

Corporate Responsibility Data Supplement

COMMUNICATION ON PROGRESS 2014



To Our Stakeholders

We are pleased to provide our 2014 Kinross Corporate Responsibility Data Supplement and Communication on Progress. This report outlines our CR performance in 2014 and supplements our comprehensive 2013 Corporate Responsibility Report, which details our current policies and practices. In keeping with our biennial reporting, we will publish our next comprehensive GRI-based corporate responsibility report covering performance for 2014 and 2015 in mid-2016.

We took the following steps over the course of 2014 to advance our commitment to the UN Global Compact principles:

- In the area of human rights, consistent with our commitment to support the Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights, we delivered annual training to 100% of Kinross' security workforce as part of our Human Rights Adherence and Verification Program (HRA&VP).
- In the area of labour standards, we achieved the best safety performance in Kinross history with a 2014 total reportable injury frequency rate (TRIFR) of 0.38 (employees and contractors for 200,000 hours worked) representing a 10% reduction over 2013 and a 62% reduction in TRIFR over five years. We completed the year with zero employee and contractor fatalities for the second consecutive year.
- Following a seven-day strike at our Maricunga, Chile operation, we re-negotiated a fair and balanced collective agreement that recognizes the unique challenges at site and the difficult gold price environment. We also renegotiated a two-year agreement at our Paracatu operation in Brazil, and reached an agreement with a group of former employees from our Tasiast operation in Mauritania who had been part of a retrenchment in late 2013.
- We developed the Kinross Way for Diversity to guide companywide efforts to strengthen diversity in the workplace. In addition, the Board of Directors updated its Diversity Policy in late 2014 and established a gender diversity target of 33% for female representation on the Board. Three of nine directors for Kinross are women.
- In the area of environmental protection, we reduced our total water use by a net 25% over the previous year; five of our eight operating sites reduced their annual consumption rates, including our Maricunga mine which achieved a 22% reduction in water consumption.
- We used less energy in total, although on a per tonne basis the intensity of energy use increased. Our total Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions increased by 2.6%, primarily due to a change in our electricity supply mix at Paracatu, shifting to a more carbon-intensive but lower cost supply. Excluding that change, our GHG emissions at other sites decreased by 9% over the previous year. We have implemented over 100 energy efficiency initiatives since 2012 which have resulted in a 3.5% reduction in our energy intensity and 44,000 tonnes per year of CO₂e compared with what we would have emitted without these initiatives.

- Through various site-level efforts to reduce, recycle and reuse materials the amount of non-mineral waste generated decreased by 32% compared with 2013.
- In the area of anti-corruption, we launched the Kinross Supplier Portal to facilitate sign-off on the Supplier Standards of Conduct designed to ensure that suppliers of materials, equipment and services to Kinross are appropriately reviewed prior to entering into a business relationship with that Supplier.
- We supported the broader goals of the UN by participating in the Ebola Private Sector Mobilization Group (EPSMG), a coalition of over 50 companies with major interests in West Africa, as well as signing the UN Global Compact's Business Action Pledge on Ebola Elimination.
- At Chirano, we reached an out-of-court settlement with a group of farmers regarding compensation related to the original development of the Chirano mine.
- On a global level, we provided significant employment in host communities with 98% of our workforce represented by people from within country. In the communities where we live and work, we engaged directly with over 90,500 stakeholders to maintain dialogue, to address issues of mutual interest and concern, and to understand and identify priorities for community investment. In 2014, Kinross' operations contributed to 687 local community programs, initiatives and events benefitting over 800,000 people. There were zero disruptions to our operations arising from community opposition.

All of our published reports and data are available online at http://www.kinross.com/corporate-responsibility.aspx.

We remain committed to supporting the principles of the UN Global Compact, and will continue to focus on maintaining and exceeding the high standards we have set in key areas of health and safety, environment, governance and community. By managing our operations responsibly and respectably, we will continue to generate sustainable value for our shareholders, our employees and the communities where we operate.

J. Paul Rollinson

President and Chief Executive Officer, Kinross Gold Corporation

2014 Performance Highlights

Kinross' Guiding Principle	Metrics	2013	2014		2014 Highlights
Employee Safety We put people first and our	Zero Fatalities (number)	0	0	✓	Kinross achieved best safety performance in Company history
number one priority is the safety of every employee.	Reduced Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR)	0.43 [A]	0.38	√	 Achieved a 10% reduction in TRIFR in 2014 over 2013
2. Business Ethics We maintain the highest standards of corporate governance, ethics and honesty in all of our dealings, and operate in	Corporate, regional, and site management anti-corruption training in the last two years	100%	100%	√	We updated our Board Diversity Policy and established (and attained) a board target of 33% for women directors
compliance with the law wherever we work.	Substantiated cases of corruption (number)	0	0	✓	
3. Stakeholder Engagement We promote an ongoing dialogue and engagement with	Stakeholders engaged, per day per operation	29	31	✓	We engaged 90,500 stakeholders through active dialogue and community consultation
stakeholders in the communities where we operate, maintained	Grievance investigations (number)	27	18		
in a spirit of transparency and good faith.	(Resolved within target time frame)	89%	83%	V	
4. Protecting the Environment We exercise utmost vigilance in protecting the environment and seek ways to minimize our environmental footprint wherever we operate. We will always meet,	Water intensity rate (L/tonne of ore processed)	356 ^[A]	341	✓	Five of our eight operating sites reduced annual consumption and withdrawal volumes. Maricunga, operating in the water-stressed Atacama region in Chile, achieved a 22% reduction in water consumption, the best in the Company
and where possible exceed, regulatory requirements in our environmental performance.	 Energy intensity rate (MJ/tonne of ore processed) 	116 ^[A]	120 ^[A]	×	 Although we used less energy in total, on a per tonne basis the intensity of energy use increased
	 GHG intensity rate (kg CO₂e/tonne of ore processed) 	8.9 ^[A]	10.1 ^[A]	×	 Total GHG emissions increased by 2.6%, primarily due to a change in our electricity supply mix at Paracatu, shifting from hydro to carbon-intensive supply. Excluding that change, GHG
	 Non-mineral waste intensity (kg/tonne of ore processed) 	0.22 ^[A]	0.17	✓	emissions at other sites decreased by 9% over the previous year
	Waste recycling rate	36% ^[A]	42%	✓	 The amount of mineral waste generated decreased by 21% and non-mineral waste decreased by 32% compared with 2013
5. Responsible Investment We consider all aspects of an operation or new project – including social, environmental, and post-closure issues – in making our investment decisions.	Kettle River-Buckhorn (KRB) Closure	n/a	n/a	✓	Advanced a comprehensive social closure plan for KRB working with local authorities, stakeholders and delivered training for local businesses in anticipation of mine closure in 2016

