Migration of the region that mostly push out marginalized people bag and baggage for more than six months almost every year need to be tackled wholeheartedly by going deep into the roots of crisis with positive will. Many measures taken up in the past either by the government and/or thorough civil society organizations have mostly ignored alternative means of sustainable living of poor and marginalized people by developing appropriate and need-based skills development.

The measures have failed to target the vulnerability section and find out opportunity factors of migration. But there is a way out if distress migration will consider as an opportunity to work together by garnering collective and shared responsibility to minimize the adverse impact of distress migration. At the same time, create a canopy and canvas to accelerate the capability of migrants to enhance their bargaining ability as skilled by accessing and availing actual entitlements with regard to provisioning inputs and knowledge base, promoting skills & entrepreneurships.

Looking at the context and content of distressed and opportunity in migration in Bolangir, UDYAMA has undertaken few challenges to work in source and destination in order to effective engagement of men and women youths and accelerate child enrolment in collaboration with government ULBs, administration of neighbouring states. It will be extended to other migration prone areas so that cross learning and series of action will be concentrated and accelerated result will be accomplished with scale.

The outcome of the day long workshop will bring out a way out to convey idea knowledge with cross section to minimize the adverse impact of distress migration and provide an opportunity to make model building in better engagement of distress migrants at source and destination through an income diversification and appropriate skills transformation. It also involves protection of vulnerable communities from the adverse impact while building up capacities and addressing the root of the issue through a transformative approach. It requires a holistic approach with community participation and ownership as the core area of intervention. We need support from government, policy makers and citizens too.



Initiatives of UDYAMA in KBK, Western Odisha

UDYAMA Secretary Mr. Pradeep Mahapatra welcomed the chief guest, dignitaries, journalist, and other guests in dias. Mr. Mohapatra narrated the recent past activities that UDYAMA has undertaken and need the of undertaking Skill Development program linking with Migrants engagement, UDYAMA has initiated its development activity in Bolangir after 2002 drought and severe distress migration. Based at Titilagarh, Near Baisnadevi Mandir as one of the project office. Mr. Mohapatra focused on current crop failure, insurance, trend of distress migration and pro-poor policy in Balangir. He said about the suffering during the migration time period. He encouraged that migration is positive unless it is distressed. Going out side with full information and with skill, so that one can make bargain in the work side. Do registrations at community, police, ICDS, Sarapanch or at UDYAMA Sramik Soochana Sampark Kendra and go with your ID card.

UDYAMA is also implementing huge numbers community led initiatives such as water harvesting, land and agriculture culture, promotion of SRI, back yard nutrition farming, Green energy, formation of SHGs and linkage building followed by undertaking life skill developments for unemployed youths and women. The whole crux of initiatives is to complement and supplement community and government initiatives to make lives and livelihoods empowerments of vulnerable communities. Since this area is prone to multi vulnerabilities, UDYAMA has also undertaken group based and network based initiatives with other CBOs/NGOs, institutes, Humanitarian organizations towards minimizing distress and vulnerability in order to make livelihoods resilience and community capacity and institution building initiatives. Now Serious attention and effort has been put forth in addressing adverse impact of distress migration despite several activities on ANRM and Group building.

Few evidence based activities are:

- Micro-water harvesting structure in Chikinibahali-1, Dongabanji-2, that has provided protective irrigation to more than 50 acres
- Supported to CBOs SSS, badabanki-3, AJSA, Jamkhunta, Bathala, Gajiapada-3, ASHA- Chalki-2, BGS-2, for Micro- water harvesting structures all are working well and are providing protective irrigations
- Support for SHG formation more than 400 in number
- Facilitation the network of NGOs and CBOs in KBK-29 in number
- Small vending and capacity building
- Capacity building of PRIs and CBO to access mainstream resources being undertaken 30 GPs by 08 Partners
- Advocacy towards End Water Poverty, Forest conservation and climate justice



- Now UDYAMA has undertaken pilot study in 10 GPs in Bangomunda and Titilagarh for identifying and registering Migrant workers.
- Undertaken life skill development comprising 198 youths in this area by giving them need based training.
- Initiated Green Energy through solar devices in Mathanpalla, Involved PRIs
- Inclusion of PRIs, grassroots women in celebrating world Water and Sanitation for all in Ghodar and Alanda GPs,

UDYAMA has long term commitment towards community resilience building, thus we need support from local administration. In kind, mind, theme, thought and action and good reflection:

- Complete drought mitigation and livelihoods resilience looking at this erratic rain fall this year and climate change in future, we would be grateful if district administration can suggest measures to be taken in order to address the critical situation .
- District model disaster/ development planning, we require district administration support
- Water, Sanitation and hygiene, we need DWSM support to prepare convergence planning and make effective implementation of WASH towards meeting MDGs
- Micro- Insurance and community risk transfer
- Deep bore well, Micro-water harvesting and food security for landless we need support of minor irrigation and community tank management project support
- Citizen action and networking

The main objective of organizing this workshop was to know the current status of distress migration and find out the alternate solution of how to minimize the distress migrant. .

In this district level workshop the chief guest was the Sub collector of Titilagarh Mr. Biswanath Sahu and Guest of Honor Mrs. Kanambala. Dash, Press reporter The Pioneer, Times of India and also Reporter of DD News. Other guests were the sarapanchs of Project area like Ghodar Sarapach Mr. Nilamber Chhura, Kholan Sarapanch Mrs. Dhira Rana, and Partners NGOs and Electronics media and Print Media Persons .

Mrs Kanana bala Dash , guest of honor speec gave a very good speech and said about the Sharing on prospectus and future planning on distress migration at Source & destination. She mainly focused on distress migrant family those who are going to outside of the state like Andhra Pradesh, Tamilnadu, Kerala, Karnataka, Chhatisgarh, Gujarat, Maharastra, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh etc. Among the above states most of the balangir district people are going to Andhra Pradesh for Brick Making with their family for their livelihood and coming with bad experience and coming out distress..

'Job-oriented training can check migration in Balangir'
TUESDAY, 22 NOVEMBER 2011 00:21 SUDHIR MISHRA | BALANGIR
(published in the Pioneer)

Distress migration in Balangir is a cause of concern for everybody and it can be tackled by taking a series of steps, including sensitising the people, streamlining the migration process, and upgrading the skills of unemployed boys and girls by imparting them various vocational trainings like tailoring, mason work, motorcycle repairing, dress designing and plumbing. "Migration cannot be stopped totally from the district but it can be streamlined and reduced by sensitising people about migration and its impact and by providing them extra job opportunities by imparting them various life skill vocational training, which can be employable. Once a youth acquires a life skill vocational training, he would hesitate to go for brick making and face the ordeal," observed Pradeep Mahaptra of Udyam at a workshop on a district level workshop on adverse impact of migration and distribution of vocational training certificates to youth, held at Titlagarh on Wednesday last.

With the completion of the training, the youth would be able to become self dependent and hesitant to go for migration. Even if they would go for migration, it would provide them additional opportunities to earn more both in local and outside States, observed Titlagarh Sub Collector Biswanath Sahu in the workshop. Balangir correspondent of The Pioneer, Sudhir Mishra, spoke about drought and distress migration in the district and stressed on streamlining the process of migration. As the youth have acquired life skill vocational training, they would become self reliant, which would help slow down migration further, Mishra asserted. Titlagarh Sub Collector Sahu, Udyam president Kannanbala Das and activist Padreep Mahapatra gave away vocational training certificates and equipment to the rural boys and girls. Murali Charan Das proposed vote of thanks.

SudhirMishra
Journalist
The Pioneer
Balangir(Odisha)
94374-30812

Mr. Sudhir Mishra, Correspondent, The Pioneer narrated the vulnerability of the migrants at Andhrapradesh, their rescue and media role in providing legal support and highlighted this issue will be circulated at wider audience and finally outcome that migrants reached home with basic entitlements. At end suggested Job oriented programs can only reduce distress migration. He assured the house to report and do advocacy in this issues.

AWARENESS PROGRAM REPORT ON BASIC HEALTH, SANITATION AND NUTRITION:Antala is one of the migrant prone villages. Basic sanitation, health and Nutrition were a concern. Small Awareness program was on focusing Basic Health, Sanitation and Nutritional at Antarla,Upper Primary School, on dated 17th December, 2011, Saturday. Objective of organizing this awareness program was to share and aware the students, teachers women regarding basic health, sanitation and Nutrition and safe food. Mr. Tankadhar Tandi Head Master of the school and other delegate guests there including the Sarapanch of Ghodar Gram Panchayat, Anganwadi worker, ASHA worker, word member of Antarla Village and other school teachers and

Chief Guest Sub collector of Titlagarh, Mr. Biswanath Sahu said about the distress migration and policy of Government. He gave so many examples on distress migration that how they are suffering problem during the migration time at destination and travel by bus, train etc. also gave good suggestions regarding to their betterment on life and livelihoods. He said about the govt. law, scheme and provision, opportunities on distress migration.

The chief guest Mr. Sahu greeted all men and women coming from far off. He expressed his worriless on the distress migration in this district. He suggested few options and take help of policy, sarapanch, and NGOs working in this area. He expressed very glad on this skill training and told youths on the value of Certificate obtained after training, undertaking registration and providing identity card how the distress migrant family can take benefit through Shramika Sahayata "O" Soochana Kendara Titlagarh. And Sindhekela.



Antarla were participated. Along with School student women groups were participated nail through To begin with nail cutting and hand washing and cleanliness work was discussed.

EXPOSURE VISIT TO MADANPUR RAMPUR OF KALAHANDI DISTRICT FOR DISTRESS MIGRANT YOUTH

On 29th December, 2011, exposure visits with 30 distress migrant labor youth and UDYAMA staff and Secretary made learning exposure visit on financial empowerment. Visited Ekta Parisad, Ms Babita clearly articulated about their organizational work and described their present activities such as FRA, MNREGA, LIVELIHOOD, SHG formation and Bank Linkage, RTI, rights on land for land less families, linkage SHG with Bank for their livelihood development of the poor women, and how the unemployment youth will be getting the benefit from the MNREGA etc she told. Visited to Mahashakti Foundation another leading NGO of odisha for exclusively financial literacy and inclusion, it is one of the



leading federations in Orissa having good reach coverage and sustainability. Team visited SEBA JAGAT leading NGO of odisha having good grip over in life skill development, group building and financial empowerment, visited vocational training in different trade like Plumbing, mason, Carpentering, food processing, Mobile repairing, Motor cycle repairing, Tailoring etc. to unemployed youths. visited their Jaila Itamy Mahashangha (SHG federation) sell center, where different type of product from 18 no of SHGs are selling at the shop center. SHG Federation has appointed a salesman and giving him monthly salary. All of us saw their products such as washing soap and washing powder, turmeric powder, and different type of Khali plate etc. The entire product coming from different SHGs to the selling center, after that all moved to Jura Khaman and Khalia munda village khali stitching and pressing unit, bamboo work unit where the SHG members are making mobile stand, pen stand, small building and other materials made by bamboo tree which through they are selling in different exhibitions and Block, district and state level program. After all participants were very much impressed,.



National Level Convention on Grievance Redress and Whistleblower Protection 10th and 11th October at Venue: Bluebells School International, New Del

National Convention on Grievance Redress and Whistleblower Protection was organized by NCPRI (National Campaign for People's Right to Information) and MKSS (Mazdoor Kishan Shakti Sangathan) at Bluebells School International, Greater Kailas, New Delhi on 10th and 11th October 2011. NGO and Political leaders were participated from all over the India as well as out side of India. On 1st day of half, guests spoken about the objectives, purpose and need of the National level convention on Grievance Redress and whistleblower Protection, Ms. Aruna Roy said about her experience when make the draft bill on RTI and MNREGA a flagship program placed before the Government, and she encouraged all the participants to fight against corruption. Dr. Binayak Sen said about their experience and gave the quotation on RTI that is "Bhrastachar se ladte hai to phul baras te hai" "Atyachar se ladte hai to khun baras te hai". Dr. Binayak Sen is a NCPRI member and social activist. Mr. Sekhar sing also gave the speech regarding the whistleblower protection and Grievance Redress draft bill how to highlight this draft bill and pass before the parliament and standing committee. In

this draft bill what should be and what should not be in this bill so all the people representatives to discuss and find out the real and good things which are fruit full for every one of this country..Mr. Manohar Sunani Participated that national level convention From Odisha, Udyama. Mr Nikhil Dey was coordinating the whole programme,

List of Workshops- Grievance Redress and Whistleblower Protection Convention

- 1) Grievance Redress in Education
- 2) Grievance Redress in Health
- 3) Grievance Redress in PDS
- 4) Grievance Redress in Housing (urban and rural)
- 5) Grievance Redress in MGNREGA
- 6) Grievance Redress in essential services (water, electricity)
- 7) Grievance Redress in Panchayat
- 8) Grievance Redress in social security
- 9) Grievance Redress in Environment, Forests, Land and Mining
- 10) Whistleblower Protection
- 11) Grievance Redress for Government employees
- 12) Grievances and RTI
- 13) Electronic Service Delivery Bill
- 14) Grievance Redress for Social Exclusion
- 15) Grievance Redress in PPPs, and NGOs, Public Utilities

OUT COME

Participants got opportunity to meet with National figures of right based activist like Mrs.Aruna Roy, Nikhil Dey, Vanketesh Naik, Swami Agnivesh ji, MKSS Team, SWRC Team member and all the NCPRI members and MP of political Party and all the Right Based NGO of all over the India and out side of India. So it was discussed how leverage pro-people and demand driven work so that Rights on wage, food, information will be effective. In the convention the draft bill was prepared through group discussion at Blue Bells International School New Delhi, along with on grievance Redress and Whistleblower Protection before passed the draft bill of the Government. It was two days programme and good platform of sharing and learning for the participants get more involved the preparing draft bill on Grievance Redress and Whistleblower Protection.