Kinross' Guiding Principle	Metrics	2013	2014		2014 Highlights
6. Human Rights and Indigenous Peoples We conduct all of our activities in accordance with accepted standards in the protection and promotion of human rights. We respect the cultural and historical	Substantiated allegations of human rights violations (number) Percentage of security workforce that	0 81%	0 100%	✓	We reached an out-of-court settlement with farmers seeking compensation for crops disturbed during the initial construction of the Chirano mine in Ghana. The claim dates to 2007, prior to Kinross' ownership of the mine, and had been held up in the courts
perspectives and rights of those affected by our operations, in particular indigenous peoples.	completed Human Rights Adherence and Verification Program training				
7. Employer of Choice	Turnover – involuntary	13.7%	6.8%	$\overline{\langle}$	Regions launched a new Human
We provide a rewarding and meaningful livelihood to our	Turnover – voluntary	5.7%	5.3%		Resources Information System • Launched a five-year leadership
employees and strive to be an employer of choice.	Workforce from host country	97.2%	98%	✓	development strategy
8. Local Sourcing	Host country	74%	77%	(\)	Rolled out supplier pre-qualification
We seek to maximize employment, business and economic opportunities for local communities from our existing operations and new projects.	procurement, % of total spend				program for smaller and local regional suppliers to better evaluate suppliers in terms of safety, worker treatment and capability, including certifications/ qualifications
9. Sustainable Communities We provide lasting benefits to the communities where we work by supporting sustainable initiatives to develop their social, economic, and	Local ¹ component of total benefit footprint (% value distributed locally)	26	23	×	Local payments to governments and local wages increased, but local procurement decreased as a result of cost-cutting measures across the Company. As noted above, the amount
institutional fabric. We recognize that every community is unique	Community contributions including	\$14.0	\$9.9	\checkmark	of in-country procurement slightly increased, on a percentage basis
and we work with our community partners to ensure that our support matches their priorities.	cash and estimated in-kind (millions, and as % of EBITDA excluding impairment)	1.1%	1.0%		We reached over 800,000 beneficiaries through 687 community programs, initiatives and events through cash and in-kind contributions
					64% of donations made had measurable community based outcomes
10. Participate in Global Corporate Responsibility	UN Global Compact (UNGC)	n/a	n/a	✓	Participated in development of second WGC value distribution report
Dialogue	Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative				Issued Conflict-Free Gold Report for 2014
We maintain an active engagement and dialogue with our global industry peers, associations, governments, and civil society on CSR best practices and evolving	(EITI) • Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP)				Kinross participated in the Ebola Private Sector Mobilization Group and signed the UN Global Compact Business Action Pledge on Ebola
global standards.	World Gold Council (WGC)				Supported and participated in
	 Devonshire Initiative International Network for Acid Prevention (INAP) 				the International Network for Acid Prevention and Industry Advisory Group to the International Cyanide Management Institute

^{1 &}quot;Local" refers to the appropriate "local" administrative unit (this varies by site but generally corresponds to municipality, county, or district)

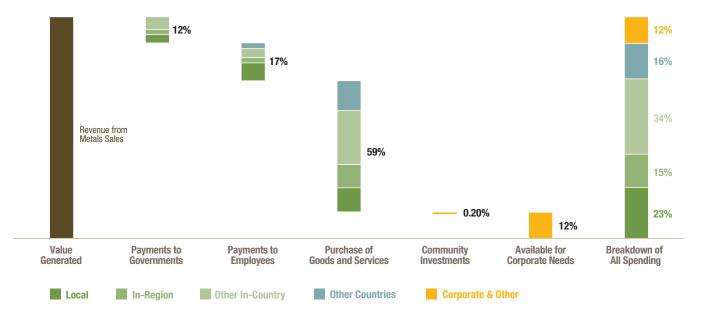
2014 Distribution of Economic Value 1 (\$ millions)

Payments to Governments

2014	Revenue	Royalties & Fees	Income & Corporate Tax	Duties, Other	Total to Gov't	In-Country Suppliers ²	In-Country Wages ³	Community 4	Out-Of- Country Suppliers	Economic Value Retained ⁵
Brazil	644.3	63.1	6.0	6.2	75.3	406.3	72.2	1.7	88.4	0.4
Chile	316.4	0.0	(6.0)	2.0	(4.0)	133.6	72.7	0.6	6.1	107.4
Ghana	354.9	19.1	47.6	0.0	66.7	142.0	42.2	1.6	48.9	53.5
Mauritania	319.8	10.2	15.4	14.2	39.8	241.6	55.3	1.1	169.5	(187.5)
Russia	947.5	52.4	82.7	41.8	176.9	211.5	99.5	1.0	148.2	310.4
USA	883.4	1.9	37.4	13.6	52.9	451.9	165.5	1.0	3.3	208.8
Corporate	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.2	93.5	178.5 ⁶	1.4	43.8	(319.4)
Total	3,466.3	146.7	185.3	77.8	409.8	1,680.4	685.9	8.4	508.2	173.6

- 1 In 2014, Kinross reported adjusted net earnings from continuing operations of \$131.1 million on revenue of \$3,466.3 million. Operating costs were \$2,398.6 million and payments to providers of capital were \$82.4 million. The distribution of economic value shown above also includes capitalized expenditures of \$570.0 million. For a complete account of Kinross'2014 Financial Performance, see our 2014 Financial Statements in the 2014 Annual Report.
- 2 Suppliers registered as tax-paying businesses in the host country are considered to be in-country suppliers.
- 3 In-country wages reported by country include payments made to nationals and exclude payments to expatriates (which are reported under "Corporate 6"). Total employee compensation, as shown in the above table, was \$685.9 million.
- 4 Community investments include donations and investments in non-core infrastructure.
- 5 Economic value retained indicates returns to the Company, negative totals in this column indicate areas where operating and capitalized spending exceeded revenue.
- 6 In this table, corporate wages shown include all wages paid at corporate offices as well as wages paid to expatriate employees at operations.

2014 Benefit Footprint 1



1 Percentages shown are in relation to total revenue by the Company.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Aggregate Corporate Performance Data 1,2,3,4

	2014		2013		2012	2011	2010
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	135,285,000		150,251,000		145,445,000	126,912,000	106,674,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	2,710,390		2,631,092		2,617,813	2,543,790	2,259,327
Safety ⁵ (100% basis)							
Lost-time Injury Frequency Rate	0.05		0.08		0.08	0.29	0.24
Fatal Injuries	0		0		2	1	1
Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate	0.38		0.43	[A]	0.56	0.93	0.86
Environmental							
General (100% basis)							
Number of Regulatory Actions	0		8		2	2	2
Fines (US\$)	116,000		107,000		273,000	2,700	22,000
Number of Major Spills	1		6		5	10	7
Energy/Greenhouse Gas							
Total Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)	16,291,000	[A]	17,435,000	[A]	16,619,000	14,469,000	10,915,000
Direct Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)	10,262,000	[A]		[A]	10,727,000	9,153,000	5,997,000
Indirect Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)	6,029,000	[A]	6,377,000	[A]	5,892,000	5,316,000	4,918,000
Energy Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed							
(Megajoules/Tonne)	120	[A]	•	[A]	114	113	102
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) ⁶ (Tonnes CO ₂ e)	1,372,000	[A]	1,337,000	[A]	1,244,000	1,220,000	954,000
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per Tonne of Ore							
Processed (Kilograms CO ₂ e/Tonne)	10.1	[A]] 8.9	[A]	8.6	9.6	8.9
Water Use ⁷							
Total Water Withdrawn - Groundwater (m³)	11,859,000		10,860,000		8,465,000	8,187,000	8,079,000
Total Water Withdrawn - Surface Water (m³)	16,759,000		20,756,000		14,507,000	11,945,000	10,163,000
Total Water Withdrawn - Precipitation Captured (m ³)	34,440,000		51,823,000		13,574,000	30,016,000	20,521,000
Total Water Withdrawn - Salt/Brackish Water (m³)	4,206,000		5,671,000		6,120,000	5,924,000	2,045,000
Net Changes in Water Storage ⁸ (m ³)	15,137,000		30,686,000		(9,461,524)	n/r	n/ı
Total Water Discharged - Groundwater (m ³)	2,244,000		2,096,000		1,709,000	1,709,000	1,270,000
Total Water Discharged - Surface Water (m ³)	3,542,000		3,040,000		2,790,000	2,114,000	1,053,000
Total Water Consumed ⁹ (m ³)	46,341,000		53,288,000	[A]	47,628,000	41,915,000	36,345,000
Water Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed (Litres/Tonne)	341		356	[A]	327	329	339 ¹
Recycled Water Percentage (%) ¹¹	83		82		78		
Significant Materials Use							
Diesel Fuel (m ³)	241,000		260,800		261,000	237,600	144,600
Heavy Fuel Oil (m ³)	19,000		10,000		12,000	10,000	C
Cyanide (Tonnes as CN)	31,800		27,100		33,000	15,600	11,200
Lime (Tonnes)	222,700		189,000		192,000	168,200	94,800
Blasting Agents (Tonnes)	51,500		77,000		72,000	58,300	40,000

[[]A] Metrics marked with the assurance symbol have been assured by KPMG. 2013 assurance pertained to material environmental and safety data reported in Kinross' 2013 CR Report. See 2013 Independent Limited Assurance Report. 2014 assurance pertained to 2014 energy and GHG data reported to the Carbon Disclosure Project.

n/r = not reported

As 2014 is a non-reporting year in Kinross' biennial CR reporting cycle, additional 2014 environmental and safety data was not assured. See 2014 Independent Limited Assurance Report.

¹ All figures are reported from continuing operations unless otherwise noted.

² All figures are reported based on Kinross' percent of ownership (Kupol 75% up to April 27, 2011, 100% thereafter, Chirano 90% and Round Mountain 50%).

³ Figures shown are rounded and may not add up due to rounding.

⁴ Aggregated data from 2010-2013 includes La Coipa.

⁵ Frequency rates in all safety data are for 200,000 hours worked and represent data for both employees and contractors.

⁶ Scope 3 emissions for 2014 were 208,000 tonnes CO2e [A]. Scope 3 emissions were previously presented within the analysis of GHG emissions section of Kinross' 2013 Corporate Responsibility Report.

⁷ Because of the remote location of most operations, municipal water use is minimal and not reported.

⁸ Kinross began tracking this indicator in 2012.

⁹ The methodology consists of total water withdrawn less discharges and changes in on-site water storage.

¹⁰ Based on Kinross's share of ownership and excludes tonnes of ore processed from Tasiast and Chirano, which were acquired in September 2010.

¹¹ In 2014, Kinross modified the Water Recycling calculation. Water Recycled Percentage is the water recycled as a percentage of the sum of the water consumed plus recycled. Data for 2012-2013 has been revised according to the improved methodology.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Aggregate Corporate Performance Data

	2014	2013		2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)						
Wastes						
Mineral Wastes						
Waste Rock Mined (Tonnes)	98,563,000	135,466,000	[A]	174,043,000	149,805,000	77,590,000
Tailings Produced (Tonnes)	73,628,000	83,251,000	[A]	86,064,000	72,721,000	68,763,000
Non-Mineral Wastes						
Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)	492	497	[A]	462	629	924
Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)	579	616	[A]	2,434	1,195	421
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)	9,485	16,824	[A]	6,255	22,313 ¹²	7,699
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)	2,865	3,567	[A]	1,642	2,324	1,935
Recycled Wastes (Tonnes) ¹³	9,622	12,239	[A]	11,942	10,579	6,158
Land Status ¹⁴ (100% basis)						
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at beginning of reporting						
year (ha)	15,118	14,855		14,228	9,140 ¹⁵	7,128
Land newly disturbed during reporting period (ha)	554	448		740	5,215	370
Land reclaimed during reporting year (ha)	57	185		113	127	162
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at end of reporting year						
(ha)	15,615	15,118		14,855	14,228	7,336
Protected Habitat (ha)	7,801	7,791		7,774	4,441	4,332

¹² Includes a one-time amount of 15,981 tonnes of petroleum-contaminated soils at Round Mountain, which had been stored in mine site bioremediation cells. In 2011, these soils were characterized as non-hazardous waste and disposed of in aemitted on-site facility.