BRIEF REPORT ON G.P LEVEL WORKSHOP AT SINDHEKELA OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK, BOLAN : G.P level workshop on Migration and its rehabilitation was organized at Sindhekela of Bangomunda Block of Bolangir district on



dated 15th April, 2012. The programme was started about 11A.M and that program was organized by UDYAMA (Sramika Sahayata “o” soochana Kendra, Bangomunda). The programme was presided over by the UDYAMA Secretary Mr. Pradeep Mahapatra and Mr. Manohar Sunani to coordinate the whole programme. The total numbers of Participants were around 64 including men and women. The project coordinator Mr. Manohar Sunani delivered welcome speech followed by aims and objectives. After that the UDYAMA Secretary Mr.



Mahapatra spoke about the Future possibilities of Migration Project. He also encouraged to all the youth for enrollment and participates in skill development training which is given by UDYAMA and Govt. after that Mr. S. K Behera CMDTI Principal Said about the Driving training and Placement. Sarapanch of Alanda Gram Panchayat Mr. Pareswar Sahu was the Chef Guest Mr. Sahu inaugurated meeting and unfolded Identity Card and he distributed. He spoke very emotionally about the distress migration that how they are facing the problem at destination and during travel. He also presented the current status and

situation of his operational area of his G. He emphasized that he or she must be registered their name with 3SK UDYAMA before going to outside. The meeting was successfully ended with vote of thanks to all the participants.

BRIEF REPORT ON G.P LEVEL WORKSHOP AT ARSATULA GP OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK, BOLANGIR

Gram panchayat level workshop on Migration and its rehabilitation was organized at Arsatula GP of Bangomunda Block of Bolangir district on 28th March, 2012. The total numbers of Participants were around 52 including men and women.



At the outset the project coordinator Mr. Manohar Sunani welcomed Mr. Parijat Kumbhar, Sarapancha of Arsatula GP chief guest and participants. He introduced to all the guest and participants, he spoke about the purpose of the workshop followed by distress migration occurrences and impacts. The Sarapanch of Arsatula Gram Panchayat Parijat Kumbhar was the Chief Guest of that G.P level programme. Mr. Kumbhar unfolded meeting. He addressed to gathering on issues and appraised people going out in distress. He also said that panchayat is not providing full employments for whole year. And this areas the dry and crop loss is occurring every year. Hence people are going out for job and employments. He urged the gathering to get registered and carry the card and that will support during travel or at destination. He assured UDYAMA to extend all possible support from panchayat. He distributed the ID cards to

Migrant youth at the workshop. The meeting was ended with vote of thanks to Sarapanch and participants.

LEGAL AID WORKSHOP AT ALANDA OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK OF BALANGIR DISTRICT



A legal aid workshop organized at Alanda GP Head Quarter on 27th, May, 2012. Mr. S.K Jena Senior Advocate from CWS(Centre for World Solidarity) Bhubabeswar was the chief guest along with Gram Rojagar Sewak, Sarapanch of Alanda, Sarapanch of Jhariyal, and Sarapanch of Naren Mr. Dayaram Agrawal and Secretary of UDYAMA participated. total 56 participants participated from different areas of migration prone areas apart from that PRI members, local govt. official and migrant labours male and female; unemployed youth also participated. At first welcome address and introduction speech given by Mr. Manohar Sunani MIG Project coordinator followed by the status report of Migration project activities till the date, and also said about the mission and vision of the workshop.

UDYAMA Secretary spoke about the present status and future possibilities of the migration project in the proposed areas. He encouraged the youth for participating the skill development training for self employability and economic empowerment. Senior Advocate Mr. S.K Jena inaugurated the identity card and distributed to different card holder from the migration prone areas. The Advocate presented about the current legal issues of distress migration in Balangir district as well as the Odisha state. He also said that what are the Present policies undertaken by the state government for getting the benefit of migrant labour. The Advocate spoke about the Labour law, act, such as Minimum wages Act 1948, Employee's Compensation Act, 1923 and Abolition of Bonded Labour Act, 1976, and govt. Programmes and scheme for migrant labour, he also encouraged to all the labour regarding the use of Identity card and suggested to give and leave the details destination or worksite address to their family or neighborhood in his community for their future contact and reference, and also clearly know about the proper address and what remuneration will be provided byn the company or contractor details should be know and aware about the person while before going to destination place or worksite for doing some work for their livelihood, advised migrant labours, and encouraged to get registered in construction welfare board in the district labour office and will get that benefit, also form a union.

Executive officer Mr. B.K Panda that most of the people of Balangir District are migrating with their family for Bricking to Andhra Pradesh and Tamilnadu and are suffering various problems and exploiting with their family member in destination. He encouraged to do the work in source area like the MNREGA, Agricultural field etc at source.

Sarapanch of Jharial Mr. Gadadhar Sika said about the current status of his panchayat, he said some case study of the migrant family member how they are exploiting during work place at destination. At the end project coordinator gave vote of thanks to all the present participants and delegates.

LEGAL AID WORKSHOP AT KHOLAN OF TITILAGARH BLOCK OF BALANGIR DISTRICT

On dated 28th April, 2012 a legal Aid workshop held at Kholan GP Head Quarter . Mr. Pradeep Bhoi, District Labour Officer, Balangir, was the chief guest and DD News as well as Times of India Pioneer Reporter Mr. Sudhir Mishra were the guest of honor of that workshop. Total 120 participants were participated from different migration prone areas apart from that PRI member, local govt. official and migrant labour male and female; unemployed youth also participated of that workshop. Mr. Pradeep Mahapatra secretary welcomed and greeted all followed by introduction by Mr. Manohar Sunani, on the report of Migration project activities till now, Mr. Pradeep Bhoi DLO unfolded the identity card and distributed to different card holder he addressed that despite various labor friendly initiatives people are migrating out in large number. There has no information at GP level, block or district level, vehemently cheated by labor contractors and finally creating serious legal issues and that has become the head ache of government. He expressed on how the migrant people are suffering during the journey and worksite at destination. The DLO spoke about the Labour law, act, such as Minimum Wages Act, 1948, Employees Compensation Act- 1923, Abolition of Bonded Labour Act.1976, Construction Welfare Board, and govt. Programmes and scheme like CWB, RSBY, AABY, and OSTF for migrant people, he also encouraged to all the migrant people regarding the use of Identity card to migrant labour, Mr. Sudhir Mishra said about the distress migrant while going to outside the state and during the journey and at work place, at destination. He gave so many examples on rescue and other negotiation being carried on at AP government to do needful. He stressed on skill development and employability.



Mr. Anuj PAN IIT Jharkhand state coordinator participated as one the guests. He said about the skill development training with placement for the unemployed youth in the rural areas, those youth are less qualification like the under matriculation and 5th standard, 6th

standard can be eligible to get the training in PAN IIT GURUKUL Center and job placement is hundred percent certainty . The entire skill development training center name is Gurukul. So there is various type of skill development training going on in the Gurukul center like catering Driving, plumbing, mason, carpentering, catering, welding, electrical technician etc. In Gurukul training center there is no fees for getting the training but if one person enters into the Gurukul he must return the cost incurred during training. He expressed deep satisfaction the discussion and encouraged youth to be part of in large numbers..

LEGAL AID WORKSHOP AT JHARIAL OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK OF BALANGIR DISTRICT

A Legal Aid Workshop was organized at Jharial GP Head Quarter on dated 27th June, 2012. Mr. Pairabi Suna Senior Advocate, Titilagarh was the chief guest as well as the Speaker and Asst. Agriculture officer, Gram Rojagar Sewak, Sarapanch of Jharial, Executive officer of Bangomunda Block were Participating officials. total 56 participants participated apart from that PRI member, local govt. official and migrant people male and female; drop out, unemployed youth also participate in that workshop.

Mr. Manohar Sunani Coordinator addressed the welcome speech and presented about the status report of Migration project activities and said about objective of the workshop.



The Advocate said about the laborers benefit at destination and at source, people should avail and access it. This is the rights and entitlement of the workers that to demand it at work sites. There are various laws i.e Labour law, act, such as Minimum wages Act 1948, Employees compensation Act 1923, Abolition of Bonded Labour Act 1976, and govt. Programmes and scheme like RSBY, CWB, AABY etc. for migrant labours, he also encouraged to all the labours to note their Labour Diary and distributed identity card to the migrants youths. The construction labour can be registered their name in construction welfare board in the district labour office and get that benefit.

Mr. B.K Panda Executive officer said about the distress migrant while going to outside the state they should keep detailed info, address and his remuneration, time to stay and contact number of contractors if possible keep identity, and before journey and during the journey to Andhra Pradesh and Tamilnadu so that hassles will be minimized. He encouraged youths to undertake huge activities at source like the MNREGA and other periodical workd given by government etc.

So Balangir District is one of the backward districts in Odisha and this district is coming under the KBK region and also drought prone area, Most of the people are depend on Agriculture and their main occupation is Agriculture. Most of the people are not practicing scientific method in Agriculture. Asst. Agriculture officer said about the Agricultural programme and scheme. Most of the people not aware about the govt. programme and scheme, he told that the farmers should know that the massive Agricultural scheme which is going on in the district Scheme are like the BGREI, SRI, RKVY, NFSM, HYBRID RICE And Maize cultivation, state plan etc. and always contact with the Gram sevak like the Village Agricultural worker for the better production of farmer in Agricultural field.

Mr. Gadadhar Sika Sarapanch of Jharial said about the miseries of the migrants as the panchayat is not able to provide full year engagement. There are many exploiting incidents during work place at destination and during travel he. by police and other goons. He expressed n organizing this meeting and sensitizing the youths and public. Mr. Sunani gave vote of thanks to each one

Exposure Visit Destination to: MUMBAI: - The UDYAMA team had made a destination visit to Mumbai on dated 14th March, 2012. The UDYAMA team travelled to Mumbai with some distress migrant youth by train. The team alongwith migrant youth labours had gone to working side or place of the construction company. The construction company name is Tirupaty Construction Company situated in VIRAR, NALASUPARA and last one is ANDHERI in Mumbai. At first team wished to gone first VIRAR Tirupaty Construction Company with the odisha distress migrant youth labour, , team stayed with them for observing the situation, how to work with the company, what is their living pattern, fooding and other details in Mumbai during the work at destination.

In Tirupaty Construction Company there is three side of the working place all these 3 sides are one owner that company name is Tirupaty Construction Company.

The team Formed 3 collectives among the odisha worker in 3 different side of the Tirupaty Construction Company , most of the odisha labour had interested to participate and listened the meeting and during the meeting most of the western odisha worker interested to registration their name in registration format and issue the identity card. The team found 68 Distress migrant labours of western part of odisha and majority were from the operational area of Balangir district of odisha. Around 280 labors from different part of odisha are working in that company, among the odisha labour there is about 130 from the western part of odisha labour working in that company, And total 1400 laborers were from different part of India working at that company. The team did to know various social , cultural and economic dynamics and the various categories/hierarchies of labourers and patterns of payments to the categories of laborers from poor family those want to workd and generate money and other are from better family just hame come to enjoy time and earn and spend money. Knowing the hard money is going a wrong way. The team attempted and provided minimum training to all migrant youth as how to save the money and encourage for opening Bank Account in any nationalized bank of India and transfer the money any time including other practical consultations and work with dignity and save money for family.

The team visited to MMC, and YUVA the MMC are one of the leading NGOs in Mumbai, the MMC is working for Migration Project, shared the information regarding the Odisha Migration status and the Tirupaty Construction Company. The team requested to look after the Odisha migrant worker in Mumbai.. The team went to YUVA NGO, the YUVA also a leading NGO in Mumbai; the YUVA is working for Migration Project. It is also working at destination field. The team met with the programme coordinator of YUVA and discussed with them regarding the issue and function of migration project. The team present about the real and present status of migration in odisha, special focus on western part of odisha. After some discussion with the YUVA representative provided some idea and information regarding the destination place of work in Mumbai.



EXPOSURE VISIT TO AJEEVIKA BUREAU (MIGRATION RESOURCE CENTER), UDAIPUR, RAJASTHAN

The Udyama team visited Ajeevika Bureau (Migration Resource Center) Udaipur for Orientation Workshop from 21st - 22th of May 2012. The total numbers of participants. Ms. Zaineb Alli was the overall coordinator of that Exposure visit and workshop. Mr. Rajiv Khandwal and Kamlesh Sharma described about the Goguda 3SK center. How that center functioning and background of the Gogunda 3SK center details on supervision by Ajeevika Bureau, basic objective was of the orientation :

Purpose of the programme

- Orientation of the migration implementing organization

- Special inputs: skill training and placement, legal Aid and collectivism and Research
- Exposure to special destination and source
- Introduction to Management Information System
- Exchange of experience and learning between old and new migration services team

Subject matter and the context of the orientation workshops were as follows

- Introduction to Aajeevika's migration programme
- Seasonal migration in India and its issues
- Aajeevika's operational strategy and migration services
- New interventions developed by MRC(migration resource centre)
- Migration context of Orissa
- Experiences of migration management services
- Interactive session on sharing of migration context of project areas and need for intervention
- Field visit to source and destination (Gogunda 3SK center)
- Discussion on the field visits
- Legal aid and collectivization
- Skill training and placement
- Block profiling and research
- Quiz- Orissa migration
- Management Information systems
- Evaluation and feedback of the programme

Exposure to Gogunda:

- Visited Gogunda center and discussed with the collectives member,
- Interaction with staff of Gogunda center, the trainees saw the Gogunda 3SK center,
- How the center is functioning well and how to deal provide legal Aid assistance to the Migrant Labour in different procedure and how to solve that Problem.
- collectivization and financial inclusion
- How the migrant people are getting the benefit type of services will be provided by the 3SK center

Mr. Rajendra Sharma presented the Status report of Gogunda 3SK center and gave so many examples regarding the established and functioning of that center .Mr. Kamallesh Sharma was present about the presentation on Legal Aid and Collectivization, he gave a message to all the trainees that "All 3SK centers should open at the public place and good atmosphere, people can feel free to come and share their problem.

Role of the 3SK Center will be as follows: Provide Legal Education, Counseling and guidance, Personal Advise like counseling, mediation Linkage with the govt. scheme and programs, Create Awareness among the people, Handle the legal problem case with the mediation, Public Hearing / Social Audit, Legal clinic day, formation of collectives and delivery the responsibilities.

Mr. Sanjay Chitor presented about the skill development training. STEP- Skill Training Employability Placement Academic, and PACE- Personality, Aptitude, Competency and Employability, Test. He said that our target group can be dropout, Unemployed, Male and Female from the rural areas , and linkage with the govt. programme and scheme.

Ms.Zaineb gave vote of thanks to all the participants. The programme brought lots of benefits and learning and confident among the participants. It was wind up successfully.

Outcome

- Good interactive and familiarization among all partner organization from Orissa and Uttar Pradesh.
- Good platform to learn from the experience sharing of migration implementing organization
- Participants got thorough orientation on migration project.
- The programme enriched the existing knowledge of the participants on all migration related issues
- Lots of Doubts and confusion regarding implementing the project is disappeared by this programme.
- Exposure visit brought more confident to implement the migration project in its operational area.

EXPOSURE VISIT TO RAIPUR, RANCHI- GUMLA GURUKUL, PAN IIT ALUMINI

The UDYAMA team had gone for an exposure visit to Ranchi, Gumla PAN IIT with four Sarapach of Titilagarh and Bangomunda Block. The main objective of the exposure visit is to know the real things regarding the skill development training and placement status of Gumla Gurukul. Visit at the Gumla PAN IIT, Gurukul center, providing training to different unemployed youth basically the under matriculation youth to provide the skill development training with guaranteed placement at different Companies at like Birla, Tata, Sapurji and Palanji, and different construction companies in all over the India. Right now the PAN IIT alumni have 8 Gurukul in different state of India. Each Gurukul have different type of trade of trainees,



In Gumla, Gurukul has 3 trade like the mason, construction, and welding, there is 30 trainees of three different trade total 3 trade is available in that center and each trade has 30 trainees means total 90 trainees are going to do and gain the training at the Gumla, Gurukul, Among the trainees all of them are coming from the different district of Jharkhand state.

Good thing is that The District collector has taken initiatives and said that fist of all the Jharkhand unemployed youth should be joined in Gurukul. The PAN IIT is giving the training to unemployed youth in different part of India. The PAN IIT is giving the loan through the support of NABARD to all the unemployed youth from different part of

India loan will be paid to the NABARD Bank after placement. It was very much interesting, team felt it very applicable.. The Exposure visit to Ranchi with local sarapanch was successfully and very fruitful to all the participants.

AWARENESS PROGRAM REPORT ON BASIC HEALTH, SANITATION AND NUTRITION:Minapally is one of the migrant prone villages. Basic sanitation, health and Nutrition were a concern and it was not up to mark. Awareness program was organized by UDYAMA on Basic Health, Sanitation and Nutritional Food at Minapally, Upper Primary School, Minapally on dated 21st January, 2012. Objective of organizing this awareness program was to share and aware about the students and SHG member's regarding basic health, sanitation and Nutrition and safe food. Mrs. Sanjukata Mishra Head Mistress of the school and other delegate guests were there including the Sarapanch of Naren Gram Panchayat, Anganwadi worker, ASHA worker, word member of Minapally Village and other school teachers.Mrs Sanjukta Mishra Chief Guest addressed the students and community on the necessity Awareness Program she encouraged to all the students and SHG members delivered the quotation that is "Prevention is better than Cure".The program went on well with group demonstrations.



4. PROJECT MANAGEMENT SECTION

This section should provide information on the management aspects of the project. It should also provide information on the staff involved, reporting and interacting mechanism, etc. it should also through light on the planning aspects of the project

Staff engagements in this project are in order. Looking at distance and numbers of villages, Gp and Block, GP coordinators are in place to look after all its activities.

Two Gp coordinator are directly involved in executing the project component in Titlagarh and other Two are involved in Bangamunda block in collection of data, organizing community level meeting 1 GP coordinator is coordinating and involved in consolidating of report, registration and Id card preparation and other documentary works side by side assisting the programme coordinator in coordinating and monitoring the day to day activities. All the Gp coordinators are reporting to Programme coordinator. Sramik Sahayata Kendra based at Titlagarh is undertaking and monitoring all affairs of Titlagarh Migration Operational area 5 GPs. MRC of Bongomunda is located in Sindheikela which is centre point of Bangamunda Migration project area. There are three extended sub centers respectively at GP head quarters and approachable areas to disseminate the information of 3SKs

Besides supporting staffs are supporting the management in day to day activities mainly logistic support and allied activities as per the team required. Accountant is dealing all financial part of the project which includes keeping all expenses in original voucher and records, checking the authenticity of the expenses. Finally preparing the financial report as per the requirement. Secretary regularly visits to all field area especially to MRC based at Titlagarh and Sindheikela from Head Office Bhubaneswar. Sometime a Fortnight review meeting is also called by programme coordinator to check and status of work progress. Monthly review reflection and evaluation meeting are held where action plan are finalized unanimously under the guidance and supervision of Programme coordinator, Secretary and the project advisor.

5. Impact

This section should provide information on the impact of the programme. This section should provide information on what the output of the project is and what changes it has brought about on to the people scape and landscape of the region with reference to the poverty orientation, gender equality, human rights/democratic functioning and environment. It should also mention any outstanding issues that the project could not address or those that emerged during the implementation phase. Further this section should throw light on the programme efficiency, effectiveness and sustainability of outcomes. If relevant, this section should also throw light on the policy level outcomes of the project.

The Implementation of pilot Migration Project brought many more impacts learning and challenges.

- ☞ Created strong awareness among the migrants regarding their recognition through registration. The importance of Identity card and Identity Proof in the destination has felt necessary by the migrants. It has helped them to move confidently while travelling by train, bus and during their work place everywhere and any time. It has helped better security to lead a dignified life
- ☞ Identified seasonally migrants through registration
- ☞ They need alternative source of income and feed their family.
- ☞ Complementation to Govt. officials to do something for the migrants in the Blocks
- ☞ The ID cards, Registration system are appreciated by Govt. Administrator and Sarpanch of the concern GPs
- ☞ The message of registration and Identity Card strengthen their moral courage level at destination
- ☞ Information on rights and entitlements, legal provision for migrants shared
- ☞ Know /keep information about their remuneration rights from their supervisor, contractor and company authority where they are going.
- ☞ People are interested to learn more on skill development Training like Driving, mobile repairing, motor cycle, Tailoring and allied employable schemes
- ☞ Migrants getting clarification about many more relevance and schemes of govt and non govt from time to time.
- ☞ declined The rate of harassment and torture to distressed migrant/ vulnerable community
- ☞ MRC is behind them to support and provide better services and information
- ☞ This programme has brought unity and union among the migrant and specially bargain and raise voice against contractor at source and at Destination to get accurate payment as per the work hour.

- ☞ Increase Motivation relationship with PRIs and community. d
- ☞ Provided regular inputs on the gaps to heal, and streamline community engagement and capitalizing resources at community level.
- ☞ interested for the skill development and entrepreneurship
- ☞ Advocacy at GP level meeting and Block level workshop enhanced the spirit of migrant to demand work at block official and panchayat official during lean season and get accurate payment in right time.
- ☞ Visiting to MAHASKATI FOUNDATION as one of reputed institution on financial inclusion to migrant groups has boosted moral courage.
- ☞ Visiting Seba Jagat as one of the organisations for Skill development has provided positive attitude for more learning skill development
- ☞ Visit to Ranchi- GUMLA, GURUKUL, PAN IIT ALUMINI as a one of the institution for skill development has provided positive attitude for more learning skill development
- ☞ Visited Destination to Mumbai – Tirupaty Construction Company, to know the situation of migrant people at destination.

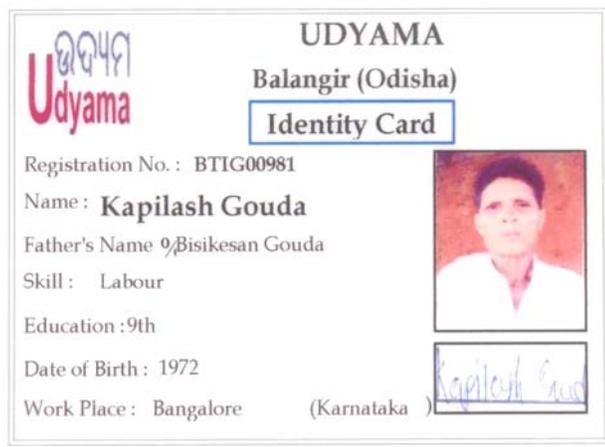
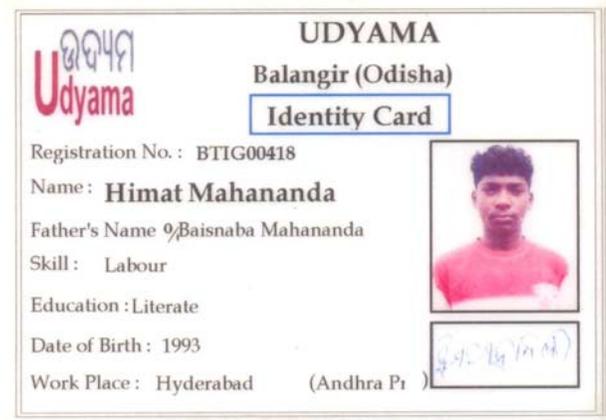
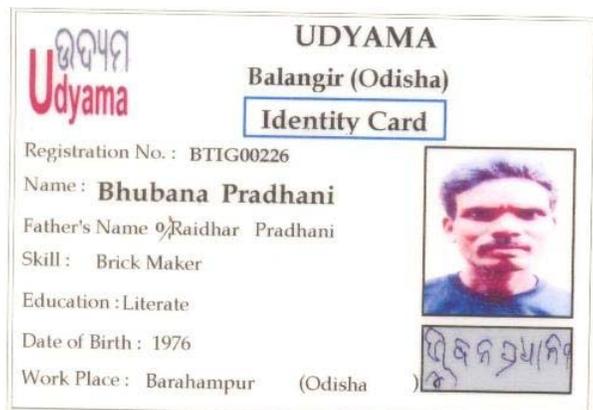
FEW CASE STUDIES COLLECTED FROM MIGRANT IN PROJECT OPERATIONAL AREA

Bhubana Pradhani aged about 32 years from Sanpatrapally village of Titilagarh Block, used to Migrate to Surat for last 6 years and working as a construction labour and getting Rs.160 a day. I am facing some time difficulties related to delay in payment, ude behavior of construction supervisor made me depressed. One night a Police caught me and my friend while going for work. They demanded for Identity. We had nothing to show. But any how I managed to convince those police that night by giving 500/- (fear of going to police station). So right now I am having labor Identity Card. Then my friend and I made Migrant ID card through the Coordinator and Sramik Mitra of Udyama organization. Now I feel

very encouraged and confident to show Identity where ever and whenever I asked in my workplace throughout India.

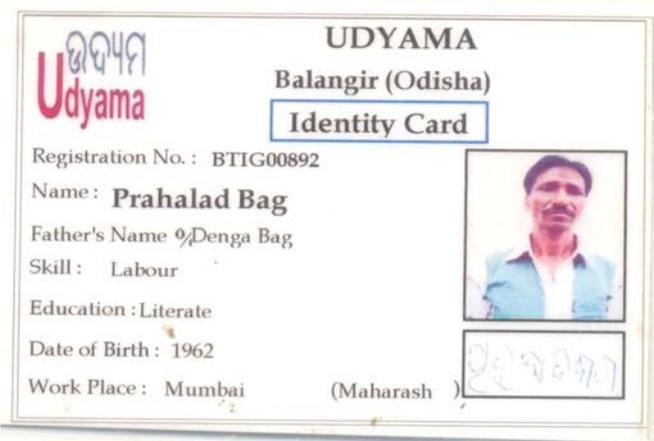
Case Study: Himat Mahananda aged 20 from Naren Village of Titilagarh Block, used to migrate to Hyderabad and Mumbai last 3 years and working as a construction labour and getting Rs.150 rupees a day. I am facing some time difficulty related to delay of payment and the contractor don't want to give final Amount, 15 days of work amount don't want to released during come back to home, because he knows that if I will give final amount to the labour during back to home, the labour may not be come another time so the contractor don't wish to give final amount. 15 days amount always save his account. 6 month back my self and 3 of my friend migrate to Mumbai by train, at that time of journey the Railway police came and investigate the theft and Criminal person which criminal person enter in to our train bogy and started the inquiry to the entire passenger of that General Bogy, investigate that, which person came from which area, Inquiry the identity proof and after show the valid identity proof leave that person, my two friend has no Valid identity proof so the police arrest them, and one day sit in their railway custody at Nagpur Railway station and also they gave fine 500 each for fear of going to police station by the way at that time I have an valid labour identity card which identity card was given by the Sramika Sahayata "O" Soochana Kendra, UDYAMA, Titilagarh, so I came to know that the labour identity card is very useful and now I feel very encouraged and confident to show Identity, Where ever in India.