¹³ Non-mineral recycled wastes includes oil that is burned on Kinross' sites for heating. It also includes tires that are sent off site to be recycled.

¹⁴ Land status reporting was modified to show the current balance of land disturbed.

¹⁵ Includes the addition of 1,804 ha from the acquisition of the Taisast and Chirano operations.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Operations					
Fort Knox					
Mining Method: Open Pit					
Processing Method: Carbon-in-pulp (CIP), gravity, heap leach					
Employees	649	625	555	517	497
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	39,386,000	42,419,000	43,153,000	31,078,000	25,735,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	379,453	421,641	359,948	289,794	349,729
Round Mountain					
Mining Method: Open Pit					
Processing Method: Heap leach, carbon-in-leach (CIL), gravity					
Employees	899	871	839	763	715
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	13,013,000	10,797,000	10,335,000	15,515,000	15,174,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	169,839	162,826	192,330	187,444	184,554
Kettle-River Buckhorn					
Mining Method: Underground					
Processing Method: Carbon-in-leach					
Employees	214	229	234	226	217
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	394,000	404,000	405,000	443,000	436,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	123,382	150,157	156,093	175,292	198,810
Safety (100% basis)					
Lost-time Injury Frequency Rate					
Fort Knox	0.12	0.00	0.12	0.14	0.00
Round Mountain	0.10	0.09	0.20	0.00	0.12
Kettle River	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.32
Fatal Injuries					
Fort Knox	0	0	0	1	0
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	0	0	0	0
Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate					
Fort Knox	0.84	1.07	0.47	1.35	0.53
Round Mountain	1.25	0.85	0.49	1.27	0.96
Kettle River	0.35	0.54	0.53	1.38	0.64

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental					
General (100% basis)					
Number of Regulatory Actions					
Fort Knox	0	1	0	0	0
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	1	1	1	2
Fines Paid (US\$)					
Fort Knox	0	0	0	0	0
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	0	260,000 ¹⁶	0	22,000
Number of Major Spills					
Fort Knox	0	0	1	1	1
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	0	0	0	0
Energy/Greenhouse Gas					
Total Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Fort Knox	3,396,000	3,208,000	2,807,000	2,327,000	2,370,000
Round Mountain	1,279,000	1,263,000	1,237,000	1,313,000	1,200,000
Kettle River	346,000	355,000	393,000	346,000	305,000
Direct Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Fort Knox	2,366,000	2,204,000	1,830,000	1,413,000	1,455,000
Round Mountain	999,000	948,000	923,000	1,022,000	925,000
Kettle River	186,000	193,000	234,000	191,000	160,000
Indirect Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Fort Knox	1,030,000	1,005,000	976,000	914,000	915,000
Round Mountain	280,000	315,000	314,000	291,000	276,000
Kettle River	160,000	162,000	159,000	155,000	145,000
Energy Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed					
(Megajoules/Tonne)					
Fort Knox	86	76	65	75	92
Round Mountain	98	117	120	85	79
Kettle River	877	880	969	781	700
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) (Tonnes CO ₂ e)					
Fort Knox	455,000	417,000	362,000	243,000	250,000
Round Mountain	109,000	127,000	116,000	107,000	101,000
Kettle River	14,000	14,000	16,000	31,000	29,000
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per Tonne of Ore	,	,	,	, -	,
Processed (Kilograms CO ₂ e/Tonne)					
Fort Knox	11.5	9.8	8.4	7.8	10.0
Round Mountain	8.4	11.7	11.2	6.9	7.0
Kettle River	34.4	34.7	40.6	71.1	66.0

¹⁶ Buckhorn entered into a Settlement Agreement and Consent Order (Agreement) on June 29, 2013 with the Washington Department of Ecology for alleged compliance matters in 2011 through the date of the Agreement related to water management. The Agreement includes a fine of \$80,000 and \$180,000 of supplemental environmental remediation projects within the Buckhorn vicinity. The Agreement also stipulates other procedural and water quality protection activities.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Water Use					
Total Water Withdrawn - Groundwater (m³)					
Fort Knox	4,558,000	2,555,000	1,606,000	1,660,000	2,343,000
Round Mountain	4,747,000	5,411,000	3,883,000	3,947,000	3,340,000
Kettle River	166,000	232,000	264,000	242,000	215,000
Total Water Withdrawn - Surface Water (m ³)					
Fort Knox	1,659,000	2,449,000	99,000	197,000	151,000
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	0	0	0	0
Total Water Withdrawn - Precipitation Captured (m ³)					
Fort Knox	5,506,000	2,732,000	1,553,000	1,938,000	2,263,000
Round Mountain	656,000	566,000	202,000	163,000	166,000
Kettle River	130,000	99,000	172,000	62,000	63,000
Net Changes in Water Storage (m ³)					
Fort Knox	4,822,200	(633,022)	(1,149,727)	n/r	n/r
Round Mountain	(298)	1,455	3,153	n/r	n/r
Kettle River	11,200	(58,500)	(11,500)	n/r	n/r
Total Water Discharged - Groundwater (m³)					
Fort Knox	0	0	0	0	0
Round Mountain	2,254,000	1,513,000	1,136,000	1,136,000	749,000
Kettle River	0	145,000	184,000	211,000	163,000
Total Water Discharged - Surface Water (m ³)					
Fort Knox ¹⁷	0	0	0	0	0
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River ¹⁸	93,000	0	0	0	0
Total Water Consumed (m ³)	00,000			ŭ	
Fort Knox	6,901,000	8,369,000	4,407,000	4,808,000	5,042,200
Round Mountain	3,149,000	4,463,000	2,947,000	1,404,000	1,887,000
Kettle River	192,000	245,000	263,000	206,000	181,000
Water Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed (Litres/Tonne)	.02,000	2.0,000	200,000	200,000	,
Fort Knox	175	197	102	155	196
Round Mountain	242	413	285	90	124
Kettle River	488	606	651	466	416
Recycled Water Percentage	400	000	001	400	410
Fort Knox	88	83	88		
Round Mountain	90	83	88		
Kettle River	57	82	65		

¹⁷ Significant increase in water stored during 2014 due to a record rainfall season.

¹⁸ Water discharges at Kettle River were reclassified as "surface water discharges" by Washington state authorities in 2014.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

- Nogional i orio manoo bata Mortin America	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Land Status (100% basis)					
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at beginning of reporting					
year (hectares)					
Fort Knox	1,627	1,551	1,501	1,489	1,450
Round Mountain	3,052	3,027	2,864	2,098	2,036
Kettle River	82	80	80	80	85
Closed Operations	38	44	50	53	81
Disturbance during reporting year (hectares)					
Fort Knox	24	76	50	12	39
Round Mountain	40	25	163	766	62
Kettle River	0	3	0	0	0
Closed Operations	0	0	0	0	0
Reclamation during reporting year (hectares)					
Fort Knox	0	0	0	0	0
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	1	0	0	5
Closed Operations	11	6	6	3	28
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at end of reporting year		· ·	Ü		
(hectares)					
Fort Knox	1,651	1,627	1,551	1,501	1,489
Round Mountain	3.092	3,052	3,027	2,864	2,098
Kettle River	82	82	80	80	80
Closed Operations	27	38	44	50	53
Protected Habitat (hectares)	21	30	77	30	33
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	223	223	223	223	223
Significant Materials Use	223	223	223	223	223
•					
Diesel Fuel (m³)	00.000	FF 700	47.000	00.400	00.400
Fort Knox	60,300	55,700	47,600	39,400	39,100
Round Mountain	25,100	11,200	23,000	27,800	24,200
Kettle River	3,000	3,000	3,700	3,400	3,300
Cyanide (Tonnes as CN)					
Fort Knox	1,664	1,318	1,120	1,021	298
Round Mountain	6,997	4,145	6,505	3,282	1,577
Kettle River	1,012	846	1,067	898	522
Lime (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	11,805	10,625	10,839	7,568	2,462
Round Mountain	38,473	15,071	27,111	32,257	26,325
Kettle River	661	684	822	1,223	997
Blasting Agents (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	9,651	12,991	12,991	5,800	7,483
Round Mountain	4,071	6,568	6,060	4,942	5,648
Kettle River	613	625	538	831	641

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Wastes					
Mineral Wastes					
Waste Rock Mined (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	29,783,000	35,772,000	31,325,000	23,311,000	18,679,000
Round Mountain	15,623,000	26,614,000	20,340,000	15,029,000	18,717,000
Kettle River	184,000	136,000	101,000	171,000	82,200
Tailings Produced (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	11,892,000	12,668,000	11,746,000	13,418,000	17,962,000
Round Mountain	1,640,000	1,812,000	1,812,000	1,421,000	1,996,000
Kettle River	434,000	404,000	405,000	443,000	436,000
Non-Mineral Wastes					
Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	0	0	0	0	0
Round Mountain	0	0	0	0	0
Kettle River	0	0	1	1	1
Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	2	3	2	9	2
Round Mountain	2 2 7	0	5	2	3
Kettle River	7	5	6	5	5
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	276	427	0	0	22
Round Mountain	2,534	2,534	2,060	16,784 ¹⁹	793
Kettle River	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	60	232	39	653	240
Round Mountain	21	3	10	19	5
Kettle River	300	334	1	16	505
Recycled Wastes (Tonnes)					
Fort Knox	1,743	2,112	1,671	965	1,760
Round Mountain	1,553	662	714	1,204	940
Kettle River	913	504	554	346	346

¹⁹ Includes a one-time amount of 15,981 tonnes of petroleum-contaminated soils, which had been stored in mine site bioremediation cells.

In 2011 these soils were characterized as non-hazardous waste and disposed of in a permitted on-site facility.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Operations					
Paracatu - Brazil					
Mining Method: Open Pit					
Processing Method: Flotation, carbon-in-leach, gravity					
Employees	1,422	1,391	1,291	1,245	900
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	51,397,000	55,699,000	52,976,000	44,532,000	42,658,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	521,026	500,380	466,709	453,396	482,397
Maricunga - Chile					
Mining Method: Open Pit					
Processing Method: Heap leach					
Employees	698	640	456	474	465
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	16,018,000	15,058,000	15,193,000	15,258,000	14,267,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	247,216	187,815	236,369	236,249	156,590
La Coipa - Chile ²⁰					
Mining Method: Open Pit					
Processing Method: Mill, Merrill-Crowe					
Employees	17	100	428	443	414
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	0	4,525,000	5,441,000	4,278,000	4,445,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	0	162,405	178,867	178,287	196,330
Safety (100% basis)					
Lost-time Injury Frequency Rate					
Paracatu	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.14	0.09
Maricunga	0.13	0.12	0.20	0.48	0.66
La Coipa	0	0.45	0	0.29	0
Fatal Injuries					
Paracatu	0	0	0	0	0
Maricunga	0	0	0	0	0
La Coipa	0	0	0	0	0
Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate		•		_	
Paracatu	0.33	0.44	0.49	0.76	0.46
Maricunga	0.40	0.18	0.29	0.63	0.66
La Coipa	0.10	0.56	0.23	0.50	0.00

²⁰ Operations were suspended in 2013, data are provided for safety only.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental					
General (100% basis)					
Number of Regulatory Actions					
Paracatu	0	3	0	0	0 21
Maricunga	0	1	0	0	0
La Coipa	0	2	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	1	0
Fines Paid (US\$)					
Paracatu	62,700	67,634	0	0	0
Maricunga	51,113	38,180	0	0	0
La Coipa	0	0	0	0	0
Other	2,510	0	0	2,700	0
Number of Major Spills					
Paracatu	0	0	1	1	2
Maricunga	0	5	1	0	0
La Coipa	0	0	0	1	0
Energy/Greenhouse Gas					
Total Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Paracatu	4,653,000	4,485,000	3,950,000	3,327,000	3,110,000
Maricunga	1,263,000	1,274,000	1,287,000	1,269,000	1,127,000
Direct Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Paracatu	896,000	847,000	824,000	756,000	587,000
Maricunga	841,000	888,000	941,000	970,000	834,000
Indirect Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Paracatu	3,757,000	3,638,000	3,125,000	2,571,000	2,523,000
Maricunga	422,000	385,000	346,000	300,000	294,000
Energy Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed					
(Megajoules/Tonne)					
Paracatu	91	81	75	75	73
Maricunga	79	85	85	83	79
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Tonnes CO ₂ e) (Scope 1 and 2)					
Paracatu	303,000	159,000	120,000	244,000	230,000
Maricunga	111,000	111,000	106,000	108,000	100,000
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per Tonne of Ore					
Processed (Kilograms CO ₂ e/Tonne)					
Paracatu	5.9	2.9	2.3	5.5	5.0
Maricunga	7.0	7.4	7.0	7.1	7.0