CASE STUDY: Kapilash Gouda Aged 41 from Kholan Village of Titilagarh Block of Bolangir District of Odisha. He migrates seasonally along with his wife and children to Bangalore of



Karnataka State, for Brick making (Bricking) since last over 8 years He used to migrate to Bangalore, Hydrabad. Now with his son Santosh 18 years and 15 years daughter and wife about 35 Pramila Gouda working for 6 month under the Bricking owner. They are taken by agent (Sardar) from village received 20000-22000 thousand Rupees for six month. He attained the legal Aid Workshop and GP Level Workshop in the Titilagarh Block and knows and aware about Now he bargains with contractor and staying in village for rest six month (rainy season) and cultivating marginalized land (2 acre). As per their expression they face many more difficulties while working under sun and in temporary shed with poor feeding. When they got information about the registration and issued of Identity Card. They are happy with it and took Registration his name at Sramika Sahayata “O” Soochana Kendra, Titilagarh.

CASE STUDY: Prahalad Bag aged 48 from Sanpatrapally village of Titilagarh Block of Balangir District. He used to migrate last 12 years to Mumbai of Maharashtra. He some time facing problem related to delay of payment and missing his money from that company, some time the contractor don't count the HAJRI like attendance of Work, the contractor don't want to give HAJRI Diary to Labour because extra income of contractor, before Intervention of UDYAMA 3SK center the company many time chit to them now he has HAJRI DIARY as well as the Labour Identity card. Which ID card and HAJRI DIARY are given by Shramika Sahayata “O” Soochana Kendra, Titilagarh, he also attained Legal Aid Workshop and GP Level workshop which is organized by 3SK, Titilgarh, before he used to go single migrant but now he used to migrate with his family to Maharastra seasonally for sustained his



livelihood. Now his expression shows that he can freely moving here and there around the country without any fear and bargains the contractor related to payment. Now he very clearly knows about his right and he don't want to depend on others.

LIFE SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING IS A MAJOR INTERVENTION OF UDYAMA: Udyama has leveraged resources from Functional and Vocational Training and Research Society, Bangalore (FVTRS) to train 198 people (Male 102, Female 96) in the trade of Masson, Plumber, Automobile Repairing, and dress design. The program has successfully completed. Various value added training,

LIFE SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING SUPPORTED BY FVTRS, BANGALORE



My name is Abhismita Tripathy daughter of Sri Prasanna Tripathy from High school Para, Titilagarh, Titilagarh Block. When I came to know UDYAMA organization have started a skill development Training Centre, I took admission and completed successfully the 4 months Tailoring Training. I belong to very poor family. I am having small daughter besides 2 other younger sisters in my family. To run our family means, only my father as a daily laborer and now a days I have my tailoring machine. I have engaged and earned money about per day Rs.100 to 150 Rupees per day for my and my family livelihood. So I am very much grateful to Udyama for providing sewing training which became a part of earning source to support my family

My name is Sambari Sabar daughter of Sri Lakhe Sabar from Bandhupalla, Titilagarh Block. When I came to know UDYAMA organization is providing skill development Training Centre, I decided and immediately took admission and completed successfully the 4 months Tailoring Training.. After 4 month completion of my tailoring course I have one tailor machine in my home and doing some work with that machine and earning 160 rupees per day and hope to earn more if I work hard with good quality jobs.

CASE STUDY



My name is Sana Ratei, S/o-Arjuna Ratei, from Jagarnathapada of Titlagarh Block. I was working as a laborer of Motor mechanic and practicing at Titlagarh Garage. Udyama has given four months training on Motor Mechanic and I learned so many things regarding the repair of Motor mechanic. After the training I went to Kantabanji for six months to know details about the training and Practice at Kantabanji Garage. Now I am working at Titlagarh one Garage and getting monthly income Rs. 3000 (three thousands Rupees) apart from that every day food allowance

MIGRATION PROJECT - SKILL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING SUPPORTED BY Sir Jamstji tata trust, MUMBAI

CASE STUDY:My name is Pritam Naik, S/o-Late Ramachandra Naik, At- Kendumundi of Titilagarh Block. I have 3 sisters and one brother of my family. My father was a daily laborer, but last year he expired so now all the family



depends on me and my brother. Our family coming under the below poverty line (BPL), My brother working as construction labour at Mumbai, he getting Rs. 150 a day but that amount not sufficient for our family livelihood. So by the way five months back I came to know about the 3SK center, UDYAMA, Titilagarh and proposed to take the admission on 3 month of Mobile Repairing Training which gave 3 month mobile repairing .After getting the 3month mobile repairing training, now I engaged one mobile repairing shop for practice as well as the earn money per a month at least 5000 (five thousand) so now I stop to migrate different place . my family member and I also thank to 3 SK center UDYAMA Titilagarh, for enrolled me and given the 3 month of mobile repairing training

which has changed for my family and I am happy with the 3 SK center for them I engaged in Mobile Repairing shop and earn money for my family livelihood.

CASE STUDY:My name is Sekhar Mahananda, S/o- Alekha Mahananda, from Sargiguda Village of Titilagarh Block



of Balangir District. I have father, mother, 2 sisters and two brothers in my family, Total 7 member in my family, my father as a construction labour since 6 years at Mumbai, last 3 years I used to migrate with my father to Mumbai and Surat for working as a construction labour at Mumbai and getting per a day Rs. 160, my father is a mason and he earn Rs. 250 per day. My family member depends on my father and me also for sustained our livelihood not sufficient for smoothly run my family, among our family member my sister study 10th standard and my brother study graduation at Titilagarh. So I am a dropout from +2 and engaged as a labour I joined at Sramika Sahayata “o” soochana Kendra, UDYAMA,

Titilagarh, and talked with to accept my candidature to a mobile repairing student. At last I took admission for 3 month mobile repairing training and successfully completed my training which training given by 3SK center, Titilagarh. Now Am engaged one mobile repairing shop for one month and recently I have taken PMRY loan from government to open new mobile repairing shop. So now I am getting 400 to 600 Rupees per a day. I am very much grateful to 3SK center, UDYAMA, Titilagarh, for me it is valuable training for me for go ahead in my future life.

CASE STUDY: My name is Deva Bibhar, S/o- Baisnaba Bibhar, from Sihini Village of Titilagarh Block of Balangir District. I have two sister and father mother in my family total five nos of family member, I used to migrate with my family member to Andhra Pradesh for Brick making which is very hard work and some time face so many problem at



destination like the health, delay of payment and torture from the contractor, , I am a drop out student till 10th class , I came to know about the 3SK, Center UDYAMA, Titilgarh which is providing 2 month of Driving training to drop out and migrant youth so at that time I have applied and requested to accept my candidature for driving training and I successfully completed one moth of driving training at 3SK Titlagada through the CMDTI Driving Institute, Titilagarh. After completed UDYAMA gave me Motor Vichicle License, Certificate and Mechanical Certificate from RTO and CMDTI Driving Institute which is fruitful for every individual those who are completed Driving training, after getting the Driving training and certificate now I

engaged in one Travels agency and driving a Jeep vichicle,am now I earning monthly money Rs.5000/- (five thousand) which is basic need for me and my family, My family member and me also very much happy with this profession, at last I grate full to Shramika Sahayata “O” Soochana Kendra (3SK), center UDYAMA for Providing Driving Training .

Other reports, News and Views:

- HIV 10 times more prevalent among migrants than general population:

NEW DELHI: Migration is fuelling India's HIV epidemic. National AIDS Control Organisation's latest figures show that besides high risk populations like sex workers, the highest burden of HIV is among migrants - 3.6%, which is 10 times the HIV prevalence among the general population. With migration rates increasing, the prevalence will only get worse. According to the 2001 census, 30.1% of the population was considered to have migrated (314 million) - a considerable increase from 27.4% in 1991. NACO has, therefore, identified 108 railway stations - which are both source and destination of migrants travelling in search of work. These are now the focus of the country's anti-HIV fight

<http://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/india/HIV-10-times-more-prevalent-among-migrants-than-general-population/articleshow/11456671.cms>

- http://apps.facebook.com/theguardian/global-development/poverty-matters/2011/nov/25/indigenous-peoples-benefit-development-tribal?fb_source=other_multiline&fb_action_types=news.reads

We need to think about whether development brings any benefits to those who are largely self-sufficient – like many of the world's 150 million tribal people

Stephen Corry · guardian.co.uk

Read by 66 people

Remove from timeline

Members of the Andai tribe in Papua New Guinea study a candidate sheet before voting in an election. Photograph: Torsten Blackwood/AFP/Getty Images

What's "development" for? That may be straightforward to people who don't have water or food, or sewerage in urban areas (faecal contamination is the biggest, easily preventable, manmade killer). But, although millions still lack such basics, they form only a tiny part of what passes for development these days. The duplicity of politics and business ensures much else – arms, for example – is shoehorned into the same category.

What should development mean for those who are largely self-sufficient, getting their own food and building their dwellings where the water is still clean – like many of the world's 150 million tribal people? Has development got anything helpful for them, or has it simply got it in for them?

• Job-oriented training can check migration in Balangir'
TUESDAY, 22 NOVEMBER 2011 00:21 SUDHIR MISHRA | BALANGIR
HITS: 4
User Rating: / 0
PoorBest

Distress migration in Balangir is a cause of concern for everybody and it can be tackled by taking a series of steps, including sensitising the people, streamlining the migration process, and upgrading the skills of unemployed boys and girls by imparting them various vocational trainings like tailoring, mason work, motorcycle repairing, dress designing and plumbing.

“Migration cannot be stopped totally from the district but it can be streamlined and reduced by sensitising people about migration and its impact and by providing them extra job opportunities by imparting them various life skill vocational training, which can be employable. Once a youth acquires a life skill vocational training, he would hesitate to go for brick making and face the ordeal,” observed Pradeep Mahapta of Udyam at a workshop on a district level workshop on adverse impact of migration and distribution of vocational training certificates to youth, held at Titilagarh on Wednesday last. With the completion of the training, the youth would be able to become self dependent and hesitant to go for migration. Even if they would go for migration, it would provide them additional opportunities to earn more both in local and outside States, observed Titilagarh Sub Collector Biswanath Sahu in the workshop.

Balangir correspondent of The Pioneer, Sudhir Mishra, spoke about drought and distress migration in the district and stressed on streamlining the process of migration. As the youth have acquired life skill vocational training, they would become self reliant, which would help slow down migration further, Mishra asserted. Titilagarh Sub Collector Sahu, Udyam president Kannanbala Das and activist Pradeep Mahapatra gave away vocational training certificates and equipment to the rural boys and girls. Murali Charan Das proposed vote of thanks.

• BHUBANESWAR | Saturday, September 25, 2010 | Email | Print | | Back
75 migrants including woman, kid rescued from brick kiln
September 25, 2010 1:24:58
PNS | Balangir

Basumati Suna and her kid have been rescued from a brick kiln owner' captivity along with 75 Odia migrant labourers including 40 children. They were rescued from two brick kilns of Bangalore on September 16 where they have been held hostage.

After The Pioneer published the news of Basumati held hostage in brick kilns about a month ago, first a local NGO RCDC, Umi Daniel of Migration Information Resource Centre, with support from the District Collector and labour officials took up the case further and coordinated with International Justice Mission (IJM) Bangalore. After receiving the letter from Migration Information and Resource Centre (MIRC), Members of IJM identified the brick kilns where Basumati was held in captivity. With the help of police and Department of Labour in Bangalore, they raided the place and rescued all the 75 labourers

who were engaged in the two brick kilns. The released labourers were brought to Bangalore and kept with the care and support of IJM in a training centre. The labourers will stay there for some time to undergo some legal process and will be released under Bonded Labour Act. On the other hand, one child has been hospitalised by IJM for some ailment, informed

Daniel.

• Balangir farmers' body threatens stir against OHRC apathy
April 14, 2011 10:46:49 AM
PNS | Balangir

Members of the Balangir Zilla Krushak Maha Sangh, along with farmers of other districts of the State, would stage demonstration before the Odisha Human Rights Commission (OHRC) office at Bhubaneswar after Akshya Tritiya if the commission does not take any step on the farmers' suicide cases currently pending before it. This was disclosed to the media here on Tuesday by Balangir Zilla Krushak Mahahsangh president Sudhir Parischha along with advocate Ashis Kumar Mishra and Jati Pradhan.