²¹ The 2010 alleged Notice of Violation was successfully appealed in May 2013.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Water Use					
Total Water Withdrawn - Groundwater (m ³)					
Paracatu	0	0	0	1,900	30,100
Maricunga	2,253,000	2,399,000	2,557,000	2,186,000	2,122,000
Total Water Withdrawn - Surface Water (m ³)					
Paracatu	14,200,000	17,455,000	13,548,000	10,701,000	9,749,000
Maricunga	0	0	0	0	0
Total Water Withdrawn - Precipitation Captured (m ³)					
Paracatu	25,403,000	46,706,000	10,352,000	26,322,000	17,618,000
Maricunga	0	0	0	17,100	n/r
Total Water Withdrawn - Salt/Brackish Water (m ³)					
Paracatu	0	0	0	0	0
Maricunga	0	0	0	0	0
Net Changes in Water Storage (m ³)					
Paracatu ²²	8,725,000	30,427,605	(7,913,872)	0	0
Maricunga	(15,000)	4,273	(33,395)	0	0
Total Water Discharged - Groundwater (m ³)					
Paracatu	0	0	0	0	0
Maricunga ²³	53,000	37,445	0	0	0
Total Water Discharged - Surface Water (m³)					
Paracatu	3,053,000	2,973,000	2,788,000	1,954,000	1,051,000
Maricunga ²⁴	82,000	64,000	0	0	0
Total Water Consumed (m ³)					
Paracatu	27,826,000	30,760,000	29,025,000	37,041,670	33,245,753
Maricunga	2,133,000	2,293,000	2,591,000	2,473,000	1,965,000
Water Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed (Litres/Tonne)					
Paracatu	541	552	548	832	779
Maricunga	133	152	171	162	138
Recycled Water Percentage					
Paracatu	76	76	75		
Maricunga	89	91	89		

²² Severe drought conditions at Paracatu resulted in significantly less water sent to storage.

²³ Treated water discharged to septic leach fields.

²⁴ Irrigatiion water for the Vega Pantanillo Ancho wetlands.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Land Status (100% basis)					
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at beginning of reporting year (hectares)					
Paracatu	2,131	2,181	2,052	1,744	1,680
Maricunga	967	925	871	834	756
Disturbance during reporting year (hectares)	001	020	07.1	001	700
Paracatu	84	125	214	382	190
Maricunga	1	42	54	37	78
Reclamation during reporting year (hectares)	·		0.	0.	
Paracatu	37	175	85	74	126
Maricunga	0	0	0	0	0
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at end of reporting year (hectares)			-		
Paracatu	2,178	2,131	2,181	2,052	1,744
Maricunga	968	967	925	871	834
Protected Habitat (hectares)					
Paracatu	7,439	7,439	7,439	4,035	4,079
Maricunga	27	27	27	27	27
Significant Materials Use					
Diesel Fuel (m ³)					
Paracatu	23,477	22,200	21,600	25,000	15,900
Maricunga	20,125	21,500	22,800	25,000	21,000
Cyanide (Tonnes as CN)	-, -	,	,	-,	,
Paracatu	2,696	2,064	1,888	804	745
Maricunga	10,667	9,348	12,163	4,663	5,162
Lime (Tonnes)					
Paracatu	4,647	5,866	19,451	5,924	5,767
Maricunga ²⁵	133,313	96,631	78,800	73,612	41,538
Blasting Agents (Tonnes)	,	,	,	•	, -
Paracatu	12,593	11,978	10,379	9,058	7,796
Maricunga	4,037	12,168	8,367	7,276	10,002

²⁵ Changes in ore type, pH control and stockpiling caused an increase in lime purchases.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Wastes					
Mineral Wastes					
Waste Rock Mined (Tonnes)					
Paracatu	8,762,000	3,386,000	8,695,000	10,758,000	1,460,000
Maricunga	1,082,000	6,245,000	9,647,000	15,290,000	13,752,000
Tailings Produced (Tonnes)					
Paracatu	51,397,000	55,699,000	53,995,000	44,532,000	42,658,000
Maricunga	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Mineral Wastes					
Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Paracatu	156	143	0	0	0
Maricunga ²⁶	313	292	389	584	0
Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Paracatu	265	255	352	580	279
Maricunga ²⁶	290	193	149	135	43
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Paracatu	681	480	133	1,762	2,417
Maricunga ²⁶	3,255	7,569	382	260	872
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)	,	,			
Paracatu	511	855	792	745	870
Maricunga ²⁶	501	1,053	0	0	0
Recycled Wastes (Tonnes)	00.	.,500		Ü	
Paracatu	1,724	3,185	5,300	4,224	859
Maricunga ²⁶	455		641	1,898	376

²⁶ Amount of non-mineral waste at Maricunga in 2013 was affected by a one-time disposal of scrap metal and other waste as part of a focused campaign to clean up contractors' work areas.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional Performance Data - Russia

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Operations					
Kupol and Dvoinoye					
Mining Method: Underground					
Processing Method: Merrill-Crowe					
Employees	2,094	1,500	1,229	1,154	1,092
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	1,665,000	1,435,000	1,299,000	1,140,000	872,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	751,101	550,188	578,252	587,048	554,008
Safety (100% basis)					
Lost-time Injury Frequency Rate					
Kupol	0.06	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.25
Dvoinoye	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00
Fatal Injuries					
Kupol	0	0	1	0	1
Dvoinoye	0	0	0	0	0
Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate					
Kupol	0.11	0.23	0.38	0.33	0.56
Dvoinoye	0.14	0.15	0.20	0.00	1.67
Environmental					
General (100% basis)					
Number of Regulatory Actions					
Kupol	0	0	1	0	0
Dvoinoye	0				
Fines Paid (US\$)					
Kupol	0	0	13,000	0	0
Dvoinoye	0				
Number of Major Spills					
Kupol	0	0	1	0	2
Dvoinoye	0				
Energy/Greenhouse Gas - Kupol ²⁷ and Dvoinoye					
Total Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)	2,161,000	2,031,000	1,724,000	1,457,000	1,143,000
Direct Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)	2,161,000	2,031,000	1,724,000	1,457,000	1,143,000
Indirect Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)	0	0	0	0	0
Energy Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed					
(Megajoules/Tonne)	1,298	1,416	1,327	1,288	1,300
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Tonnes CO ₂ e) (Scope 1 and 2)	153,318	144,000	122,000	103,000	83,818
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per Tonne of Ore		,000	,000	, - 3 3	,5.0
Processed (Kilograms CO ₂ e/Tonne)	92.1	100.2	94.0	91.1	96.0
77 All (1)	32.1	100.2	34.0	31.1	30.0

²⁷ All of the ore from Kupol and Dvoinoye is processed at Kupol, therefore, data for energy use and greenhouse gas emissions for both mines are reported together.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional Performance Data - Russia

- Togionari oriormanos bata Russia	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Water Use					
Total Water Withdrawn - Groundwater (m ³)					
Kupol	37,000	39,000	32,000	21,800	28,700
Dvoinoye	0				
Total Water Withdrawn - Surface Water (m ³)					
Kupol	315,000	315,000	392,000	319,000	263,000
Dvoinoye	43,000				
Total Water Withdrawn - Precipitation Captured (m³)					
Kupol	537,000	534,000	475,000	434,000	411,000
Dvoinoye	0				
Net Changes in Water Storage (m³)	40.000	570.000	222		
Kupol	18,000	570,000	203,000	0	0
Dvoinoye	0				
Total Water Discharged - Groundwater (m³)	0		0	0	0
Kupol	0	0	0	0	0
Dvoinoye	0				
Total Water Discharged - Surface Water (m³)	450.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4 500
Kupol	153,000	2,600	2,680	2,000	1,500
Dvoinoye	32,000				
Total Water Consumed (m ³) ²⁸	700 000	0.45.000	004.000	400.000	500 000
Kupol and Dvoinoye	729,000	315,000	694,000	490,000	582,000
Water Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed (Litres/Tonne) ²⁸					
Kupol and Dvoinoye	438	220	534	430	667
Recycled Water Percentage ²⁸					
Kupol and Dvoinoye	71	86	65		
Land Status (100% basis)					
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at beginning of reporting					
year (hectares)	4 000	4.050	4.044	4 000	4.040
Kupol	1,069	1,052	1,011	1,038	1,040
Dvoinoye	0	0	0	0	0
Disturbance during reporting year (hectares)	0	17	50	23	1
Kupol Dvoinoye	261	0	0	0	0
Reclamation during reporting year (hectares)	201	U	U	U	0
Kupol	0	0	9	50	3
Dvoinoye	5	0	0	0	0
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at end of reporting year	Ü	Ü	Ŭ	Ü	· ·
(hectares)					
Kupol	1,069	1,069	1,052	1,011	1,038
Dvoinoye	256	0	0	0	0
Protected Habitat (hectares)					
Kupol	0	0	0	0	0
Dvoinoye	0				
Significant Materials Use - Kupol and Dvoinoye ²⁹					
Diesel Fuel (m3)	55,000	43,000	43,000	37,000	28,700
Cyanide (Tonnes as CN)	1,860	1,720	1,580	704	557
Lime (Tonnes)	8,776	9,749	9,009	6,571	5,456
Blasting Agents (Tonnes)	2,944	1,907	2,556	3,439	1,907

²⁸ Dvoinoye's ore is processed at Kupol, so the total water consumed, rate of water consumed pero tonnes of ore processed and recycled water are reported for both sites together.

²⁹ Ore from Dvoinoye is processed at Kupol, so significant material use data is reported for both sites together.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional Performance Data - Russia

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Wastes					
Mineral Wastes					
Waste Rock Mined (Tonnes)					
Kupol	245,000	1,118,000	1,000,000	3,746,000	3,490,000
Dvoinoye	272,000				
Tailings Produced (Tonnes)					
Kupol and Dvoinoye	1,640,000	1,363,000	1,163,000	1,070,000	1,050,000
Non-Mineral Wastes					
Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Kupol	17	57	50	55	45
Dvoinoye	0				
Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Kupol	13	0	10	28	0
Dvoinoye	0				
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Kupol	1,247	2,175	2,160	1,828	1,767
Dvoinoye	205				
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Kupol	1,472	1,090	543	891	315
Dvoinoye	0				
Recycled Wastes (Tonnes)					
Kupol	1,861	375	375	375	554
Dvoinoye	148				

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional	Performance	Data -	West Africa
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Regional Performance Data - West Africa	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Operations					
Chirano - Ghana					
Mining Method: Open Pit and Underground					
Processing Method: Carbon-in-leach					
Employees	1,195	1,050	818	807	425
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	2,829,000	3,024,000	3,043,000	3,215,000	1,028,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	257,888	247,862	263,911	235,661	80,298
Tasiast - Mauritania					
Mining Method: Open Pit					
Processing Method: Carbon-in-leach, heap leach					
Employees ³⁰	1,419	1,495	1,608	1,130	689
Ore Processed (Tonnes)	10,584,000	16,890,000	13,600,000	11,454,000	2,059,000
Attributable Gold Production (Gold equivalent ounces)	260,485	247,818	185,334	200,619	56,611
Safety (100% basis)					
Lost-time Injury Frequency Rate					
Chirano	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.26
Tasiast	0.05	0.10	0.16	0.82	0.00
Tasiast Expansion and Exploration	0.00	0.05	0.00	1.18	
Fatal Injuries					
Chirano	0	0	1	0	0
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	0
Tasiast Expansion and Exploration	0	0	0	0	
Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate					
Chirano	0.28	0.27	0.40	1.34	1.95
Tasiast	0.34	0.58	1.61	1.30	2.44
Tasiast Expansion and Exploration	0 ³¹	0.30	0.63	1.38	
Environmental					
General (100% basis)					
Number of Regulatory Actions					
Chirano	0	0	0	0	0
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	0
Fines Paid (US\$)					
Chirano	0	0	0	0	0
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Major Spills					
Chirano	0	0	0	1	1
Tasiast	1	1	1	6	1

³⁰ Includes employees located at the regional office in Las Palmas, Spain.