"We had filed a public interest litigation (PIL) petition in the Orissa High Court in January, 2010 seeking direction to the State Government to take necessary steps to check the rising number of farmers' suicide cases across the State. The court, after listening to our petition, directed the Odisha Human Rights Commission (OHRC) to investigate the matter in June 2010. However, even though almost 10 months have elapsed, no step has been taken on the issue even as the number farmers' suicide has gone up to 50," observed Parischha. Odisha is primarily an agriculture State and farmers are the most sensitive and deprived community. If the OHRC does not give its judgement early it would go against the farmers' interest, which would be most unfortunate and hence we expect speedy disposal of the case, said advocate Mishra.

Four members of a farming family of Malickmunda village allegedly had committed suicide in 2007. And then the series of farmers' suicide cases across the State motivated me to file the PIL in the High Court to prevent such incidents through Government initiative, revealed Jati Pradhan. However, the Zilla Krushak Mahahsangh president Parischha warned that unless the OHRC swings to action on the farmer's suicide case, farmers of Balangir and other districts will stage demonstration before the commission office.

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SudhirMishra
Journalist
The Pioneer
Balangir(Odisha)
94374-30812

- Read the story about ordinance of AP government on MFI

MFI (Micro Finance Institution) are spreading very first in rural areas as they are delivering much needed small amount of money without much document, unlike the Banks. However according to reports the rates of interest they are charging is really exorbitant. In Andhra Pradesh as many as 25 poor people have committed suicide. Now AP government has come out with an Ordinance to prevent it. I enclose a report of Devinder Sharma on it for your perusal and at the same time would like to URGE all to have a look in the respective areas/field about the activities of MFI and fate of poor--
for the benefits of people of this region.

With best wishes
yours
SudhirMishra
The Pioneer
Balangir.

It is a common sight in rural areas to find crops being affected by various pests causing heavy loss to the already burdened farmers and even leading to their suicides, thanks to the absence of proper surveillance, lack of prompt response and steps by the agriculture officials to contain it, besides the ignorance of farmers.

According to sources, around 8,000 hectares of paddy fields were affected by pests in the undivided Balangir district. The major pest-prone areas are Degoan, Loisingha, Agalpur, Gudvela and Tusura and Ulunda area of Subarnapur district. They are riverside lands.

In Balangir district, the main pests found attacking the crops are the Swarming Caterpillar (SC), Brown Plant Hopper (BPH), Stem Bore (SB) and Leaf Folder (LF). In case of pest attack, it is controlled by the Integrated Pest Management (IPM) measures consisting of seed treatment, summer ploughing, balanced use of fertilizer application, line sowing, optimum plant population, mechanical controlled method, biological control method and chemical method spraying, if required. The major diseases affecting the paddy are Bacteria Leaf Blight (BLB) and Blast Sheath Blight (BSB). The paddy leaf is divided into two parts -- leaf sheath and leaf lamina. The pest surveillance is required for timely control measures and to minimize the loss due to pest attack on the crop. Pest surveillance is the survey of pest attack in a wide area to observe the occurrence, pest and diseases especially in the paddy crop. Normally, the field-level extension workers carry out two types of survey -- fixed plot survey and roving survey.

SB pest attacks the paddy in the nursery stage and the SC pest attacks and spreads rapidly overnight.

In the event of any incidence of pest attack, the ground-level agriculture officials inform the district-level agriculture officials, who in turn inform the directorate. After receiving the information, the directorate informs the OUAT and other technical body about the malady and they send a team of scientists, who visit the field and issue advisory to the farmers. However, a lot of time by then, around a week, has elapsed and the damage is already done, often resulting in an almost waste. With the introduction of e-surveillance of pest, the other responses are all set to be a thing of the past. According to the agriculture office sources, the surveillance is going to be taken up in five undivided districts of Sundargarh, Balangir, Sambalpur, Kalahandi and Koraput. The entire Balangir district has been divided into three units Balangir, Titilagarh and Patnagarh. Under this pilot project, besides the plant protection officer, who is the coordinator, pest monitor and pest scout would be recruited. The pest scouts would visit eight villages in a week and would submit their reports daily to plant protection officer on Wednesday and Saturday. The scouts would carry out roving survey on fixed plots. They would send data to the pest protection officer, who after verifying it, would send to the website to be created by New Delhi-based National Centre for Integrated Pest Management (NCIPM). The other agencies to be involved in the efforts are Bhubaneswar-based CIPM, Cuttack-based Central Rice Research Institute (CRRI) and the OUAT. After getting the information, the CRRI and OUAT will look into it and immediately issue advisory to the field staff, besides alerting the leading farmers through SMS on their mobile phones. There was the concept of Economic Threshold Limit (ETL) for each crop. After crossing the ETL, there appears the damage of crop and loss to the farmers. However, the ETL concept is getting outdated and there is also separate ETL for every crop.

As there are several eco-friendly insects in the field to control the pests naturally, the concept of Pest Defender Ration (PDR) has been introduced. If the PDR is more than 2.1, the farmers are advised for going in for the chemical control when the climate is favourable. A separate website is going to be launched and the recruitment process is going on to fill up the required personnel, informed an agriculture official. The e-surveillance would be effective by July once crop comes up in the field, added another official

• BHUBANESWAR | Wednesday, June 16, 2010 | Email | Print | | Back
No livelihood security for migrants after return
Pioneer News Service | Balangir

Even as the Government has been making tall claims of providing jobs to rural poor and economically marginalised vulnerable people of the KBK and western Odisha to ensure their livelihoods, the food, job and livelihood insecurity haunts the migrant labourers of the entire regions as they return to their native places after remaining away from home

for around six to eight months a year. Around three lakh migrants of KBK and western Odisha districts return home silently after working in various brick kilns of Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu and other States for more than six months. Most of these people are migrating because they are not finding suitable employment opportunities at their doorsteps and whatever work is available to them is not preferred by many, particularly the youth.

There are usually three types of migrants of the regions -- the skilled labourer who make bricks in the kilns, the unskilled labourer who are brick carrier in the kilns and the youth force. The unskilled labourers are the most exploited. First of all, as they are unskilled they are paid less wage and facilities. Moreover, if the brick kiln owner pays towards transportation and higher wage rate per thousand bricks, a large chunk of the money is taken away by the middlemen who bring money from the brick kiln owner and keep around 40 per cent of it for themselves and gave the rest to the labourers as advance, explains an NGO activist. As they are unskilled labourers, they get lesser wages and are exploited by the agents too, aggravating their plight further. The most worrying part of the entire migration process is the youth migrations who usually migrate to earn some money. Consumerism is the main driving force for them. After earning money, they spend it for purchasing mobile phones and other consumer goods. As they people are unskilled, they get lesser wage .Little vocational training would increase their earning opportunity. Recently, 66 migrant labourers of Balangir, Subarnapur, Bargarh and Nuapada districts were rescued by the International Justice Mission of Chennai from Tirupati in Andhra Pradesh. The food, health and livelihood security of the poor unskilled migrants, besides other migrants labourer who return to their native place should be taken care of and necessary planning should be made to provide them jobs and ensure their livelihood, besides taking necessary steps to ensure their right to health, said Umi Daniel of the Migration Resource Information Centre, Bhubaneswar. "We are initiating dialogues with district Collectors to ensure their food and health and livelihood security and their settlement. We are also trying to link them with MNREGA for their livelihood to reverse the migration process," he said, adding that all the rescued labourers should be rehabilitated as per the bonded labourer Act. While the labourers migrate; it creates headlines in both and print and electronic media. However, when they return nobody bothers for their rehabilitation to ensure their food security and reverse the trend, forcing them to migrate next year. Neither the civil society nor the district administrations nor the people's representatives express sincere concern for them. And the migration of poor people from the regions has been continuing since last five decades.

Sudhir Mishra | Balangir: **MIGRANT LABOURERS REACHED BOLANGIR**

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The two migrant labourers — Sameer and Liabani, both 16 years old, of Kharkara in Sarmuhan panchayat of Belpada block in Balangir district, who were held hostage by a brick-kiln owner of Andhra Pradesh — were rescued by a team of Action Aid officials from Hyderabad on Wednesday after the news was first published in The Pioneer on May 22. It may be noted that seven members of Bharat Das' family of Kharkara had migrated to work in brick kilns of Andhra Pradesh in October 2009. They are Bharat Das (32), his wife Rukamani Das (28), daughter Kajol, her mother-in-law Sabitri, brother Sameer and two relatives Malti and Laibani (16). According to reports, they had taken an advance of Rs 38,000 from a sardar (labour contractor) of Karlimal village, who had taken them to the Gangapur area of Paidaplli station near Hyderabad. After working for a few days there, Malti developed stomach pain and she was checked up by a local doctor, who prescribed some medicines that did not provide much relief. The brick kiln owner would insist on eating four to five tablets at a time which raised suspicions. However, as Malti's pain continued, she was further checked in a nearby town. Her blood and other tests revealed that she had tumour in her stomach, for which the doctor prescribed her some medicines. The owner of brick-kiln sent all the family members except Sameer and Laibani to their village. More than a month passed, but the two were yet to return. According to reports, Laibani telephoned her uncle Bharat Das to take her back as she feared threat to her life and dignity. "We informed the matter to local SP and District Labour Officer," said a villager.

(After publication of the news in The Pioneer, Premananda Mishra and other representatives of Samuhik Marudi Pratikar Udyam, Balangir (SMPU-B), took Bharat to the SP of Balangir and requested for his intervention. SP Ajay Sarangi directed the Inspector-in-Charge of Belpada police station to locate the sardar, Karna Podha of Karlimal village, to expedite release of the migrants. The Assistant Labour Officer also talked to the brick kiln owner Sammaiah and asked him to release the hostages immediately. He also called president of brick kiln owners' association Prasad of Hyderabad to look into the matter. Prasad assured to inform and let him talk with the hostages. The Assistant Labour Officer promised Bharat to take action by Tuesday. Regional Manager of Action Aid in Bhubaneswar Amar Jyoti Nayak immediately forwarded the news published in The

Pioneer to its Hyderabad Action Aid office to take necessary action to rescue them. The Action Aid office in Hyderabad took up the issue and a team official, led by Rajshekhhar, went out to trace the migrant labourers held hostage. Finally, Laibani Das and Sameer Das were traced out at Gangapur near Manthini of Karimnagar district, 274 km away from Hyderabad, and rescued. According to the latest report, the rescued labourers have left AP and are expected to reach Balangir in a day or two by Aleppey-Bokaro Express accompanied by volunteer Jayakrishna Panda.

6. OVERALL ASSESSMENT

This section should provide information on what are the organizations' overall assessment on the project outputs and objectives. The project holder may also voice their opinion on the relationship with the Trust.

Response from Migrants youths is very good; Sarapachas from local GPs are also supporting lot. However in local administration UDYAMA has created good base. With steady interaction with community and local administration, The Block Titlagada has received one of the best Block in performing MNREGS providing maximum 100days work. This has become more effective only due to better coordination and strong negotiation. The overall work progress is good despite lots of unavoidable and emerging issues / situations that has hampered in doing the best of jobs like initial consultation, interaction during registration. However, baseline survey for gps has completed and substantial numbers of ID card have been distributed. Gradually people are extending their cooperation and involvement in Survey, Registration, process, and willingness gather for skill development Training. The life skill training on mobile repairing and driving have provided better message for all within dropouts PRIs and vulnerable community too. So over all the progress is organization is satisfied with its work done till June as it is directly bringing benefits to the rural poor, marginalized and vulnerable section of KBK which is most backward region of Odisha.

7. RECOMMENDATION

This section actually provides an area for the organization/partners to voice their opinion on how the Trust should look at similar issues in the future and how they should be tackled, based on lessons learnt in the project.

Although it is very much complex issues, dealing with Distressed Migrants is an opportunity. Breaking the barriers and structured setup of contractors, organizing unorganized labor force is also challenging despite there are good and pro-people and pro-poor policies are there. To know more dynamics is very much interesting. Enormous scope is here to locate and put it into action. There are lots of avenues are here to carve out to raise voice on rights and entitlements rehabilitate, restore and rejuvenate demands of community at destination. Appropriate actions and continuous harping on economic capability at source and destination certainly will yield good results. However, the issues on distressed migration, undertaking migration cases, tracking, and motivation and monitoring are a cumbersome and challenging job. Mobilizing mainstream policy, leveraging resources is not so easy. Moreover, integrating policy practice-program and working migrants is also herculean task. It needs patience, wait & watch and trigger in the issues related to migrant interest. Putting best efforts in to change attitude of community, labors, contractors officials, volunteers are necessary. Sustained advocacy and sensitization is required if Policies are not implemented well and entitlements are not reaching that community during critical time, accurately and systematically. Special initiatives must be adopted by government and non government mutually in order to reduce vulnerability and distress especially minimizing adverse impacts on ultra poor families. This year there entire western Odisha has witnessed delayed monsoon, there might be acceleration of more youths and women do migrate out. However few suggestions are enumerated below:

- Adaptive action research is required to find out workable operational modalities
- Respect and Regularization AP & Odisha agreement that has recently made
- Discourse on Migration at source and destination
- Skill Development Institute at Western Orissa
- Training linkage and Opportunity for placement
- Broad based convergence and Model building , legal support
- resource based value addition and program integration
- Ultra-poor initiatives at destination and at source on financial inclusion
- Collectivization, backward and forward linkages
- Group based initiatives and market linkage
- Simultaneous programming, institution building and capacity building
- Networking(source and destination linkage)

ANNEXURE

STUDENT LIST OF TITILAGARH DRIVING CENTER

SL NO	NAME	FATHER NAME	CASTE	QUALIFICATION	DATE OF BIRTH	CONTACT NO	DETAILED ADDRESS	REMARKS
01	BIJU KHARSEL	SRINIBAS KHARSEL	O.B.C	9TH	23.06.1993	9937657854	AT-BACHHAJUJH A, PO-JAGUA, G.P-SIHINI, TITILAGARH.	Engaged in Driving sector and earn money Monthly Rs-4500 per Month
02	SUBASH CH. SAHU	DINGAR SAHU	O.B.C.	10TH	11.07.1982	9178691461	AT-UDEPUR,PO-KATERKELA, G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Learning
03	BHAKTA CH.BIBHAR	BAISAKHU BIBHAR	S.C.	10TH	25.06.1975	9668690104	AT, P.O, G.P. - SIHINI, TITILAGARH.	Learn and Searching for job
04	NEPAL CHANDAN	PRATAP CHANDAN	O.B.C	10TH	10.07.1980	9178419375	AT,P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Learning
05	GOPABANDH U CHHATAR	KHUSIRAM CHHATAR	O.B.C.	10TH	08.06.1982	8018581583	AT,P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Learning
06	KIRTI BAG	KUTU BAG	O.B.C.	9TH	09.04.1992	7894936735	AT,P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Engaged in Driving Sector and Earn Money Monthly Rs.4000/-
07	JUGAL JAL	KISAN JAL	S.C.	10TH	05.03.1978	8658128892	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Learning and Searching for job
08	BIMAL CHHATAR	KALPA CHHATAR	O.B.C.	10TH	07.04.1991	9556431403	AT,P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Learning
09	MALAYA CHANDAN	NARENDRA CHANDAN	O.B.C	10TH	10.06.1989	8018819307	AT,P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TITILAGARH	Learning
10	NISHIKANTA KHARSEL	BHAKATAR AM KHARSEL	O.B.C.	10TH	25.05.1985	9178510331	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P-SIHINI,TI	Learning

							TILAGARH	
11	GOVINDA BHARASAGA R	BRUNDABA N BHARASAG AR	S.C.	9TH	01.04.1983	NO	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Not effective for the training, he engaged in another work
12	SURENDRA BHARASAGA R	HARIKESH A BHARASAG AR	S.C.	9TH	28.04.1994	8658128892	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
	BIRANCHI JAL	KISHAN JAL	S.C.	10TH	27.06.1982	9556656366	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Search for job
14	MANOJ KU.TANDI	JUGAE TANDI	S.C.	5TH	04.03.1989	8984084816	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
15	SANJU TANDI	JUGARAI TANDI	S.C.	6TH	25.10.1978	9090676356	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
16	BHAKATA BANDHU CHANDAN	RAGHU NATH CHANDAN	O.B.C.	10TH	15.06.1986	NO	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Searching for job
17	PRADEEP KU.BAGARTY	DHANIA BAGARTY	O.B.C.	9TH	25.07.1984	9178579915	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Engaged as a Driver and Earn Rs.3500/- Per month
18	BRUNDABAN A NAG	HIRARAM NAG	S.C.	8TH	26.10.1993	9556310442	AT- UDEPUR,PO- KATERKELA, G.P- SIHINI,TITILA GARH	Searching for job
19	KULAMANI BAGARTY	PRABHAKA RA BAGARTI	O.B.C.	10TH	21.05.1985	9178319568	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Searching for job
20	SUDARSAN KUNAR	DHUBA KUNAR	S.C.	10TH	15.06.1990	9556702951	AT,P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TITILA GARH	Searching for job
21	PREMARAJ MAJHI	JAYADEV MAJHI	S.T.	10TH	16.01.1982	7894761511	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	learning

22	SUSHANTA KU. RANA	GACHHA RANA	O.B.C.	10TH	25.06.1991	9938824720	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
23	PRABIN KHARSEL	DURBADAL KHARSEL	O.B.C.	10TH	07.06.1996	8658159150	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
24	PITABASHA KHARSEL	SANKAR KHARSEL	O.B.C.	10TH	23.05.1995	8018055651	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Searching for job
25	KASTA CHHATAR	MURALI CHHATAR	O.B.C.	8TH	24.12.1988	8658167162	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
26	RAKESH MUGRI	BIDURA MUGRI	S.C.	10TH	13.05.1990	9556475026	BRAHMANIP ADA, P.O- ADABAHAL, G.P-KHOLAN, TITILAGARH.	Searching for job
27	KIRTI CH. MAJHI	NARENDRA MAJHI	S.T.	10TH	02.05.1984	9178141730	BADAPATRA PALI, P.O,G.P- NAREN, TITILAGARH.	Engaged as a driver and earn Rs-4500/- Per month
28	AMRESH MAJHI	BARUN MAJHI	S.T.	12TH		956572852	AT- BADAPATRA PALI, P.O,G.P- NAREN, TITILAGARH.	Engaged as a driver and earn Rs. 3500/- per month
29	UMASANKAR MUGRI	HARAMOH AN MUGRI	S.C.	10TH	28.09.1991	8658649875	AT- BRAHMANIP ADA, P.O- ADABAHAL, G.P-KHOLAN, TITILAGARH.	Learning
30	PRADIP CHHATAR	JYOTISH CHHATAR	O.B.C.	10TH	02.05.1989	9556133045	AT,P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TITILA GARH	Searching for job
31	LUKU SIKA	LAYA SIKA	S.C.	10TH	05.01.1991	NO	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Search for job
32	BHUPENDRA BANCHHOR	PARSURAM BANCHHOR	O.B.C.	10TH	11.06.1986	NO	KENDUMUND I, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Searching for job

33	DAIEMAN NAG	NIDHI NAG	S.C.	9TH	17.06.1990	NO	AT-KUMUDA, P.O,G.P- SIHINI,TI TILAGARH	Learning
34	GOURA PR.KHARSEL	SABHAS CH. KHARSEL	O.B.C.	9TH	25.06.1985	NO	AT- BACHHAJUJH A,PO- JAGUA,G.P- SIHINI,TITILA GARH.	Learning
35	TULSI TAKRI	KAMAL TAKRI	SC	10 TH	30-11-1993	8018106867	AT- NANAJHAR, MANIGAON, G.P- MANIGAON, BLOCK- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
36	NASEEB TANDI	HIRA TANDI	SC	10 TH	27-02-1988		AT- NANAJHAR, MANIGAON, G.P- MANIGAON, BLOCK- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
37	JATIN TANDI	RAJARAM TANDI	SC	9 TH	02-06-1991		AT- NANAJHAR, MANIGAON, G.P- MANIGAON, BLOCK- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
38	MAYADHAR BIBHAR	BAISAKHU BIBHAR	SC	10 TH	26-09-1980		AT- SIHINI,PO- SIHINI, BLOCK- TITILGARH , BALANGIR,	Engaged as a driver and earn Rs. 5500/- Per month
39	DEVA BIBHAR	BAISNABA BIBHAR	SC	9 TH	24 YEARS		AT- SIHINI, PO- SIHINI, BLOCK- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a Jeep driver and earn Rs. 5000/- Per month
40	KHYAMA		OBC	8 TH	22 YEARS		AT- SIHINI, G.P- SIHINI,	Learning and searching for

	CHHATAR						BLOCK- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR	job
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STUDENT LIST OF SINDHEKELA DRIVING CENTER OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK

SL NO	NAME	FATHER NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	CASTE	CONTACT NO	QUALIFICATION	ADDRESS	REMARKS
1	ALEKH CHHURA	BISHU CHHURA	25-09-1991	S.C	8658940867	10 TH	AT- GOBINDPUR, PO- MUNDPADAR, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN-767040	Learning
2	CHANDRA DHWAJA BHARASAG RIA	GOBARDHAN BHARASAG RIA	21-06-1989	S.C	9938048188	9 TH	AT- UTKELA, PO- JHARIAL , GP- THEMRA, CHANTIPALA, VIA- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR,	Searching for job
3	TIKESWAR MAJHI	SANKAR MAJHI	30-05-1985	S.T	9178806789	9 TH	AT- PITAMAHUL, PO- ALANDA, VIA- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN- 767033	Engaged as a driver and earn Monthly Rs.4500/- Per Month
4	MANOJ KUMAR BHOI	DHANIRAM BHOI	10-08-1983	S.T	7894634738	10 TH	AT/PO-JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN-	Searching for job
5	TEJRAJ PUNJI	TEPRO PUNJI	22-06-1984	O.B.C	9668488987	7 TH	AT- PITAMAHUL, PO- ALANDA, VIA- TITILAGARH	Searching for job
6	MAGSIRA BAG	MECHHA BAG	18-04-1991	S.C	9668406122	10 TH	AT- ARSATULA, PO- PARASARA, VIA- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN- 767033	Learning
7	BHARAT RANA	CHUDAMAN I RANA	09-08-1992	O.B.C	9777131575	10 TH	AT/PO- ALANDA, VIA- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN- 767033	Engaged as a driver and earn Rs. 5500/- per month
8	KALEBARA JUGNIA	KUMAR JUGUNIA	30-06-1992	SC	9668378106	10 TH	AT- KANDHBAHAL, PO- MUNDPADAR, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN- 767040	Learning

9	UDDHAV PUTEL	GOPABAND HU PUTEL	10-06-1999	OBC	9938570368	10TH	AT- KUTMARA, PO- , VIA- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN- 767033	Learning
10	JITENDRA KUMBHAR	BHAJARAM KUMBHAR	28-08-1986	SC	9556306056	9 TH	AT/PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR,	Learning
11	AKHANDA MAJHI	GOKULA MAJHI	28-03-1985		9556375479		AT- PUTULATALAI, PO- ALANDA, VIA- TITILAGARH, DIST- BALANGIR, PIN- 767033	Engaged as a driver and earn monthly Rs.3500/-
12	JITENDRA BHOI	SUNADHAR BHOI	25-07-1986	ST	7894498384	9 TH	AT/PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR,	Searching for job
13	PANKAJA ADA	BASUDEV ADA	05-06-1983	ST	9556700883	9 TH	AT- PUTULATALEI, PO- ALANDA, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
14	LAXMAN CHHATRIA	TANKA CHHATRIA	10-10-1990		8018361230	10 TH	AT- KANDHBAHAL, G.P- MUNDPADAR, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a driver and earn monthly Rs- 4500/-
15	PRADEEP KAND	BUTU KAND	17-01-1993	OBC	9668205705	9 TH	AT- TENTULIPADA, PO- ALANDA, DIST- BALANGIR,	Searching for job
16	SHIBA SHANKAR MAHANAND A	JALANDHAR MAHANAND A	13-07-1989	SC	8018420639	10 TH	AT- KANDHBAHAL, PO- MUNDPADAR, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a driver and earn monthly Rs.6000/-
17	SUSHANTA BHOI	PARMESWA R BHOI	21-05-1988	ST	9668596606	10 TH	AT- JHARIAL, PO- JHARIAL, G.P- JHARIAL, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
18	MANJIT JUGUNIA	KUMAR JUGUNIA	14-01-1992	SC	8018241125	9 TH	AT- KANDHBAHAL, PO- MUNDPADAR, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
19	DHANURJA KUMBHAR	PITA KUMBHAR	23 YEARS	SC	9556469759	8 TH	AT- KURDIAMUNDA, PO- PARASARA, GP- ARSATULA, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job

20	SUSHANTA GHEEBHELA	RUPADHAR GHEEBHELA	16-09-1993	OBC	9178576065	8 TH	AT-PUTULATALEI, PO- ALANDA, BLOCK-BANGOMUNDA	Learning
21	SANJAY CHHURA	GOURAHARI CHHURA	26 YEARS	SC	9937805529	10 TH	AT- THEMRA, PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
22	LALIT MOHAN BACHHA	PRATAP BACHHA			9938114699		AT-BEHERABHATA, PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
23	PABITRA JANI	BHAKTA RAM JANI	11-03-1988	ST	8018552624	10 TH	AT-BEHERABHATA, PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
24	MUKTESWAR PUTEL	RAJENDRA PUTEL					BEHERABHATA, PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a driver and earn monthly Rs-4500/-
25	BHAIRABA SATNAMI	DHANESWAR SATNAMI			9777223394		AT-BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
26	DARSHAN PUTEL	BHAKTARAM PUTEL	20-04-1985	OBC	9938506250	10 TH	KOTAMARA, PO- CHANDOTARA, GP- KURSUD BLOCK-TITIALGARH, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
27	JAGADISH LUHA	PANDIT LUHA	02-10-1983	SC	9777835136	10 TH	UTKELA, PO- JHARIAL, GP- THEMRA, BLOCK-BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Learning
28	KAILASH SAHU	CHAMPESWAR SAHU	15-07-1991	OBC	9777700675	10 TH	DHUNDIMAHUL, PO- GOIMUNDA, G.P- MUNDPADAR, BLOCK-BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
29	TILESWAR JAL	DHUSA JAL	28 YEARS	SC	8058554904	9 TH	KURDIAMUNDA, PO- PARASARA, G.P- ARSATULA, BLOCK-BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a Driver and Earn Monthly Rs.5000/-
30	RUPENDRA KUMBHAR	MOHANLAL KUMBHAR	19 YEARS	SC	9556469759	9 TH	KURDIAMUNDA, PO- PARASARA, G.P- ARSATULA, BLOCK-BANGOMUNDA	Learning