³¹ No hours reported in 2014.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional Performance Data - West Africa

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Energy/Greenhouse Gas					
Total Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Chirano	724,000	730,000	791,000	1,128,000	136,000
Tasiast	2,469,000	3,403,000	3,331,000	1,917,000	353,000
Direct Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Chirano	344,000	320,000	387,000	745,000	10,000
Tasiast	2,469,000	3,403,000	3,331,000	1,917,000	353,000
Indirect Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)					
Chirano	380,000	409,000	404,000	383,000	126,000
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	0
Energy Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed					
(Megajoules/Tonne)	050	0.44	000	0.54	407
Chirano	256	241	260	351	137
Tasiast	233	201	245	167	162
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Tonnes CO ₂ e) (Scope 1 and 2)	47.000	47.000	==	444000	04.000
Chirano	47,000	47,000	57,000	114,000	21,000
Tasiast	180,000	246,000	241,000	138,000	26,000
Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and 2) per Tonne of Ore					
Processed (Kilograms CO ₂ e/Tonne)					
Chirano	16.7	15.7	19.0	36.0	21.0
Tasiast	17.0	14.6	18.0	12.0	12.0
Water Use					
Total Water Withdrawn - Groundwater (m³)					
Chirano	98,000	123,000	122,000	129,000	
Tasiast ³²	0	0	0	0	
Total Water Withdrawn - Surface Water (m ³)					
Chirano	542,000	537,000	468,000	727,000	
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	
Total Water Withdrawn - Precipitation Captured (m ³)					
Chirano	2,202,000	585,000	820,000	1,080,000	
Tasiast	5,000	600,000	0	0	
Total Water Withdrawn - Salt/Brackish Water (m ³)					
Chirano	0	0	0	0	
Tasiast	4,206,000	4,605,000	4,357,000	3,855,000	
Net Changes in Water Storage (m ³)					
Chirano	1,453,000	78,171	139,081	0	
Tasiast	123,185	270,328	(700,000)	0	
Total Water Discharged - Groundwater (m³)	-,	-,	(,,		
Chirano	0	0	0	0	
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	
Total Water Discharged - Surface Water (m ³)	· ·	Ŭ	0	O	
Chirano	66,000	0	0	157,000	
Tasiast	00,000	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	O	
Total Water Consumed (m ³) Chirano	1,324,000	1,167,000	1,272,000	1,807,000	
Tasiast	4,088,000		5,057,000	2,283,000	
	4,000,000	4,935,000	5,057,000	2,203,000	
Water Consumed per Tonne of Ore Processed (Litres/Tonne)	16.7	202	444	=00	
Chirano	468	386	418	562	
Tasiast	386	292	372	199	
Recycled Water Percentage	00	70	70		
Chirano	69	73	70		
Tasiast	64	60	43		

³² For Tasiast groundwater withdrawal, please refer to Salt/Brackish water category.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional Performance Data - West Africa

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Land Status (100% basis)					
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at beginning of reporting					
year (hectares)					
Chirano ^{33, 34}	2,659	2,660	2,651	1,646	
Tasiast ³³	3,493	3,335	3,148	158	
Disturbance during reporting year (hectares)	-,	.,	-,		
Chirano ³⁴	6	2	22	1,005	
Tasiast	138	158	187	2,990	
Reclamation during reporting year (hectares)				_,	
Chirano	4	3	13	0	
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	
Total land disturbed and not yet reclaimed at end of reporting year					
(hectares) 33, 34					
Chirano	2,661	2,659	2,660	2,651	
Tasiast	3,631	3,493	3,335	3,148	
Protected Habitat (hectares)	-,	2,122	-,	-,	
Chirano	112	112	112	116	
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	
Significant Materials Use					
Diesel Fuel (m ³)					
Chirano	9,000	8,400	10,200	20,200	
Tasiast	45,100	79,100	74,700	40,400	
Heavy Fuel Oil (m ³)					
Chirano	0	0	0	0	
Tasiast	18,800	9,900	12,300	10,000	
Cyanide (Tonnes as CN)	-,	.,	,	-,	
Chirano	442	509	628	353	
Tasiast	6,470	5,628	5,611	1,903	
Lime (Tonnes)					
Chirano	2,528	3,133	3,601	3,884	
Tasiast	22,522	31,190	26,410	22,769	
Blasting Agents (Tonnes)					
Chirano	1,295	1,310	3,853	4,479	
Tasiast	16,322	23,708	21,301	7,853	

³³ Chirano and Tasiast were acquired by Kinross in late 2010. The total disturbance shown in 2011 is the disturbed area at the time of the acquisition.

³⁴ Land disturbance data for Chirano has been updated and corrected for previous reporting years, based on an internal review of land status.

2014 CR DATA TABLES

Regional Performance Data - West Africa

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Environmental (continued)					
Wastes					
Mineral Wastes					
Waste Rock Mined (Tonnes)					
Chirano	4,624,000	4,038,000	12,253,000	19,411,000	
Tasiast	37,988,000	55,044,000	80,685,000	38,741,000	
Tailings Produced (Tonnes)					
Chirano	4,069,000	4,241,000	4,050,000	4,573,000	
Tasiast	2,556,000	2,503,000	7,451,000	2,600,000	
Non-Mineral Wastes					
Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Chirano	0	0	0	0	
Tasiast	6	5	22	0	
Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Chirano	0	0	419	327	
Tasiast	0	0	1,322	0	
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed On Site (Tonnes)					
Chirano	324	362	367	341	
Tasiast 35	963	2,551	-	-	
Non-Hazardous Waste Disposed Off Site (Tonnes)					
Chirano	0	0	257	0	
Tasiast	0	0	0	0	
Recycled Wastes (Tonnes)					
Chirano	283	724	-	-	
Tasiast	942	2,033	1,322	388	

³⁵ Tasiast began tracking this data in 2013.