31	PURNANAN DA SAHU	ALEKHA SAHU	28 YEARS	OBC	9937534838	10 TH	AT- DHUNDIMAHUL, PO- GOIMUNDI, G.P- MUNDPADAR, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
32	BIJAY KUMAR DEEP	BASU DEEP	07- 11- 1991	SC	9556300636	10 TH	AT- TITISILET, G.P- MUNDPADAR, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
33	BHAIRABA SATNAMI	DHANESWA R SATNAMI	12-06-1991	SC	9777223394	10 TH	BANGOMUNDA, PO- BANGOMUNDA, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
34	PRAKASH TANDI	LAL MANI TANDI	11-06-1992	SC	9583861188	10 TH	AT- DUMERMUNDA, PO- GOIMUND, G.P- MUNDPADAR, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a driver and earn monthly Rs.5000/-
35	DAYANIDHI SUNA	CHINIAMAN I SUNA	05-10-1987	SC	966895111	10 TH	AT- DHUNDIMAHUL, PO- GOIMUND, G.P- MUNDPADAR, BLOCK- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a Driver and Earn Monthly Rs.4500/-
36	KALINDRI CHARAN BAGARTY	HARA BAGARTY	15-07-1985	OBC		10 TH	AT-SURDA, PO- PARASARA, BANGOMUNDA, BALANGIR	Learning
37	SARAT CH SAHU	VIKURAM SAHU	21-05-1988	OBC	9938109635	10 TH	AT/PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Engaged as a driver and Earn Monthly Rs- 4500/-
38	BENUDHAR BEHERA	MAHADEV BEHERA	02-06-1991	OBC	9178721300	7 TH	PUTULATALEI, PO- ALANDA, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
39	BINAYAK NAG	RAJIV NAG	19-05-1982	OBC		9 TH	KURDIAMUNDA, PO- PARASARA, VIA- SINDHEKELA, DIST- BALANGIR	Searching for job
40	PINTU SAHU	BISNU SAHU	18-05-1990	OBC	9938596316	10 TH	JHARIAL, PO- JHARIAL, VIA- BANGOMUNDA, DIST- BALANGIR,	Searching for job

STUDENT LIST OF MOBILE REPAIRING TRAINING, TITILAGARH CENTER

SL NO	NAME OF THE CANDIDATE	FATHER NAME	ADDRESS	REMARK
1	SURYA KUMAR NANDA	TAHASIL NANDA	KATAGAON	Learning and practice is going on
2	UTTAM SARAF	BRUNDABAN SARAF	SARGIGUDA	Engaged one shop and earn Rs.3000/- Per month
3	GHANSHYAM ADJUAD	LABA ADJUAD	SARGIGUDA	Learning and practice
4	JUGRAJ BAG	SUDON BAG	SARGIGUDA	Engaged and earn Rs. 4000/- Per month
5	JANKI SWAIN	BHABANI SHANKAR SWAIN	NAREN	Practices is going on
6	PITABAS JAL	PURNACHANDRA JAL	PIPALPADAR	Practices is going on
7	MILU SIKA	TIARAN SIKA	PIPALPADAR	Practices is going on
8	MANOJ MAHANANDA	GANESH MAHANANDA	PIPALPADAR	Engaged and earn Rs-4000/- Per month
9	JITENDRA NAG	RAJKUMAR NAG	PIPALPADAR	Practices is going on
10	KHIROD CHHURA	TARANISEN CHHURA	NAREN	Learning
11	SUMANTA BAITHARU	MANIKYA BAITHARU	NAREN	Learning
12	HEDEBA CHHURA	KHAGESWAR CHHURA	BRAHMANIPADA	Practices is going on
13	SOMYARANJAN BAG	CHRISTA CHARAN BAG	SIHINI	Engaged and earn Rs-3500/- Per month
14	BIRENDRA BACHHA	BRAJA BACHHA	SIHINI	Learning
15	MOHIT KUMAR CHHATRIA	BASUDEV CHHATRIA	KHOLAN	Learning
16	BHIKARI CHARAN BHARASAGAR	GHATU BHARASAGAR	SARGIGUDA	Learning
17	TARJAN JAL	PURNACHANDRA JAL	PIPALPADAR	Practices is going on
18	PRITAM NAIK	RAMACHANDRA NAIK	KENDUMUNDI	Engaged and earn Rs-5000/-
19	UMASHANKAR MUGRI	HARMOHAN MUGRI	BRAHMANIPADA	Practices going on and searching for job
20	SRIMANTA NAG	HALA NAG	SARGIGUDA	Searching for job
21	SUSHANTA SUNA	MARUT SUNA	SARGIGUDA	Searching for job
22	SEKHAR MAHANANDA	ALEKHA MAHANANDA	NAREN	Opened own mobile repairing shop and earn monthly Rs.15000/-
23	SURENDRA MAHANANDA	SHASHI MAHANANDA	SARGIGUDA	Searching for job and practices is going on
24	JAYADRATHA NAIK	KESHABA NAIK	SALEBHATA	Searching for job
25	HEMANTA NAG	HALA NAG	SARGIGUDA	Learning and searching for job

STUDENT LIST OF MOBILE REPAIRING TRAINING, SINDHEKELA CENTER OF BANGOMUNDA BLOCK

SL NO	NAME OF THE CANDIDATE	FATHER NAME	ADDRESS	REMARK
1	RABINDRA KUMAR BEHERA	KANHEI CHARAN BEHERA	BALBENG	Searching for job
2	INDRAMANI MAHANANDA	SITARAM MAHANANDA	KANDHBAHAL	Practices is going on and searching for job
3	SURESH NAIK	MAHENDRA NAIK	KURDIAMUNDA	Learning
4	TAPAN KU MAHANANDA	SRISHUNGA MAHANANDA	DEDGAON	Searching for job
5	THABIRA NAG	BHAJAMAN NAG	ARSATULA	Practices is going on
6	SUDAM HANS	BHUBANESWAR HANS	KURDIAMUNDA	Engaged and earn Rs.3500/- Per month
7	MANORANJAN PUNJI	BHAGIRATHI PUNJI	PITAMAHUL	Practices is going on and search for job
8	DHARMENDRA MANHIRA	BRAJESWAR MANHIRA	ARSATULA	Searching for job
9	BIGHNARAJ MAJHI	BAISHAKHU MAJHI	ARSATULA	Engaged and earn Rs.3500/- per month
10	BISWA BHUSAN TANDI	PRABHULAL TANDI	KANDHBAHAL	Searching for job
11	FAKIRA MOHAN TANDI	CHUDAMANI TANDI	KANDHBAHAL	Searching for job

12	CHITARANJAN RANA	KUMUDA RANA	ALANDA	Searching for job
13	SUMAN KU SAHU	NARESH SAHU	KANDHBAHAL	Engaged and earn Rs.3000/- per month
14	MURALIDHAR MAHANANDA	PITAMBER MAHANANDA	KANDHBAHAL	Practices one shop and earn Rs.2500/-
15	BISHIKESHAN CHHATRIA	RANGADHAR CHHATRIA	ALANDA	Searching for job
16	DAMODAR THAPA	SASHI THAPA	BALBENGA	Searching for job
17	NARESH MAHANANDA	SANTA MAHANANDA	DEDGAON	Engaged and earn Rs. 4000/- per month
18	NIKUNJA PRUSTHI	BIJAYA PRUSTHI	JAMTARA	Searching for job
19	LAXMAN CHHURA	DAITARI CHHURA	KANDHBAHAL	Searching for job
20	JAGARNATHA RANA	KALIARANA	DEDGAON	Practices is on the process
21	ARUN KAND	GOUTAM KAND	TENTULIPADA	Engaged and earn Rs. 3000/- Per month
22	TULARAM TANDI	NIALCHAND TANDI	KANDHBAHAL	Engaged and Earn Rs. 4500/- Per month
23	ABHIRAM TANDI	SAJMAN TANDI	SINDHEKELA	Engaged and Earn Rs. 5000/- Per month
24	BHOJRAJ PUTEL	DAMA PUTEL	DEDGAON	Practices is on the process and earn Rs.2500/-
25	KAILASH CHANDRA BHOI	TANKADHAR BHOI	JHARIAL	Engaged and earn Rs.3500/- per month

LEAFLETS DISTRIBUTED DURING CAMPAIGN ON ENROLLMENT OF DISTRESSED MIGRANTS IN 2011 CENSUS

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ଦେଶାନ୍ତର ଯାଇଥିବା ଭାଇ ମାନଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ଏକ ବିଶେଷ ଖବର ପତ୍ରିକା ଯେ, କର୍ମମାନ ଭାରତ ସରକାରଙ୍କ ତରଫରୁ ଦେଶରୁ ସବୁ ଗାଁରେ ଜନ ଗଣନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ଆରମ୍ଭ ହୋଇଛି । ଏହି ଜନ ଗଣନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମରେ ଆପଣ ମାନେ ସାମିଲ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ, ସୁଯୋଗ ନିଅନ୍ତୁ ଓ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥାର ସହଯୋଗ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

୧ । ଭୋଗର ଲିଷ୍ଟରେ ନାମ ରଖନ୍ତୁ, ନାମ ନରହିଲେ ସରକାରୀ ଓ ବେସରକାରୀ ସମ୍ପ୍ରଦାୟ ସୁବିଧାର ଫାଇଦା ନେଇ ପାରିବେ ନାହିଁ ।

୨ । ବି.ପି.ଏଲ., ଯଡ଼ି କାର୍ଡ, ଜବ୍ କାର୍ଡ, ଭଣ୍ଡା ଘରଫିଡ଼, ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ, ଶିକ୍ଷା ଇତ୍ୟାଦିର ସୁବିଧା ଆପଣ ମାନେ ପାଇ ପାରିବେ ନାହିଁ ।

୩ । ଏହି ଜନ ଗଣନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ଦେଶର ସବୁ ଗାଁରେ ଚାଲୁଛି ।

୪ । ଆପଣ ଯେ କୌଣସି ସାଗାରେ ନିଜର ଠିକଣା ଦେଇ ତାଲିକା ଭୁଲ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ ।

୫ । ଯେ କୌଣସି ଲୋକ ବା ପରିବାର ର ସଭ୍ୟ ଜୀବନ ଓ ଦେଶାନ୍ତର ଯାଇଥିବା ଲୋକ ମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏହି ଖବର ପତ୍ରିକା ଓ ଜନ ଗଣନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମରେ ସାମିଲ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ ।

୬ । ଜୀବନ ଜୀବାକା କୁ ଭଲ କରିବାକୁ ହେଲେ ଅଧିକ ଆମଦାନୀ ଆୟ ଦରକାର ଏଥିପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନ ଲିଖିତ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ଦ୍ୱାରା ନିଆଯାଇ ପାରେ :-

- (କ) ନିଜର ଦକ୍ଷତା ଦୃଢ଼ କରନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଖ) ତାଲିମ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କୃଷକ ଶ୍ରମିକ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଗ) ସ୍ଥାନୀୟ ସରକାର ଓ ସରକାରୀ ବେସରକାରୀ ସମ୍ପ୍ରଦାୟ ସହ ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ କରନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଘ) କିଏ କେଉଁଠିକୁ ଯାଇଛନ୍ତି, କିଏ ନେଇଛି, କି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ପାଇଁ ନେଇଛି, କେତେ ଦିନ ପାଇଁ ଯାଇଛନ୍ତି, ତାହାର ସବିଶେଷ ବିବରଣୀ ଗାଁରେ, ପଞ୍ଚାୟତରେ ପୁଲିସି ପାଖରେ ଖବର ରଖନ୍ତୁ । ଦରକାର ସମୟରେ କର୍ମରେ ଆସିବ ।
- (ଙ) ସରକାରୀ ପୁଲିସି, ସ୍କୁଲ ପ୍ରଧାନ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ବା ଶ୍ରମିକ ସହାୟତା ସଫର୍ଦ୍ଦ କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ଚିତିଲଗତ ରେ ନାମ ଲେଖାନ୍ତୁ ଓ ପଞ୍ଜି କରଣ କାର୍ଡ ନିଅନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଚ) ସରକାରୀ ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ବାମାରେ ସାମିଲ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ । ଛୁଆ ଓ ମଫିଲା ମାନଙ୍କର ରହଣା ତଳନା ଉପରେ ବିଶେଷ ଧ୍ୟାନ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଛ) ଯେଉଁଠାକୁ ଯାଇଛନ୍ତି ଛୁଆର ପାଠପଢ଼ା ଉପରେ ଧ୍ୟାନ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ ଓ ସରକାରଙ୍କର ସୁବିଧା ନିଅନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଜ) ସାଧାରଣ ଲୋକରେ ଦୁଃଖ ଭୋଗ ହୋଇ ଜୀବନ ଚାଲି ଯାଇପାରେ ଏଣୁ ଜୀବନ ବାମା, ସ୍ୱାସ୍ଥ୍ୟ ବାମା କରାଇବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁନ୍ତୁ ନାହିଁ ।
- (ଝ) ଦେଶାନ୍ତର ଗଲେ କିମ୍ପା ଗାଁରେ ରହିଲେ ମଧ୍ୟ ବିକଳ ରୋଗଗାର କରିପାରିବେ । ବିଭିନ୍ନ ତାଲିମ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ପାଇଁ ସ୍ଥାନୀୟ ସରକାର, ବୁକ୍ ଅଧିକାରୀ, ସମ୍ପ୍ରଦାୟ ଅଧିକାରୀ, ସ୍ଥାନୀୟ ନାବାଡ଼ ଅଧିକାରୀ, ଓ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ଚିତିଲଗତ ସହ ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ କରନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଞ) ଦେଶାନ୍ତର ହେଲେ ମଧ୍ୟ ଆପଣ ଭଲ ରୋଜଗାର କ୍ଷମ ହୋଇ ଅନ୍ୟ ପାଇଁ ଉଦାହରଣ ହୋଇ ପାରିବେ । ଆପଣ ନିଜ ଗାଁ ଓ ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ପାଇଁ ଦୃଷ୍ଟାନ୍ତ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ ।
- (ଟ) ନିଜ ଗାଁ ସମ୍ବଲର ସର୍ବାଧିକ ସହଯୋଗ କରି ଗାଁ ସମସ୍ୟାର ସମାଧାନରେ ସାମିଲ ହୁଅନ୍ତୁ ।

ରୋଜଗାର କରନ୍ତୁ, ଜାଣିବାର ସୁଯୋଗ ନିଅନ୍ତୁ ଓ ସ୍ୱାଭିମାନ ସହିତ ଜୀବନ ଜୀବିକା ରନ୍ତୁ କରିବା ସହ ଅନ୍ୟକୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ ସହଯୋଗ କରନ୍ତୁ ।

॥ ଇତି ॥

ବିଶେଷ ବିବରଣୀ ପାଇଁ ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ କରନ୍ତୁ :-
ଶ୍ରମିକ ସହାୟତା ସଫର୍ଦ୍ଦ କେନ୍ଦ୍ର

‘ଉଦ୍ୟମ’

ବୈଷ୍ଣବେବା ମନ୍ଦିର ନିକଟ
ସର୍ଗାଗୁଡ଼ା (ଚିତିଲଗତ)

ମୋ. ୯୭୫୮୧୨୧୫୧୩, ୯୪୫୯୯୧୪୨୪୪

ମୁଖ୍ୟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟଳୟ : ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର ୦୭୭୪-୨୪୭୫୭୫୭, ୯୪୩୮୪୦୧୭୦୨

MIGRANT REGISTRATION FORMAT

ଶ୍ରମିକ ସହାୟତା ଓ ସୁଚନା କେନ୍ଦ୍ର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

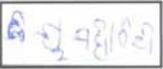
ଦେଶାନ୍ତର ଶ୍ରମିକ ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣ ଫର୍ମ
ଉଦ୍ୟମ

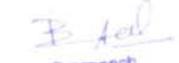
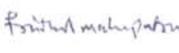
ଫର୍ମ ନଂ

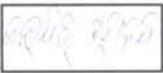
ପ୍ରକଳ୍ପ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟାଳୟ, ସର୍ବିସୁଡା, ଚିଟିଲାଗଡ, ଜି: ବଲାଙ୍ଗିର (ଫୋନ-୦୬୬୫୫-୨୨୦୩୩୯)

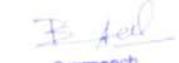
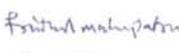
ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଗତ ବିବରଣୀ	ରସିଦ୍ ଦାଖଲ୍ୟା ତାରିଖ ନାମ : ପିତାଙ୍କ ନାମ : ମାତାଙ୍କ ନାମ : ଜନ୍ମ ତାରିଖ : ବୟସ ଶିକ୍ଷାନୁଷ୍ଠାନର ନାମ : ଶରୀରରେ ଥିବା କଟାକ୍ଷତ/ଚିହ୍ନ : ସ୍ଥାନର ଠିକଣା : ଗ୍ରାମ : ପଢା/ସାହି ପଞ୍ଚାୟତ : ଚହସିଲ ଜିଲ୍ଲା : ଫୋନ୍ ନଂ ପିତାଙ୍କ ନାମ : ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଙ୍କ ନାମ : ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ଫୋନ୍ ନଂ : ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଙ୍କ ଠିକଣା	ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣ ନଂ ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣ ତାରିଖ : ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣ ବୈଧତା ତାରିଖ : <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> ପ୍ରବାସୀଙ୍କ ଫଟୋ </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;"> ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକ କ ଦସ୍ତଖତ / ଚିପଚିହ୍ନ </div>
	ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକଙ୍କ ପାଖରେ ଭୋଗ ପରିଚୟ ପତ୍ର ଅଛି କି ? <input type="checkbox"/> ହଁ <input type="checkbox"/> ନାହିଁ ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକଙ୍କର କୌଣସି ବ୍ୟାଧିରେ ଆକ୍ରାନ୍ତ ଅଛି କି ? <input type="checkbox"/> ହଁ <input type="checkbox"/> ନାହିଁ ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକଙ୍କ ପାଖରେ କୌଣସି ବାମା / ପରିସି ଅଛି କି ? <input type="checkbox"/> ହଁ <input type="checkbox"/> ନାହିଁ ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକ ତାଙ୍କ ପରିବାର ସହିତ ବିଦେଶରେ ରହୁଛନ୍ତି କି ? <input type="checkbox"/> ହଁ <input type="checkbox"/> ନାହିଁ ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକ ବିବାହ କରିଛନ୍ତି କି ? <input type="checkbox"/> ହଁ <input type="checkbox"/> ନାହିଁ ପତି / ପତ୍ନୀଙ୍କ ନାମ : ପରିବାରର ସଦସ୍ୟ ଦାଖଲ୍ୟା (ବନ୍ଧୁ) (ସାନ) ବିଦେଶରେ ରହୁଥିବା ପରିବାରର ସଦସ୍ୟ ଦାଖଲ୍ୟା	ଜାତି (SC / ST / OBC / GEN / MINORITY) ପ୍ରଥମ ଥର ବିଦେଶରେ କେବେ ଠାରୁ ରହିଲେ ? ବର୍ଷ । ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନ ବିଦେଶରେ କେବେ ଠାରୁ ଅଛନ୍ତି ? ବର୍ଷ ।
ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନ ପ୍ରବାସୀଙ୍କ ବିବରଣୀ	ବ୍ୟବସାୟ / କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ : ବିଶେଷ ଲକ୍ଷଣ ଆନୁମାନିକ ମାସିକ ଆୟ ଆନୁମାନିକ ମାସିକ ବ୍ୟୟ ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନ ବିଦେଶରେ ରହୁଥିବା ସ୍ଥାନର ନାମ (ସହର/ଜାଗର ନାମ) <input type="text"/> ରାଜ୍ୟ <input type="text"/> କାର୍ଯ୍ୟସ୍ଥଳର ଠିକଣା <input type="text"/> ରହୁଥିବା ସ୍ଥାନର ଠିକଣା <input type="text"/> ଫୋନ୍ ଫୋନ୍	
ଯୋଗଣା ନାମ	ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣକାରୀଙ୍କ ନାମ ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣକାରୀଙ୍କ ଦସ୍ତଖତ ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକଙ୍କ ଦସ୍ତଖତ ନିବେଦକ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ/ଶ୍ରୀ ସ୍ଥାନୀୟ ସ୍ଥାନପଞ୍ଚାୟତ ର ଅଧିକାରୀ ଅଟେ । ଏଥିରେ ସେ ଦେଉଥିବା ସମସ୍ତ ବିବରଣୀ ସତ୍ୟ ଅଟେ । ତାଙ୍କ ନାମକୁ ପଞ୍ଜିକରଣ କରାଯାଇ ପ୍ରବାସୀ ଶ୍ରମିକ ପରିଚୟ ପତ୍ର ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯାଇ । <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"> ସରପଞ୍ଚଙ୍କ ଦସ୍ତଖତ / ମୋହର </div>	

MIGRANT IDENTITY CARD

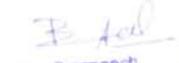
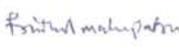
 UDYAMA Balangir (Odisha) Identity Card	
Registration No.: BTIG01003	
Name: Jaya Mahanand	
Father's Name %Hajria Mahanand	
Skill: Labour	
Education :Literate	
Date of Birth : 1952	
Work Place : Raipur (Chhattisgarh)	

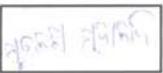
Vill : Naren	Panchayat : Naren
P.Samiti : Titlagarh	District : Balangir
State : Odisha	Contact Number : 8895811095
Issue Date : 15/07/2012	
 Sarpanch Naren Gram Panchayat	 Secretary Udyama
In Case of emergency please contact : Shramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra,Near Baishnodevi mandir, Titlagarh,Balangir, Odisha-763033,Tel-06655-220339 HQ:HIG285/K,Kalinga Vihar,BBSR,Tel:0674-2475656	

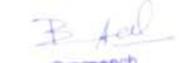
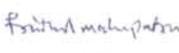
 UDYAMA Balangir (Odisha) Identity Card	
Registration No.: BTIG01002	
Name: Jalandhar Mahanand	
Father's Name %Digambar Mahanand	
Skill: Labour	
Education :7th	
Date of Birth : 1977	
Work Place : ahmedabad (Gujarat)	

Vill : Naren	Panchayat : Naren
P.Samiti : Titlagarh	District : Balangir
State : Odisha	Contact Number : 9937958720
Issue Date : 15/07/2012	
 Sarpanch Naren Gram Panchayat	 Secretary Udyama
In Case of emergency please contact : Shramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra,Near Baishnodevi mandir, Titlagarh,Balangir, Odisha-763033,Tel-06655-220339 HQ:HIG285/K,Kalinga Vihar,BBSR,Tel:0674-2475656	

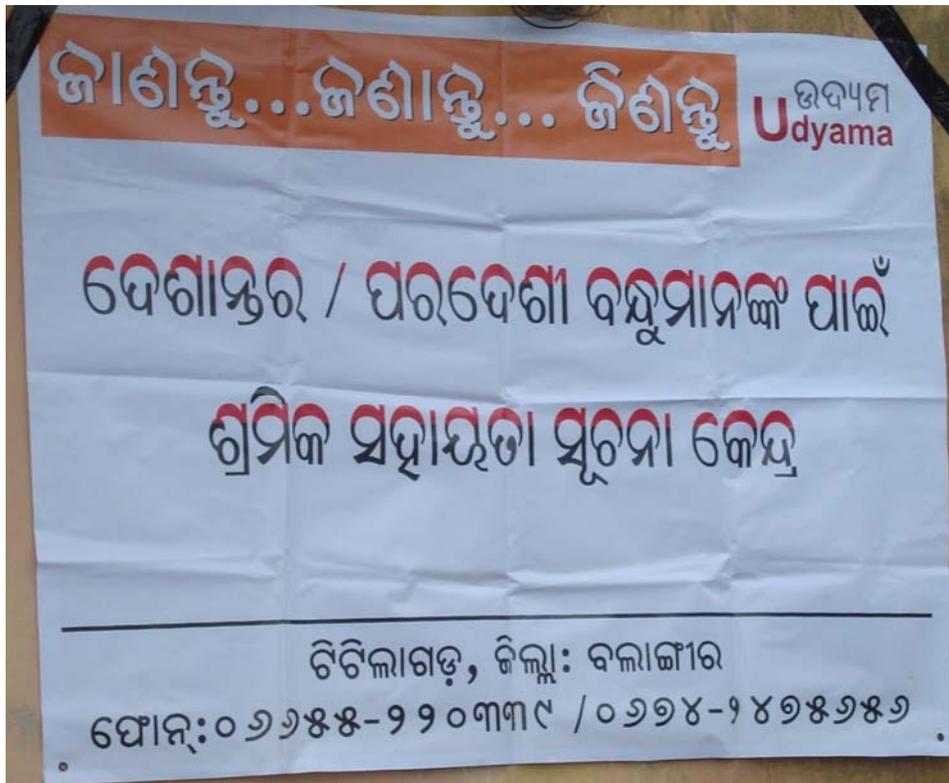
 UDYAMA Balangir (Odisha) Identity Card	
Registration No.: BTIG01001	
Name: Kousalya Bag	
Father's Name %Pabitra Bag	
Skill: Labour	
Education :Illiterate	
Date of Birth : 1957	
Work Place : Raipur (Chhattisgarh)	

Vill : Naren	Panchayat : Naren
P.Samiti : Titlagarh	District : Balangir
State : Odisha	Contact Number : 9777634119
Issue Date : 15/07/2012	
 Sarpanch Naren Gram Panchayat	 Secretary Udyama
In Case of emergency please contact : Shramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra,Near Baishnodevi mandir, Titlagarh,Balangir, Odisha-763033,Tel-06655-220339 HQ:HIG285/K,Kalinga Vihar,BBSR,Tel:0674-2475656	

 UDYAMA Balangir (Odisha) Identity Card	
Registration No.: BTIG01000	
Name: Mukesh Mahanand	
Father's Name %Agasti Mahanand	
Skill: Labour	
Education :7th	
Date of Birth : 1993	
Work Place : Aanand (Gujarat)	

Vill : Naren	Panchayat : Naren
P.Samiti : Titlagarh	District : Balangir
State : Odisha	Contact Number : 8018781412
Issue Date : 15/07/2012	
 Sarpanch Naren Gram Panchayat	 Secretary Udyama
In Case of emergency please contact : Shramik Sahayata 'O' Suchana Kendra,Near Baishnodevi mandir, Titlagarh,Balangir, Odisha-763033,Tel-06655-220339 HQ:HIG285/K,Kalinga Vihar,BBSR,Tel:0674-2475656	

AWARENESS POSTER ON MIGRATION



WALL PAINTING ON MIGRATION

